1 WO SC 2 3 4 5 6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 8 9 Corey Demar Shivers, No. CV 13-1185-PHX-GMS (LOA) 10 Petitioner, 11 **ORDER** VS. 12 Arizona Attorney General, 13 Respondent. 14 Petitioner Corey Demar Shivers, who is confined in the Arizona State Prison 15 Complex, East Unit, in Florence, Arizona, has filed a pro se Petition for Writ of Habeas 16 Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 (Doc. 1) and an Application to Proceed In Forma 17 Pauperis (Doc. 2). Petitioner has also filed a motion for appointment of counsel. (Doc. 18 4.) The Court will dismiss the Petition for failure to name Petitioner's custodian as a 19 20 respondent with leave to amend and deny the motion. 21 I. **Application to Proceed** *In Forma Pauperis* 22 Petitioner's Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis indicates that his inmate 23 trust account balance is less than \$25.00. Accordingly, the Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis will be granted. See LRCiv 3.5(b). 24 II. **Petition** 25 Petitioner was found guilty by a jury in Maricopa County Superior Court, case 26 27 #CR2010-005937, of influencing a witness and interfering with judicial proceedings and 28 was sentenced to a six-year term of imprisonment. Petitioner's direct appeal was denied 1 2 on June 28, 2012 by the Arizona Court of Appeals. Petitioner indicates that he did not

seek state post-conviction relief.

In his Petition, Petitioner names only the Arizona Attorney General as

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III. Failure to Name Custodian as a Respondent

Respondent. Petitioner raises four grounds for relief.

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Petitioner names only the Arizona Attorney General as a Respondent. A petitioner for habeas relief must name the *state officer* having custody of him as a respondent to the petition. Smith v. Idaho, 392 F.3d 350, 354 (9th Cir. 2004) (citing Stanley v. California Supreme Court, 21 F.3d 359, 360 (9th Cir. 1994)). Failure to name the proper respondent deprives the court of personal jurisdiction over the custodian. Smith, 392 F.3d at 354. Naming the director of corrections as a respondent has long been held to satisfy the requirement to name the person having custody of the petitioner. Ortiz-Sandoval v. Gomez, 81 F.3d 891, 894 (9th Cir. 1996). In this District, a petitioner typically also names the Arizona Attorney General as a respondent. See Belgarde v. State of Montana, 123 F.3d 1210, 1212-13 (9th Cir. 1997). Because Petitioner failed to name the state officer having custody of him as a Respondent, his Petition will be dismissed with leave to file an amended petition within 30 days of the filing date of this Order.

IV. Leave to Amend

For the foregoing reasons, the Petition will be dismissed with leave to amend to name the state official having custody of Petitioner. Within 30 days, Petitioner may submit a first amended petition to cure the deficiency outlined above. The Clerk of Court will mail Petitioner a court-approved form for filing a first amended petition by a pro se petitioner.

Petitioner must clearly designate on the face of the document that it is the "First Amended Petition." The first amended petition must be retyped or rewritten in its entirety on the court-approved form and may not incorporate any part of the original Petition by reference.

V. Motion for Appointment of Counsel

Petitioner has filed a motion to appoint him counsel due to his indigence and lack of legal training. "Indigent state prisoners applying for habeas corpus relief are not entitled to appointed counsel unless the circumstances of a particular case indicate that appointed counsel is necessary to prevent due process violations." *Chaney v. Lewis*, 801 F.2d 1191, 1196 (9th Cir. 1986) (citing *Kreiling v. Field*, 431 F.2d 638, 640 (9th Cir. 1970)); *Eskridge v. Rhay*, 345 F.2d 778, 782 (9th Cir. 1965)). Further, while the Court has discretion to appoint counsel when "the interests of justice so requires," 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(a)(2), Petitioner has not demonstrated that justice so requires in this case. Accordingly, Petitioner's motion to appoint counsel will be denied.

VI. Warnings

A. Address Changes

Petitioner must file and serve a notice of a change of address in accordance with Rule 83.3(d) of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure. Petitioner must not include a motion for other relief with a notice of change of address. Failure to comply may result in dismissal of this action.

B. Copies

Petitioner must serve Respondents, or counsel if an appearance has been entered, a copy of every document that he files. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a). Each filing must include a certificate stating that a copy of the filing was served. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(d). Also, Petitioner must submit an additional copy of every filing for use by the Court. LRCiv 5.4. Failure to comply may result in the filing being stricken without further notice to Petitioner.

C. Possible Dismissal

If Petitioner fails to timely comply with every provision of this Order, including these warnings, the Court may dismiss this action without further notice. *See Ferdik v*.

1	Bonzelet, 96	3 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (a district court may dismiss an action
2	for failure to	comply with any order of the Court).
3	IT IS O	PRDERED:
4	(1)	Petitioner's Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis is granted. (Doc.
5	2.)	
6	(2)	The Petition is dismissed for failure to name Petitioner's custodian as a
7	respondent.	(Doc. 1.) Petitioner has 30 days from the date this Order is filed to file a
8	first amende	ed petition in compliance with this Order.
9	(3)	If Petitioner fails to file an amended petition within 30 days, the Clerk of
10	Court must,	without further notice, enter a judgment of dismissal of this action.
l 1 l 2	(4)	The Clerk of Court must mail Petitioner a court-approved form for filing a
13	habeas petiti	ion by a pro se prisoner.
14	(5)	Petitioner's motion to appoint counsel is denied . (Doc. 4.)
15	Dated th	nis 19th day of July, 2013.
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17		A. Muray Snow G. Murray Snow
18		G. Murray Snow
19		United States District Judge
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Instructions for Filing a Petition Under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 for a Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in State Custody in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona

- 1. Who May Use This Form. To use this form, you must be a person who is currently serving a sentence under a judgment against you in a state court. You are asking for relief from the conviction or the sentence on the grounds that your conviction or sentence violates the United States Constitution or other federal law. You also may use this form to challenge a state judgment that imposed a sentence to be served in the future, but you must fill in the name of the state where the judgment was entered. If you want to challenge a federal conviction or sentence, you should file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to vacate sentence in the federal court that entered the judgment. This form should not be used in death penalty cases. If you were sentenced to death, you are entitled to the assistance of counsel and you should request the appointment of counsel.
- 2. The Form. Local Rule of Civil Procedure (LRCiv) 3.5(a) provides that habeas corpus petitions must be filed on the court-approved form. The form must be typed or neatly handwritten. All questions must be answered clearly and concisely in the appropriate space on the form. If needed, you may attach additional pages. The form, however, must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. You do not need to cite law. If you want to file a brief or arguments, you must attach a separate memorandum.
- 3. <u>Your Signature</u>. You must tell the truth and sign the form. If you make a false statement of a material fact, you may be prosecuted for perjury.
- 4. The Filing Fee. The filing fee for this action is \$5.00. If you are unable to pay the filing fee, you may request permission to proceed *in forma pauperis* by completing and signing the Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* provided with the petition form. You must have an official at the prison or jail complete the certificate at the bottom of the application form. If the amount of money in your account exceeds \$25.00, you must pay the \$5.00 filing fee. LRCiv 3.5(b).
- 5. <u>Original and Judge's Copy</u>. You must send an **original plus one copy** of your petition and of any other document submitted to the Court. You must send one additional copy to the Court if you wish to have a file-stamped copy of the document returned to you. All copies must be identical to the original. Copies may be legibly handwritten.
- 6. Where to File. You should **file your petition in the division where you were convicted**. See LRCiv 5.1(b). If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Maricopa, Pinal, Yuma, La Paz, or Gila County, file your petition in the Phoenix Division. If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Apache, Navajo, Coconino, Mohave, or Yavapai County, file your petition in the Prescott Division. If you are challenging a judgment of conviction entered in Pima, Cochise, Santa Cruz, Graham, or Greenlee County, file your petition in the Tucson Division. See LRCiv 5.1(b) and 77.1(a).

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Mail the original and one copy of your petition with the \$5.00 filing fee or the application to proceed *in forma pauperis* to:

Phoenix & Prescott Divisions:ORTucson Division:U.S. District Court ClerkU.S. District Court ClerkU.S. Courthouse, Suite 130U.S. Courthouse, Suite 1500401 West Washington Street, SPC 10405 West Congress StreetPhoenix, Arizona 85003-2119Tucson, Arizona 85701-5010

- 7. <u>Change of Address</u>. You must immediately notify the Court and respondents in writing of any change in your mailing address. **Failure to notify the Court of any change in your mailing address may result in the dismissal of your case.**
- 8. Certificate of Service. You must provide the respondents with a copy of any document you submit to the Court (except the initial petition and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*). Each original document (except the initial petition and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*) must include a certificate of service on the last page of the document stating the date a copy of the document was mailed to the respondents and the address to which it was mailed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a), (d). Any document received by the Court that does not include a certificate of service may be stricken. A certificate of service should be in the following form:

I hereby	certify that a copy of the foregoing document was mailed
this	(month, day, year) to:
Name:	
Address:	<u> </u>
	Attorney for Respondent(s)
(Signatu	re)

- 9. <u>Amended Petition</u>. If you need to change any of the information in the initial petition, you must file an amended petition. The amended petition must be written on the court-approved form. You may file one amended petition without leave (permission) of Court before any respondent has answered your original petition. <u>See</u> Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a). After any respondent has filed an answer, you must file a motion for leave to amend and lodge (submit) a proposed amended petition. LRCiv 15.1. An amended petition may not incorporate by reference any part of your prior petition. LRCiv 15.1(a)(2). **Any grounds not included in the amended petition are considered dismissed**.
- 10. <u>Exhibits</u>. If available, you should attach a copy of all state and federal court written decisions regarding the conviction you are challenging. Do **not** submit any other exhibits with the petition. Instead, you should paraphrase the relevant information in the petition.
- 11. <u>Letters and Motions</u>. It is generally inappropriate to write a letter to any judge or the staff of any judge. The only appropriate way to communicate with the Court is by filing a written pleading or motion.

12. Warnings.

- a. <u>Judgment Entered by a Single Court.</u> You may challenge the judgment entered by only one court. Multiple counts which resulted in a judgment by the same court may be challenged in the same petition. If you wish to challenge judgments entered by more than one court, however, you must file separate petitions for each judgment.
- b. <u>Grounds for Relief.</u> You must raise all grounds for relief that relate to this conviction or sentence. Any grounds not raised in this petition will likely be barred from being raised in any subsequent federal action.
- c. <u>Exhaustion</u>. In order to proceed in federal court, you ordinarily must exhaust the remedies available to you in the state courts as to each claim on which you request action by the federal court. If you did not fairly present each of your grounds to the Arizona Court of Appeals, your petition may be dismissed. If you did not present one or more of your grounds to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why you did not.

FINAL NOTE

You should follow these instructions carefully. Failure to do so may result in your petition being stricken or dismissed by the Court. All questions must be answered concisely in the proper space on the form. If you need more space, you may attach additional pages. But the form must be completely filled in to the extent applicable. If you attach additional pages, be sure to identify which section of the petition is being continued and number all pages.

Name and Prisoner/Booking Number	_
Place of Confinement	_
Mailing Address	_
City, State, Zip Code	<u> </u>
(Failure to notify the Court of your change of address may re	esult in dismissal of this action.)
	ATES DISTRICT COURT
	RICT OF ARIZONA
	,)
(Full Name of Petitioner))
Petitioner,)
vs.	CASE NO.
) (To be supplied by the Clerk)
(Name of the Director of the Department of Corrections, Jailor or authorized person having custody of Petitioner) Respondent, and The Attorney General of the State of	PETITION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2254 FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS BY A PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY (NON-DEATH PENALTY) NON-DEATH PENALTY)
PE	TITION
1. (a) Name and location of court that entered the	judgment of conviction you are challenging:
(b) Criminal docket or case number:	
2. Date of judgment of conviction:	
3. In this case, were you convicted on more than o	one count or crime? Yes □ No □

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give details:	•	Identify all counts and crimes for which you were convicted and sentenced in this case:
Not guilty	•	Length of sentence for each count or crime for which you were convicted in this case:
give details:	•	(a) What was your plea? Not guilty □ Guilty □
Did you testify at the trial? Yes □ No □ Did you file a direct appeal to the Arizona Court of Appeals from the judgment of conviction? Yes □ No □ If yes, answer the following: (a) Date you filed: □ (b) Docket or case number: □ (c) Result: □ (d) Date of result: □		
Did you file a direct appeal to the Arizona Court of Appeals from the judgment of conviction? Yes No If yes, answer the following: (a) Date you filed:		
(a) Date you filed:		
(b) Docket or case number:		If yes, answer the following:
(c) Result:		(a) Date you filed:
(d) Date of result:		(b) Docket or case number:
		(c) Result:
(e) Grounds raised:		(d) Date of result:
		(e) Grounds raised:

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

9. Did you appeal to the Arizona Supreme Court? Yes □ No □
If yes, answer the following:
(a) Date you filed:
(b) Docket or case number:
(c) Result:
(d) Date of result:
(e) Grounds raised:
Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.
10. Did you file a petition for certiorari in the United States Supreme Court? Yes □ No □
If yes, answer the following:
(a) Date you filed:
(b) Docket or case number:
(c) Result:
(d) Date of result:
(e) Grounds raised:
Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.
11. Other than the direct appeals listed above, have you filed any other petitions, applications or motions concerning this judgment of conviction in any state court? Yes □ No □ If yes, answer the following:

a)	First	t Petition.
	(1) I	Date you filed:
	(2) 1	Name of court:
	(3) I	Nature of the proceeding (Rule 32, special action or habeas corpus):
	(4) l	Docket or case number:
		Result:
		Date of result:
	(/)	Grounds raised:
	Attac	h, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.
(b)	Seco	ond Petition.
	(1) I	Date you filed:
	(2) I	Name of court:
		Nature of the proceeding (Rule 32, special action or habeas corpus):
	(-) -	
	(4) I	Docket or case number:
	(5) l	Result:
	(6) l	Date of result:
	(7) (Grounds raised:
	(,)	Grounds ruised.

Attach, if available, a copy of any brief filed on your behalf and a copy of the decision by the court.

(c)	Third Petition.						
	(1) Date you filed: _						
	(2) Name of court:						
	(3) Nature of the pro	oceeding (R	Rule 32, special action	on or habeas corpus):			
	(4) Docket or case number:						
	(5) Result:						
	(6) Date of result: _						
	(7) Grounds raised:						
	Attach, if available, a cop	py of any brie	ef filed on your behalf a	nd a copy of the decision by t	he court.		
(d)	Did you appeal the a		n on your petition, a court of Appeals:	pplication, or motion to t <u>Arizona Su</u>	he: preme Court:		
	(1) First petition:	Yes □	No 🗆	Yes □	No □		
	(2) Second petition:	Yes □	No 🗆	Yes □	No 🗆		
	(3) Third petition	Yes □	No 🗆	Yes □	No 🗆		
(e)	If you did not appear	l to the Ari	zona Court of Appe	als, explain why you did	not:		

12. For this petition, state every ground on which you claim that you are being held in violation of the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States. Attach additional pages if you have more than four grounds. State the <u>facts</u> supporting each ground.

<u>CAUTION:</u> To proceed in the federal court, you must ordinarily first exhaust (use up) your available state-court remedies on each ground on which you request action by the federal court. Also, if you fail to set forth all the grounds in this petition, you may be barred from presenting additional grounds at a later date.

ROUND (ONE:
(a) Supp	porting FACTS (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim
b) Did y	you present the issue raised in Ground One to the Arizona Court of Appeals? Yes \Box
(c) If yes	s, did you present the issue in a:
_	Direct appeal
	First petition
	Second petition □ Third petition □
(d) If yo	ou did not present the issue in Ground One to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why:
e) Did y	you present the issue raised in Ground One to the Arizona Supreme Court? Yes \square N

OUND TWO:	
a) Supporting FA	ACTS (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your cla
, 11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
b) Did you preser	nt the issue raised in Ground Two to the Arizona Court of Appeals? Yes
(c) If yes, did you	present the issue in a:
Direct a	appeal
First pe	
	petition
Third p	petition
d) If you did not	present the issue in Ground Two to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why:
· > =	
e) Did you presei	nt the issue raised in Ground Two to the Arizona Supreme Court? Yes \square

OUND THREE:	
(a) Supporting FACTS (Do n	not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim
h) Did you present the issue	raised in Ground Three to the Arizona Court of Appeals? Yes □ N
(b) Did you present the issue	raised in Ground Three to the Arrizona Court of Appeals. Tes — Te
(c) If yes, did you present the	issue in a:
Direct appeal	
First petition	
Second petition	
Third petition	
(d) If you did not present the	issue in Ground Three to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why:
(d) If you did not present the	issue in Ground Three to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why.

UNI	O FOUR:
a) Su	apporting FACTS (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your clair
o) Di	d you present the issue raised in Ground Four to the Arizona Court of Appeals? Yes No
c) II [yes, did you present the issue in a: Direct appeal □
	First petition
	Second petition
	Third petition
d) If	you did not present the issue in Ground Four to the Arizona Court of Appeals, explain why: _
	<u> </u>
e) Di	d you present the issue raised in Ground Four to the Arizona Supreme Court? Yes \(\square\)

Please answer these additional questions about this petition:

13. Have you previously filed any type of petition, application or motion in a federal court regarding the conviction that you challenge in this petition? Yes \square No \square
If yes, give the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, the issues raised, the date of the court's decision, and the result for each petition, application, or motion filed. Attach a copy of any court opinion or order, if available:
14. Do you have any petition or appeal <u>now pending</u> (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state of federal, as to the judgment you are challenging? Yes □ No □
If yes, give the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, and the issues raised:
15. Do you have any future sentence to serve after you complete the sentence imposed by the judgment you are challenging? Yes □ No □
If yes, answer the following:
(a) Name and location of the court that imposed the sentence to be served in the future:
(b) Date that the other sentence was imposed:
(c) Length of the other sentence:
(d) Have you filed, or do you plan to file, any petition challenging the judgment or sentence to be served in the future? Yes ☐ No ☐

16. TIMELINESS OF PETITION: If your judgment of conviction became final more than one year ago, you must explain why the one-year statute of limitations in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d) does not bar your petition.*	
must explain why the one-year statute of inintations in 26	U.S.C. § 2244(d) does not bar your petition.
*Section 2244(d) provides in part that:	
(1) A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to an	application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person
in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court	
	ne final by the conclusion of direct review or the
expiration of the time for seeking such revi	
(B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was	
prevented from filing by such State action;	e United States is removed, if the applicant was
<u>.</u>	nt asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme
Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively	
applicable to cases on collateral review; or	J 1
(D) the date on which the factual predicate	of the claim or claims presented could have been
discovered through the exercise of due dilig	
(2) The time during which a properly filed applied	
review with respect to the pertinent judgment or	claim is pending shall not be counted toward any
period of limitation under this subsection.	
17. Petitioner asks that the Court grant the following relie	ef:
or any other relief to which Petitioner may be entitled. (Neases.)	Money damages are not available in habeas corpus
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is	s true and correct and that this Petition for Writ of
Habeas Corpus was placed in the prison mailing system of	n(month, day, year).
Signature of Petitioner	
Signature of attorney, if any	Date