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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Shaykh Muhammad Abdul Aziz Klalid
Bin Talal Al Saud,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Paul Penzone, et al.,

Defendants.

No. CV-18-00305-PHX-SPL (JFM)

ORDER

Plaintiff Shaykh Muhammad Abdul Aziz Klalid Bin Talal Al Saud has filed a pro se civil rights Complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Doc. 1). The Honorable James F. Metcalf, United States Magistrate Judge, issued a Report and Recommendation (“R&R”) (Doc. 40), recommending the Court dismiss without prejudice Defendant Young from Plaintiff’s Complaint for failure to serve pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m). Plaintiff has filed an objection to the R&R (Doc. 44).

A district judge “may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or recommendations made by the magistrate judge.” 28 U.S.C. § 636(b). *See also* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3) (“The district judge may accept, reject, or modify the recommended disposition; receive further evidence; or return the matter to the magistrate judge with instructions.”). When a party files a timely objection to an R&R, the district judge reviews *de novo* those portions of the R&R that have been “properly objected to.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3). A proper objection requires specific written objections to the findings and recommendations in the R&R. *See United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003); 28

1 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). It follows that the Court need not conduct any review of portions to
2 which no specific objection has been made. *See Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d at 1121; *see also*
3 *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985) (discussing the inherent purpose of limited review
4 is judicial economy). Further, a party is not entitled as of right to *de novo* review of
5 evidence or arguments which are raised for the first time in an objection to the R&R, and
6 the Court's decision to consider them is discretionary. *United States v. Howell*, 231 F.3d
7 615, 621-622 (9th Cir. 2000).

8 In the R&R, the Magistrate Judge recommends that Defendant Young be dismissed
9 pursuant to Rule 4(m) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, reasoning that Plaintiff has
10 failed to show that good cause or excusable neglect justifies a further extension of time to
11 accomplish service. Although Plaintiff has objected to the R&R, his objection does not
12 point to any specific flaw in the Magistrate Judge's analysis or findings. Instead, he
13 explains the difficulty he has had in filing a change of address and requests this Court order
14 Defendant Young to answer the Complaint (Doc. 44). Plaintiff does not, however, address
15 the fact that the service packet was returned unexecuted (Doc. 18).¹ Ultimately, the
16 circumstances identified by Plaintiff do not qualify as good cause to excuse the delay.
17 Accordingly,

18 **IT IS ORDERED** that Magistrate Judge James F. Metcalf's Report and
19 Recommendation (Doc. 40) is **accepted** and **adopted** by the Court.

20 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Plaintiff's Complaint as to Defendant Young is
21 **dismissed without prejudice** for failure to timely serve pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil
22 Procedure 4(m).

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28 ¹ The process receipt notes that Defendant Young is no longer employed by the Maricopa County Sheriff's Office and has left no forwarding address.

