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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

Aziz Patel,) No. CV 12-2150-PHX-RCB (LOA)

ORDER

Respondents.

Charles Ryan, et al.,
Respondents.

14 On October 9, 2012, Movant Aziz Patel, an inmate confined in the Arizona State
15 Prison Complex, Morey Unit, in Buckeye, Arizona, filed *pro se* a document captioned as
16 “Plaintiff’s Motion for Preliminary Injunction” (Motion) and a memorandum. (Doc. 1, 2.)
17 The Clerk of Court opened a civil case to facilitate consideration of the Motion although
18 Movant has not filed an action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, or either paid the \$350.00 civil action
19 filing fee or filed an Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* (Non-Habeas). The Court
20 will deny the Motion and dismiss this action without prejudice to commencing a *new* action
21 by filing a complaint on the court-approved form and either paying the \$350.00 filing fee or
22 submitting an Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* using the court-approved form.

I. Payment of Filing Fee

When bringing an action, a prisoner must either pay the \$350.00 filing fee in a lump sum or, if granted the privilege of proceeding *in forma pauperis*, pay the fee incrementally as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). An application to proceed *in forma pauperis* requires an affidavit of indigence and a *certified* copy of the inmate's trust account statement for the

1 six months preceding the filing of the Complaint. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2). An inmate must
2 submit statements from each institution where he was confined during the six-month period.
3 Id. To assist prisoners in meeting these requirements, the Court requires use of a form
4 application. LRCiv 3.4(a).

5 If a prisoner is granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, the Court will assess an
6 initial partial filing fee of 20% of either the average monthly deposits or the average monthly
7 balance in Plaintiff's account, whichever is greater. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). An initial
8 partial filing fee will only be collected when funds exist. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(4). The
9 balance of the fee will be collected in monthly payments of 20% of the preceding month's
10 income credited to an inmate's account, each time the amount in the account exceeds \$10.00.
11 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2).

12 **II. A Complaint Must Be Filed**

13 To invoke the jurisdiction of the federal courts, a litigant must satisfy the threshold
14 requirement imposed by Article III of the Constitution by presenting a live case or
15 controversy. See e.g., Jackson v. California Dep't of Mental Health, 399 F.3d 1069, 1071
16 (9th Cir. 2005) (citing Allen v. Wright, 468 U.S. 737, 750 (1984)). To satisfy the case or
17 controversy requirement for purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a prisoner must file a civil rights
18 complaint and allege facts to support that his civil rights have been violated by a defendant
19 acting under color of state law. Further, Local Rule of Civil Procedure (LRCiv) 3.4 provides
20 that an incarcerated person *must* file a complaint on the court-approved form. The form must
21 be completely filled in to the extent applicable with all questions answered clearly and
22 concisely in the appropriate space on the form. Further, the complaint, including additional
23 attached pages, may not exceed 22 pages.

24 **III. Motion for Injunctive Relief**

25 As noted above, Movant seeks injunctive relief. To obtain injunctive relief, the
26 moving party must show "that he is likely to succeed on the merits, that he is likely to suffer
27 irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of equities tips in his
28

1 favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest.” Winter v. Natural Res. Def. Council, Inc., 555 U.S. 7, 22 (2008); Am. Trucking Assoc., Inc. v. City of Los Angeles, 559 F.3d 1046, 1052 (9th Cir. 2009). In addition, the “serious questions” version of the sliding scale test for preliminary injunctions remains viable after the Supreme Court’s decision in Winter. Alliance for the Wild Rockies v. Cottrell, 632 F.3d 1127, 1134-35 (9th Cir. 2011). Under that test, a preliminary injunction is appropriate when a plaintiff demonstrates that “serious questions going to the merits were raised and the balance of hardships tips sharply in [plaintiff’s] favor.” Id. (citing Lands Council v. McNair, 537 F.3d 981, 987 (9th Cir. 2008) (en banc)). That approach requires that the elements of the preliminary injunction test be balanced, so that a stronger showing of one element may offset a weaker showing of another. “For example, a stronger showing of irreparable harm to plaintiff might offset a lesser showing of likelihood of success on the merits.” Alliance for the Wild Rockies, 632 F.3d at 1135. A plaintiff must also satisfy the other Winter factors, including the likelihood of irreparable harm. Id. The moving party has the burden of proof on each element of the test. Environmental Council of Sacramento v. Slater, 184 F. Supp. 2d 1016, 1027 (E.D. Cal. 2000). “No preliminary injunction shall be issued without notice to the adverse party.” Fed.R.Civ.P. 65(a)(1). Further, a temporary restraining order without notice may be granted *only* if the applicant certifies to the court in writing the efforts, if any, that he made to give notice and the reasons that notice should not be required. Fed.R.Civ.P. 65(b).

20 Movant asks the Court to issue an injunction requiring Arizona Department of
21 Corrections (ADC) officials to provide “proper cervical support” and a supportive mattress.
22 Movant states that he suffers from herniated disks and arthritis between C5 and C7. He
23 alleges that he is suffering “progressive nerve pain” that radiates into his arms, neck, and
24 back causing deterioration of dexterity and range of motion, which interferes with sleep and
25 causes him severe headaches.¹ (Doc. 1 at 5.) Movant also states that he has not yet fully
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27 ¹ Movant appends an October 23, 2011 letter from a Beverly Hills chiropractor
28 regarding his condition as well as copies of inmate letters and inmate letter responses, Health

1 exhausted prison grievance procedures.²

2 To seek injunctive or compensatory relief based upon prison officials' alleged
3 violation of his constitutional or federal statutory rights, Movant must commence an action
4 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. When bringing a § 1983 action, a prisoner must either pay the
5 \$350.00 filing fee in a lump sum or, if granted the privilege of proceeding *in forma pauperis*,
6 pay the fee incrementally as set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). As discussed above, Movant
7 has not filed a complaint, nor has he paid the filing fee or submitted an application to proceed
8 *in forma pauperis*. Consequently, no ostensible defendant has been served with a complaint
9 or appeared in this action. Movant also has not certified that he served a copy of the motion
10 on any respondent. The Court will deny Movant's Motion and dismiss this action without
11 prejudice to Movant commencing a *new* case pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and payment of
12 the filing fee or submission of an application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The Clerk of
13 Court will mail Movant the court-approved forms for filing a civil rights complaint and
14 Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* (Non-Habeas) to use in filing a *new* action
15 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

16 **IT IS ORDERED:**

17 (1) Movant's Motion for Preliminary Injunction is **denied** and this action is
18 **dismissed without prejudice** to commencing a new case by either paying the filing fee or
19 submitting an *in forma pauperis* application on the court-approved form and filing a

21 Needs Requests, grievances.
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23 ² The Prison Litigation Reform Act provides that a prisoner may not bring a lawsuit
24 with respect to prison conditions under § 1983 unless all available administrative remedies
25 have first been exhausted. See 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a); Vaden v. Summerhill, 449 F.3d 1047,
26 1050 (9th Cir. 2006); Brown v. Valoff, 422 F.3d 926, 934-35 (9th Cir. 2005). He must
27 complete the administrative review process in accordance with the applicable rules. See
28 Woodford v. Ngo, 548 U.S. 81, 92 (2006). Exhaustion is required for all suits about prison
life, Porter v. Nussle, 534 U.S. 516, 523 (2002), regardless of the type of relief offered
through the administrative process, Booth v. Churner, 532 U.S. 731, 741 (2001).

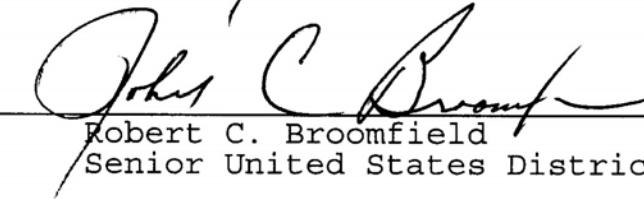
1 complaint on the court-approved form. (Doc. 1.)

2 (2) The Clerk of Court must enter judgment accordingly.

3 (3) The Clerk of Court must mail Plaintiff the court-approved forms for filing an
4 Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* (Non-Habeas) and civil rights complaint by a
5 prisoner.

6 (4) The docket shall reflect that the Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C.
7 § 1915(a)(3) and Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure 24(a)(3)(A), that any appeal of this
8 decision would not be taken in good faith.

9 DATED this 14th day of October, 2012.

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11 Robert C. Broomfield
12 Senior United States District Judge
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**Instructions for Prisoners Applying for Leave to Proceed *in Forma Pauperis*
Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915 in a Civil Action (Non-habeas) in Federal Court**

You must pay the full filing fee of \$350.00 for a civil action. If you later file an appeal, you will be obligated to pay the \$455.00 filing fee for the appeal.

If you have enough money to pay the full filing fee, you should send a cashier's check or money order payable to the Clerk of the Court with your complaint, petition, or notice of appeal.

If you do not have enough money to pay the full filing fee, you can file the action without prepaying the filing fee. However, the court will assess an initial partial filing fee. The initial partial filing fee will be the greater of 20% of the average monthly deposits or 20% of the average monthly balance in your prison or jail account for the six months immediately preceding the filing of the lawsuit. The court will order the agency that has custody of you to withdraw the initial partial filing fee from your prison or jail account as soon as funds are available and to forward the money to the court.

After the initial partial filing fee has been paid, you will owe the balance of the filing fee. Until the filing fee is paid in full, each month you will owe 20% of your preceding month's income. The agency that holds you in custody will collect that money and forward it to the court any time the amount in your account exceeds \$10.00. The balance of the filing fee may be collected even if the action is later dismissed, summary judgment is granted against you, or you fail to prevail at trial.

To file an action without prepaying the filing fee, and to proceed with an action *in forma pauperis*, you must complete the attached form and return it to the court with your complaint. You must have a prison or jail official complete the certificate on the bottom of the form and attach a certified copy of your prison or jail account statement for the last six months. If you were incarcerated in a different institution during any part of the past six months, you must attach a certificate and a certified copy of your account statement from each institution at which you were confined. If you submit an incomplete form or do not submit a prison or jail account statement with the form, your request to proceed *in forma pauperis* will be denied.

Even if some or all of the filing fee has been paid, the court is required to dismiss your action if: (1) your allegation of poverty is untrue; (2) the action is frivolous or malicious; (3) your complaint does not state a claim upon which relief can be granted; or (4) your complaint makes a claim against a defendant for money damages and that defendant is immune from liability for money damages.

If you file more than three actions or appeals which are dismissed as frivolous or malicious or for failure to state a claim on which relief can be granted, you will be prohibited from filing any other action *in forma pauperis* unless you are in imminent danger of serious physical injury.

Name and Prisoner/Booking Number

Place of Confinement

Mailing Address

City, State, Zip Code

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

I, _____, declare, in support of my request to proceed in the above entitled case without prepayment of fees under 28 U.S.C. § 1915, that I am unable to pay the fees for these proceedings or to give security therefor and that I believe I am entitled to relief.

In support of this application, I answer the following questions under penalty of perjury:

4. Do you have any other sources of income, savings, or assets either inside or outside of the institution where you are confined? Yes No

If "Yes," state the sources and amounts of the income, savings, or assets. _____

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above information is true and correct.

DATE

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT

CONSENT TO COLLECTION OF FEES FROM TRUST ACCOUNT

I, _____, hereby consent to having the designated correctional officials at this institution release to the Court my trust account information. I further consent to having the designated correctional officials at this institution withdraw from my trust account the funds required to comply with the order of this Court for the payment of filing fees in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b).

My consent includes withdrawal from my account by correctional officials of partial initial payments to this Court equal to 20% of the greater of:

- (A) the average monthly deposits to my account for the six-month period preceding my filing of this action, or
- (B) the average monthly balance in my account for the six-month period preceding my filing of this action.

My consent also includes monthly withdrawals from my account by correctional officials of an amount equal to 20% of each month's income. Whenever the amount in my account reaches \$10.00, correctional officials will withdraw that amount and forward it to the Court until the required filing fee is paid in full. I understand that I am liable for paying the entire fee, even if my case is dismissed by the Court before the fee is fully paid.

DATE

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTIONAL OFFICIAL AS TO STATUS OF APPLICANT'S TRUST ACCOUNT

I, _____, certify that as of the date applicant signed this application:
(Printed name of official)

The applicant's trust account balance at this institution is: \$ _____

The applicant's average monthly deposits during the prior six months is: \$ _____

The applicant's average monthly balance during the prior six months is: \$ _____

The attached certified account statement accurately reflects the status of the applicant's account.

DATE

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

TITLE/ID NUMBER

INSTITUTION

Instructions for a Prisoner Filing a Civil Rights Complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona

1. **Who May Use This Form.** The civil rights complaint form is designed to help incarcerated persons prepare a complaint seeking relief for a violation of their federal civil rights. These complaints typically concern, but are not limited to, conditions of confinement. **This form should not be used to challenge your conviction or sentence.** If you want to challenge a state conviction or sentence, you should file a petition under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in state custody. If you want to challenge a federal conviction or sentence, you should file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to vacate sentence in the federal court that entered the judgment.
2. **The Form.** **Local Rule of Civil Procedure (LRCiv) 3.4(a) provides that complaints by incarcerated persons must be filed on the court-approved form.** The form must be typed or neatly handwritten. The form must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. All questions must be answered clearly and concisely in the appropriate space on the form. If needed, you may attach additional pages, **but no more than fifteen additional pages**, of standard letter-sized paper. You must identify which part of the complaint is being continued and number all pages. If you do not fill out the form properly, you will be asked to submit additional or corrected information, which may delay the processing of your action. You do not need to cite law.
3. **Your Signature.** You must tell the truth and sign the form. If you make a false statement of a material fact, you may be prosecuted for perjury.
4. **The Filing Fee.** The filing fee for this action is \$350.00. If you are unable to immediately pay the filing fee, you may request leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Please review the “Information for Prisoners Seeking Leave to Proceed with a (Non-Habeas) Civil Action in Federal Court *In Forma Pauperis* Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915” for additional instructions.
5. **Original and Judge’s Copy.** You must send an **original plus one copy** of your complaint and of any other documents submitted to the Court. You must send one additional copy to the Court if you wish to have a file-stamped copy of the document returned to you. All copies must be identical to the original. Copies may be legibly handwritten.
6. **Where to File.** You should file your complaint in the division **where you were confined when your rights were allegedly violated.** See LRCiv 5.1(a) and 77.1(a). If you were confined in Maricopa, Pinal, Yuma, La Paz, or Gila County, file in the Phoenix Division. If you were confined in Apache, Navajo, Coconino, Mohave, or Yavapai County, file in the Prescott Division. If you were confined in Pima, Cochise, Santa Cruz, Graham, or Greenlee County, file in the Tucson Division. **Mail the original and one copy of the complaint with the \$350 filing fee or the application to proceed *in forma pauperis* to:**

<u>Phoenix & Prescott Divisions:</u>	OR	<u>Tucson Division:</u>
U.S. District Court Clerk		U.S. District Court Clerk
U.S. Courthouse, Suite 130		U.S. Courthouse, Suite 1500
401 West Washington Street, SPC 10		405 West Congress Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2119		Tucson, Arizona 85701-5010

7. **Change of Address.** You must immediately notify the Court and the defendants in writing of any change in your mailing address. **Failure to notify the Court of any change in your mailing address may result in the dismissal of your case.**

8. **Certificate of Service.** You must furnish the defendants with a copy of any document you submit to the Court (except the initial complaint and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*). Each original document (except the initial complaint and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*) must include a certificate of service on the last page of the document stating the date a copy of the document was mailed to the defendants and the address to which it was mailed. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a), (d). Any document received by the Court that does not include a certificate of service may be stricken. A certificate of service should be in the following form:

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing document was mailed
this _____ (month, day, year) to:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Attorney for Defendant(s)

(Signature)

9. **Amended Complaint.** If you need to change any of the information in the initial complaint, you must file an amended complaint. The amended complaint must be written on the court-approved civil rights complaint form. You may file one amended complaint without leave (permission) of Court before any defendant has answered your original complaint. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a). After any defendant has filed an answer, you must file a motion for leave to amend and lodge (submit) a proposed amended complaint. LRCiv 15.1. In addition, an amended complaint may not incorporate by reference any part of your prior complaint. LRCiv 15.1(a)(2). **Any allegations or defendants not included in the amended complaint are considered dismissed.** All amended complaints are subject to screening under the Prison Litigation Reform Act; screening your amendment will take additional processing time.

10. **Exhibits.** You should not submit exhibits with the complaint or amended complaint. Instead, the relevant information should be paraphrased. You should keep the exhibits to use to support or oppose a motion to dismiss, a motion for summary judgment, or at trial.

11. **Letters and Motions.** It is generally inappropriate to write a letter to any judge or the staff of any judge. The only appropriate way to communicate with the Court is by filing a written pleading or motion.

12. Completing the Civil Rights Complaint Form.

HEADING:

1. **Your Name.** Print your name, prison or inmate number, and institutional mailing address on the lines provided.
2. **Defendants.** If there are **four or fewer** defendants, print the name of each. If you name **more than four** defendants, print the name of the first defendant on the first line, write the words “and others” on the second line, and attach an additional page listing the names of **all** of the defendants. Insert the additional page after page 1 and number it “1-A” at the bottom.
3. **Jury Demand.** If you want a jury trial, you must write “JURY TRIAL DEMANDED” in the space below “CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT BY A PRISONER.” Failure to do so may result in the loss of the right to a jury trial. A jury trial is not available if you are seeking only injunctive relief.

Part A. JURISDICTION:

1. **Nature of Suit.** Mark whether you are filing the complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for state, county, or city defendants; “Bivens v. Six Unknown Federal Narcotics Agents” for federal defendants; or “other.” If you mark “other,” identify the source of that authority.
2. **Location.** Identify the institution and city where the alleged violation of your rights occurred.
3. **Defendants.** Print all of the requested information about each of the defendants in the spaces provided. If you are naming more than four defendants, you must provide the necessary information about each additional defendant on separate pages labeled “2-A,” “2-B,” etc., at the bottom. Insert the additional page(s) immediately behind page 2.

Part B. PREVIOUS LAWSUITS:

You must identify any other lawsuit you have filed in either state or federal court while you were a prisoner. Print all of the requested information about each lawsuit in the spaces provided. If you have filed more than three lawsuits, you must provide the necessary information about each additional lawsuit on a separate page. Label the page(s) as “2-A,” “2-B,” etc., at the bottom of the page and insert the additional page(s) immediately behind page 2.

Part C. CAUSE OF ACTION:

You must identify what rights each defendant violated. The form provides space to allege three separate counts (**one violation per count**). If you are alleging more than three counts, you must provide the necessary information about each additional count on a separate page. Number the additional pages “5-A,” “5-B,” etc., and insert them immediately behind page 5. Remember that you are limited to a total of fifteen additional pages.

1. **Counts.** You must identify which civil right was violated. **You may allege the violation of only one civil right per count.**
2. **Issue Involved.** Check the box that most closely identifies the issue involved in your claim. **You may check only one box per count.** If you check the box marked "Other," you must identify the specific issue involved.
3. **Supporting Facts.** After you have identified which civil right was violated, you must state the supporting facts. Be as specific as possible. You must state what each individual defendant did to violate your rights. If there is more than one defendant, you must identify which defendant did what act. You also should state the date(s) on which the act(s) occurred, if possible.
4. **Injury.** State precisely how you were injured by the alleged violation of your rights.
5. **Administrative Remedies.** You must exhaust any available administrative remedies before you file a civil rights complaint. See 42 U.S.C. § 1997e. Consequently, you should disclose whether you have exhausted the inmate grievance procedures or administrative appeals for each count in your complaint. If the grievance procedures were not available for any of your counts, fully explain why on the lines provided.

Part D. REQUEST FOR RELIEF:

Print the relief you are seeking in the space provided.

SIGNATURE:

You must sign your name and print the date you signed the complaint. Failure to sign the complaint will delay the processing of your action. Unless you are an attorney, you may not bring an action on behalf of anyone but yourself.

FINAL NOTE

You should follow these instructions carefully. Failure to do so may result in your complaint being stricken or dismissed. All questions must be answered concisely in the proper space on the form. If you need more space, you may attach no more than fifteen additional pages. But the form must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. If you attach additional pages, be sure to identify which section of the complaint is being continued and number the pages.

Name and Prisoner/Booking Number

Place of Confinement

Mailing Address

City, State, Zip Code

(Failure to notify the Court of your change of address may result in dismissal of this action.)

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

(Full Name of Plaintiff)	Plaintiff,))))))))))))	CASE NO. _____
	vs.)))))))))))	(To be supplied by the Clerk)	
<u>(1)</u>	,)))))))))))		
(Full Name of Defendant))))))))))))		
<u>(2)</u>	,)))))))))))		
<u>(3)</u>	,)))))))))))		
<u>(4)</u>	,)))))))))))		
CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT BY A PRISONER														
<input type="checkbox"/> Original Complaint <input type="checkbox"/> First Amended Complaint <input type="checkbox"/> Second Amended Complaint														
<input type="checkbox"/> Check if there are additional Defendants and attach page 1-A listing them.														

A. JURISDICTION

1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to:
 - 28 U.S.C. § 1343(a); 42 U.S.C. § 1983
 - 28 U.S.C. § 1331; Bivens v. Six Unknown Federal Narcotics Agents, 403 U.S. 388 (1971).
 - Other: _____.
 2. Institution/city where violation occurred: _____.

B. DEFENDANTS

1. Name of first Defendant: _____ . The first Defendant is employed as:

(Position and Title) _____
(Institution)
2. Name of second Defendant: _____ . The second Defendant is employed as:

(Position and Title) _____
(Institution)
3. Name of third Defendant: _____ . The third Defendant is employed as:

(Position and Title) _____
(Institution)
4. Name of fourth Defendant: _____ . The fourth Defendant is employed as:

(Position and Title) _____
(Institution)

If you name more than four Defendants, answer the questions listed above for each additional Defendant on a separate page.

C. PREVIOUS LAWSUITS

1. Have you filed any other lawsuits while you were a prisoner? Yes No
2. If yes, how many lawsuits have you filed? _____. Describe the previous lawsuits:
 - a. First prior lawsuit:
 1. Parties: _____ v. _____
 2. Court and case number: _____
 3. Result: (Was the case dismissed? Was it appealed? Is it still pending?) _____
 - b. Second prior lawsuit:
 1. Parties: _____ v. _____
 2. Court and case number: _____
 3. Result: (Was the case dismissed? Was it appealed? Is it still pending?) _____
 - c. Third prior lawsuit:
 1. Parties: _____ v. _____
 2. Court and case number: _____
 3. Result: (Was the case dismissed? Was it appealed? Is it still pending?) _____

If you filed more than three lawsuits, answer the questions listed above for each additional lawsuit on a separate page.

D. CAUSE OF ACTION

COUNT I

1. State the constitutional or other federal civil right that was violated: _____.
 2. **Count I.** Identify the issue involved. Check **only one**. State additional issues in separate counts.
 Basic necessities Mail Access to the court Medical care
 Disciplinary proceedings Property Exercise of religion Retaliation
 Excessive force by an officer Threat to safety Other: _____.
 3. **Supporting Facts.** State as briefly as possible the FACTS supporting Count I. Describe exactly what **each Defendant** did or did not do that violated your rights. State the facts clearly in your own words without citing legal authority or arguments.

4. **Injury.** State how you were injured by the actions or inactions of the Defendant(s).

.....

- ## **5. Administrative Remedies:**

- a. Are there any administrative remedies (grievance procedures or administrative appeals) available at your institution? Yes No

b. Did you submit a request for administrative relief on Count I? Yes No

c. Did you appeal your request for relief on Count I to the highest level? Yes No

d. If you did not submit or appeal a request for administrative relief at any level, briefly explain why you did not. _____

COUNT II

1. State the constitutional or other federal civil right that was violated: _____

2. **Count II.** Identify the issue involved. Check **only one**. State additional issues in separate counts.

Basic necessities Mail Access to the court Medical care
 Disciplinary proceedings Property Exercise of religion Retaliation
 Excessive force by an officer Threat to safety Other: _____.

- 3. Supporting Facts.** State as briefly as possible the FACTS supporting Count II. Describe exactly what each Defendant did or did not do that violated your rights. State the facts clearly in your own words without citing legal authority or arguments.

4. **Injury.** State how you were injured by the actions or inactions of the Defendant(s).

- ## **5. Administrative Remedies.**

- a. Are there any administrative remedies (grievance procedures or administrative appeals) available at your institution? Yes No

b. Did you submit a request for administrative relief on Count II? Yes No

c. Did you appeal your request for relief on Count II to the highest level? Yes No

d. If you did not submit or appeal a request for administrative relief at any level, briefly explain why you did not. _____

COUNT III

1. State the constitutional or other federal civil right that was violated: _____

2. **Count III.** Identify the issue involved. Check only one. State additional issues in separate counts.

Basic necessities Mail Access to the court Medical care
 Disciplinary proceedings Property Exercise of religion Retaliation
 Excessive force by an officer Threat to safety Other: _____.

- 3. Supporting Facts.** State as briefly as possible the FACTS supporting Count III. Describe exactly what each Defendant did or did not do that violated your rights. State the facts clearly in your own words without citing legal authority or arguments.

4. **Injury.** State how you were injured by the actions or inactions of the Defendant(s).

- ## **5. Administrative Remedies.**

- a. Are there any administrative remedies (grievance procedures or administrative appeals) available at your institution? Yes No

b. Did you submit a request for administrative relief on Count III? Yes No

c. Did you appeal your request for relief on Count III to the highest level? Yes No

d. If you did not submit or appeal a request for administrative relief at any level, briefly explain why you did not. _____

If you assert more than three Counts, answer the questions listed above for each additional Count on a separate page.

E. REQUEST FOR RELIEF

State the relief you are seeking:

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____
DATE

SIGNATURE OF PLAINTIFF

(Name and title of paralegal, legal assistant, or other person who helped prepare this complaint)

(Signature of attorney, if any)

(Attorney's address & telephone number)

ADDITIONAL PAGES

All questions must be answered concisely in the proper space on the form. If you need more space, you may attach no more than fifteen additional pages. But the form must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. If you attach additional pages, be sure to identify which section of the complaint is being continued and number all pages.