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6 **IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
7 **FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**  
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9 Kevin Eric Pesqueira,  
10 Plaintiff,

11 v.

12 Charles L Ryan, et al.,  
13 Defendants.  
14

No. CV-15-01426-PHX-DGC (ESW)

**ORDER**

15 Pending before the Court is Plaintiff's Motion to Seal Docs. 48-53, 62, and 67 (Doc.  
16 180). No response has been filed, and the time to do so has passed. LRCiv 7.2 (i) (failure  
17 to file the required answering memoranda may be deemed a consent to the granting of the  
18 motion). The motion is deemed submitted for decision.

19 Plaintiff requests that several non-dispositive motions be sealed in his file because  
20 they "contain information which poses a threat to Plaintiff's safety in prison." Plaintiff has  
21 filed a civil rights First Amended Complaint (Doc. 11) pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and  
22 he is currently incarcerated.

23 The public has a general right to inspect and copy judicial records and documents.  
24 *Nixon v. Warner Commc'ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 597 (1978). Although this right is not  
25 absolute, there is a strong presumption in favor of access to judicial records. To overcome  
26 this presumption, a party seeking to seal a judicial record must meet (i) the "compelling  
27 reasons" standard if the record is a dispositive pleading or (ii) the "good cause" standard if  
28 the record is a non-dispositive pleading. *Kamakana v. City & County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d

1 1172, 1179-80 (9th Cir. 2006); *Pintos v. Pac. Creditors Ass'n*, 605 F.3d 665, 678 (9th Cir.  
2 2010).

3 Here, because the documents Plaintiff has identified are not dispositive pleadings,  
4 Plaintiff must show good cause for sealing the documents. The “good cause” standard  
5 requires a showing that specific prejudice or harm will result if the document is not sealed.  
6 *Phillips ex. rel. v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002). “If a court  
7 finds particularized harm will result from disclosure of information to the public, then it  
8 balances the public and private interests” to decide whether it is necessary to seal a  
9 document. *Id.*

10 Doc. 52 was previously sealed by the Court as a lodged document for which  
11 permission to file was not granted. Therefore, Plaintiff’s request to seal Doc. 52 will be  
12 denied as moot.

13 Docs. 48 – 51, 53, 62, and 67 do contain information which poses a threat to  
14 Plaintiff’s safety. The Court recognizes the potential safety risk to the Plaintiff were the  
15 information contained in the identified documents to remain public record. The potential  
16 safety risk outweighs the need for the public’s access to the information. Good cause has  
17 been shown to file these identified documents under seal.


18 For the reasons set forth herein,

19 **IT IS ORDERED** granting Plaintiff’s Motion to Seal Docs. 48-51, 53, 62, 67 (Doc.  
20 180).

21 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** denying as moot Plaintiff’s Motion to Seal Doc. 52  
22 (Doc. 180).

23 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the Clerk of Court seal the following  
24 documents: 48-51, 53, 62, 67. Doc. 52 shall remain sealed.

25 Dated this 8th day of March, 2019.

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28 Honorable Eileen S. Willett  
United States Magistrate Judge