Zhu et al v. Taronis	Technologies Incorporated et al Case 2:19-cv-04529-GMS Document 84 F	iled 03/09/21 Page 1 of 12
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6	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
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9	Kui Zhu, et al.,	No. CV-19-04529-PHX-GMS
10	Plaintiffs,	ORDER
11	V.	
12	Taronis Technologies Incorporated, et al.,	
13	Defendants.	
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16	Before the Court are Plaintiffs' Unopposed Motion and Memorandum in Support of	
17	Final Approval of Class Action Settlement and Plan of Allocation (Doc. 76) and Plaintiffs'	
18	Unopposed Motion and Memorandum in Support of Attorney's Fees, Expenses and Award	
19	to Plaintiffs, (Doc. 77). For the reasons set forth below, the Motions are granted.	
20	BACKGROUND	
21	This matter concerns an alleged fraudulent scheme to artificially inflate the market	
22	price of Taronis common stock by deceiving the investing public about the existence of a	
23	material contract between Taronis and the City of San Diego. Taronis is an energy company	
24	that offers technology solutions to create, process, and produce hydrogen-based fuel. On	
25	January 28, 2019 Taronis disclosed in an SEC filing and related press release ("Press	
26	Release") that the City of San Diego (the "City") elected to use Taronis's MagneGas2 as	
27	its fuel of choice. (Doc. 36 at 8.) Plaintiffs allege that the market price of Taronis common	
28	stock promptly increased over 25% after news	of the San Diego contract was published.

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However, the day after the Press Release was published, the City's Senior Public Information Officer requested that the Press Release be immediately removed. The City Officer explained, "while the product has been tested the City of San Diego does not have any procurement contract or any agreement with [Taronis] to purchase any of its products." (Doc. 36 at 15.) Plaintiffs also cite internal emails from the City stating that "[t]he [Taronis] news release . . . is incorrect. The City of San Diego does NOT have a contract with this company. . . . This is appalling that they'd get this so wrong." (Doc. 36 at 14.) Pursuant to the City's request, the Press Release was later removed from Taronis's website, but no corrective disclosure was filed with the SEC.

Plaintiffs allege that the Company's disclosure about the contract with the City of
San Diego was entirely false. (Doc. 36 at 2-3.) Plaintiffs claim that Defendants knew the
Press Release was false but released it to artificially inflate the common stock price.
Plaintiffs allege that Defendants waited until February 12, 2019 to clarify the Press Release
in an attempt to obtain compliance with NASDAQ's minimum \$1.00 bid price for the
required ten consecutive business days.

Plaintiffs' federal securities action is brought on behalf of all persons or entities who
purchased or otherwise acquired Taronis common stock between January 28, 2019 and
February 12, 2019 ("Plaintiffs") when the stock prices were allegedly artificially inflated.
(Doc. 67-1 at 5.) The parties have now reached an agreement. The Court granted
preliminary approval of their agreement on November 23, 2020. Plaintiffs now move for
final approval of the proposed class action settlement.

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Courts apply "a three-step procedure for approval of class action settlements: (1) preliminary approval of the proposed settlement at an informal hearing; (2) dissemination of mailed and/or published notice of the settlement to all affected class members; and (3) a "formal fairness hearing" or final settlement approval hearing, at which class members may be heard regarding the settlement, and at which evidence and argument concerning

DISCUSSION

Class Certification and Settlement Approval

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the fairness, adequacy, and reasonableness of the settlement may be presented." *See, e.g.*, *Harris v. U.S. Physical Therapy, Inc.*, No. 2:10-CV-01508-JCM, 2012 WL 6900931, at *4 (D. Nev. Dec. 26, 2012).

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Where "the parties reach a settlement agreement prior to class certification, courts must peruse the proposed compromise to ratify both the propriety of the certification and the fairness of the settlement." *Staton v. Boeing Co.*, 327 F.3d 938, 952 (9th Cir. 2003); *see* Manual for Complex Litigation (4th Ed. 2004) § 21.632. A class may not be certified unless it meets each of the four requirements of Rule 23(a), typically referred to as numerosity, commonality, typicality, and adequacy of representation. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a). The Court analyzed these factors in its Preliminary Approval Order and finds no reason to disturb its earlier conclusions. The requirements of Rule 23(a) and Rule 23(b)(3) were satisfied then and they remain so now. (Doc. 74 at 3–7.) Thus, certification of the Settlement Class is appropriate.

14 Given the proposed settlement satisfies Rules 23(a) and (b), the Court must then 15 evaluate the fairness, reasonableness, and adequacy of the proposed settlement. Fed. R. 16 Civ. P. 23(e)(2). In preliminarily approving the Settlement, the Court analyzed the Rule 17 23(e)(2) factors and concluded that the Settlement was "fair, adequate, and reasonable." 18 (Doc. 74 at 7-8.) Those conclusions weigh equally in favor of final approval now. 19 Adequate notice was sent to the settlement class members as required in the Order granting 20 preliminary approval and no members objected. (Doc. 78 at 4); (Doc. 79-1). The Court has 21 reviewed the motion for final approval (Doc. 76) and supporting documents and has heard 22 from the parties at the final approval hearing on March 5, 2021. The Court thus finds the 23 settlement is fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the best interests of the settlement class.

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II. Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs

"[A] litigant or a lawyer who recovers a common fund for the benefit of persons
other than himself or his client is entitled to a reasonable attorney's fee from the fund as a
whole." *Boeing Co. v. Van Gemert*, 444 U.S. 472, 478 (1980). The common fund doctrine
permits the award of reasonable attorneys' fees to be based on a percentage of the funds

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awarded to the class. *Paul, Johnson, Alston & Hunt v. Graulty*, 886 F.2d 268, 272 (9th Cir. 1989). The reasonableness of an award is a function of context. *Id.* "Ordinarily, however, such fee awards range from 20 percent to 30 percent of the fund created." *Id.* ("We note with approval that one court has concluded that the 'bench mark' percentage for the fee award should be 25 percent.").

Here, the Court finds that Class Counsel is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses in connection with the approved settlement. Plaintiffs' Counsel seeks attorneys' fees for 25% of the settlement (\$425,000), reimbursement for expenses of \$30,303.42, and an award to Lead Plaintiff Zhu of \$2,600 to be paid from the settlement.

11 The Court has reviewed the Motion, and the documents submitted in support 12 thereof, including Class Counsel's itemized expenses and its affidavit regarding its fees 13 and reimbursement. (Doc. 78.) The 25% allocation is within the range the Ninth Circuit 14 has indicated is acceptable, Paul, Johnson, Alston & Hunt, 886 F.2d at 272, and the 15 corresponding lodestar calculation also supports finding the figure reasonable. (Doc. 78 at 16 9) (explaining that Plaintiffs' Counsel worked a total of 619.3 hours at rates of \$700, \$615, 17 \$355, \$475, and \$335). Plaintiffs' Counsel's expense request is also reasonable in light of 18 its itemized expenses and the fact that the figure is significantly below the \$40,000 19 estimated in the class notice. Id. at 12.

20 Finally, Lead Plaintiff Zhu may properly receive \$2,600 from the settlement. 21 "Incentive awards are fairly typical in class action cases." Rodriguez v. W. Publ'g Corp., 22 563 F.3d 948, 958 (9th Cir. 2009). They "are discretionary and are intended to compensate 23 class representatives for work done on behalf of the class, to make up for financial or 24 reputational risk undertaken in bringing the action." Id. (internal citation omitted). An 25 award of \$2,600 appropriately recognizes and compensates Plaintiff for time spent on the 26 action without the risk of overcompensating. See, e.g., Quintana v. HealthPlanOne LLC, 27 No. CV-18-02169-PHX-RM, 2019 WL 3342339, at *6 (D. Ariz. July 25, 2019) (approving 28 \$6,000 and 2,000 awards); Wolph v. Acer Am. Corp., No. C 09–01314 JSW, 2013 WL

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5718440, at *6 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 21, 2013) (reducing the incentive award to \$2,000 where the class representatives did not demonstrate great risk to finances or reputation in bringing the class action).

CONCLUSION

WHEREAS, a class action is pending in this Court entitled Zhu v. Taronis Technologies, Inc., et al., Case No. CV-19-0459-PHX-GMS (the "Action");

7 WHEREAS, (a) Lead Plaintiff Kui Zhu ("Lead Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and 8 the Class, and (b) defendants Robert L. Dingess, Scott Mahoney, Ermanno P. Santilli, 9 Kevin Pollack, and William W. Staunton (collectively, the "Defendants" and, together with 10 Lead Plaintiff, the "Parties") have entered into a Stipulation and Agreement of Settlement dated September 24, 2020 (the "Stipulation"), which provides for a complete dismissal 12 with prejudice of the claims asserted against Defendants in the Action on the terms and 13 conditions set forth in the Stipulation, subject to the approval of this Court (the "Settlement"); 14

15 WHEREAS, unless otherwise defined in this Judgment, the capitalized terms 16 herein shall have the same meaning as they have in the Stipulation;

17 WHEREAS, by Order dated November 23, 2020 (the "Preliminary Approval 18 Order"), this Court: (a) found, pursuant to Rule 23(e)(1)(B) of the Federal Rules of Civil 19 Procedure, that it (i) would likely be able to approve the Settlement as fair, reasonable, and 20 accurate under Rule 23(e)(2) and (ii) would likely be able to certify the Class for purposes 21 of the Settlement; (b) ordered that notice of the proposed Settlement be provided to 22 potential Class Members; (c) provided Class Members with the opportunity either to 23 exclude themselves from the Class or to object to the proposed Settlement; and (d) 24 scheduled a hearing regarding final approval of the Settlement;

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WHEREAS, due and adequate notice has been given to the Class;

26 WHEREAS, the Court conducted a hearing on March 5, 2021 (the "Settlement 27 Fairness Hearing") (Doc. 74) to consider, among other things, (a) whether the terms and 28 conditions of the Settlement are fair, reasonable and adequate to the Class, and should therefore be approved; and (b) whether a judgment should be entered dismissing the Action with prejudice as against the Defendants; and

WHEREAS, the Court having reviewed and considered the Stipulation, all papers filed and proceedings held herein in connection with the Settlement, all oral and written comments received regarding the Settlement, and the record in the Action, and good cause appearing therefor;

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

1. Jurisdiction – The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of the Action, and all matters relating to the Settlement, as well as personal jurisdiction over all of the Parties and each of the Class Members.

11 2. Incorporation of Settlement Documents – This Judgment incorporates and
12 makes a part hereof: (a) the Stipulation filed with the Court on September 25, 2020; and
13 (b) the Notice and the Summary Notice, both of which were filed with the Court on
14 September 25, 2020.

15 3. Class Certification for Settlement Purposes – The Court hereby certifies for 16 the purposes of the Settlement only, the Action as a class action pursuant to Rules 23(a) 17 and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of the Class consisting of all 18 persons or entities who purchased or otherwise acquired Taronis Technologies, Inc. 19 ("Taronis") common stock between January 28, 2019 and February 12, 2019, both dates 20 inclusive (the "Class Period"), and were damaged thereby. Excluded from the Class by 21 definition are: Defendants, current and former officers and directors of Taronis, members 22 of their Immediate Families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns, 23 and any entity in which Defendants have or had a controlling interest.

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4. Adequacy of Representation – Pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and for the purposes of the Settlement only, the Court hereby certifies Lead Plaintiff as class representative for the Class and appoints Lead Counsel as class counsel for the Class. Lead Plaintiff and Lead Counsel have fairly and adequately represented the Class both in terms of litigating the Action and for purposes of entering

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into and implementing the Settlement and have satisfied the requirements of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a)(4) and 23(g), respectively.

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5. Notice – The Court finds that the dissemination of the Postcard Notice and 4 the publication of the Notice and Summary Notice: (a) were implemented in accordance 5 with the Preliminary Approval Order; (b) constituted the best notice practicable under the 6 circumstances; (c) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated, under the 7 circumstances, to apprise Class Members of (i) the pendency of the Action; (ii) the effect 8 of the proposed Settlement (including the Releases to be provided thereunder); (iii) Lead 9 Counsel's motion for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of Litigation 10 Expenses; (iv) their right to object to any aspect of the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation 11 and/or Lead Counsel's motion for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of Litigation 12 Expenses; (v) their right to exclude themselves from the Class; and (vi) their right to appear 13 at the Settlement Fairness Hearing; (d) constituted due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons and entities entitled to receive notice of the proposed Settlement; and (e) 14 15 satisfied the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the United 16 States Constitution (including the Due Process Clause), the Private Securities Litigation 17 Reform Act of 1995, 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4, as amended, and all other applicable law and rules.

18 6. Final Settlement Approval and Dismissal of Claims – Pursuant to, and in 19 accordance with, Rule 23(e)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this Court hereby 20 fully and finally approves the Settlement set forth in the Stipulation in all respects 21 (including, without limitation: the amount of the Settlement; the Releases provided for 22 therein; and the dismissal with prejudice of the claims asserted against Defendants in the 23 Action), and finds that the Settlement is, in all respects, fair, reasonable and adequate to 24 the Class. Specifically, the Court finds that (a) Lead Plaintiff and Lead Counsel have 25 adequately represented the Class; (b) the Settlement was negotiated by the Parties at arm's 26 length; (c) the relief provided for the Class under the Settlement is adequate taking into 27 account the costs, risks and delay of trial and appeal, the proposed means of distributing 28 the Settlement Fund to the Class; and the proposed attorneys' fee award; and (d) the

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Settlement treats members of the Class equitably relative to each other. The Parties are directed to implement, perform and consummate the Settlement in accordance with the terms and provisions contained in the Stipulation.

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7. The Action and all of the claims asserted against Defendants in the Action by Lead Plaintiff and the other Class Members are hereby dismissed with prejudice. The Parties shall bear their own costs and expenses, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Stipulation.

8 8. Binding Effect – The terms of the Stipulation and of this Judgment shall be
9 forever binding on Defendants, Lead Plaintiff, and all other Class Members (regardless of
10 whether or not any individual Class Member submits a Claim Form or seeks or obtains a
11 distribution from the Net Settlement Fund), as well as their respective successors and
12 assigns.

9. Releases – The Releases set forth in paragraphs 4 through 6 of the
Stipulation, together with the definitions contained in paragraph 1 of the Stipulation
relating thereto, are expressly incorporated herein in all respects. The Releases are effective
as of the Effective Date. Accordingly, this Court orders that:

17 Without further action by anyone, and subject to paragraph 12 below, a. 18 upon the Effective Date of the Settlement, Lead Plaintiff and each of the other Class 19 Members, on behalf of themselves, and their respective heirs, executors, 20 administrators, predecessors, successors, and assigns, in their capacities as such, and 21 any other person(s) claiming on their behalf, shall be deemed to have, and by 22 operation of law and of this Judgment shall have, fully, finally and forever 23 compromised, settled, released, resolved, relinquished, waived, and discharged each 24 and every Released Plaintiffs' Claim against the Defendants' Releasees, and shall 25 forever be enjoined from prosecuting any or all of the Released Plaintiffs' Claims 26 against any of the Defendants' Releasees.

b. Without further action by anyone, and subject to paragraph 12 below,
upon the Effective Date of the Settlement, Defendants, on behalf of themselves, and

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their respective heirs, executors, administrators, predecessors, successors, and assigns, in their capacities as such, and any other person(s) claiming on their behalf, shall be deemed to have, and by operation of law and of this Judgment shall have, fully, finally and forever compromised, settled, released, resolved, relinquished, waived, and discharged each and every Released Defendants' Claim against Plaintiffs' Releasees, and shall forever be enjoined from prosecuting any or all of the Released Defendants' Claims against any of the Plaintiffs' Releasees.

10. As of the Effective Date of the Settlement, each person who has given any release pursuant to the foregoing ¶ 9 shall: (i) be deemed to have agreed to a covenant not to sue corresponding to the release given by such person; and (ii) shall be permanently enjoined from prosecuting any claim that such person has released.

12 11. The Court (and in particular the Honorable G. Murray Snow, if available, 13 and otherwise any other duly assigned Judge presiding in the Court) shall retain full, 14 complete, and exclusive authority to interpret and enforce the permanent injunction set 15 forth in the foregoing paragraph, and Lead Plaintiff and all Class Members expressly waive 16 all rights to seek any adjudication concerning the permanent injunction in any forum other 17 than the Court.

18 12. Notwithstanding paragraphs 9(a) – (b) above, nothing in this Judgment shall
19 bar any action by any of the Parties to enforce or effectuate the terms of the Stipulation or
20 this Judgment.

Rule 11 Findings – The Court finds and concludes that the Parties and their
respective counsel have complied in all respects with the requirements of Rule 11 of the
Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with the institution, prosecution, defense,
and settlement of the Action.

14. No Admissions – Neither this Judgment, the Stipulation (whether or not
consummated), including the exhibits thereto and the Plan of Allocation contained therein
(or any other plan of allocation that may be approved by the Court), the negotiations leading
to the execution of the Stipulation, nor any proceedings taken pursuant to or in connection

with the Stipulation and/or approval of the Settlement (including any arguments proffered in connection therewith):

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a. shall be offered against any of the Defendants' Releasees as evidence
of, or construed as, or deemed to be evidence of any presumption, concession, or
admission by any of the Defendants' Releasees with respect to the truth of any fact
alleged by Lead Plaintiff or the validity of any claim that was or could have been
asserted or the deficiency of any defense that has been or could have been asserted
in this Action or in any other litigation, or of any liability, negligence, fault, or other
wrongdoing of any kind of any of the Defendants' Releasees or in any way referred
to for any other reason as against any of the Defendants' Releasees, in any civil,
criminal or administrative action or proceeding, other than such proceedings as may
be necessary to effectuate the provisions of the Stipulation;

b. shall be offered against any of the Plaintiff's Releasees, as evidence of, or construed as, or deemed to be evidence of any presumption, concession or admission by any of the Plaintiff's Releasees that any of their claims are without merit, that any of the Defendants' Releasees had meritorious defenses, or that damages recoverable under the Complaint would not have exceeded the Settlement Amount or with respect to any liability, negligence, fault or wrongdoing of any kind, or in any way referred to for any other reason as against any of the Plaintiff's Releasees, in any civil, criminal or administrative action or proceeding, other than such proceedings as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of the Stipulation; or

c. shall be construed against any of the Releasees as an admission, concession, or presumption that the consideration to be given under the Settlement represents the amount which could be or would have been recovered after trial; provided, however, that the Parties and the Releasees and their respective counsel may refer to this Judgment and the Stipulation to effectuate the protections from liability granted hereunder and thereunder or otherwise to enforce the terms of the Settlement.

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15. Retention of Jurisdiction – Without affecting the finality of this Judgment in any way, this Court retains continuing and exclusive jurisdiction over: (a) the Parties for purposes of the administration, interpretation, implementation, and enforcement of the Settlement, including the interpretation and enforcement of all injunctions set forth herein;
(b) the disposition of the Settlement Fund; and (c) the Class Members for all matters relating to the Action.

8 16. The Court hereby finds that the proposed Plan of Allocation is a fair and
9 reasonable method to allocate the Net Settlement Fund among Settlement Class Members,
10 and Plaintiff's Counsel and the Claims Administrator are directed to administer the Plan of
11 Allocation in accordance with its terms and the terms of the Stipulation.

12 17. Plaintiff's Counsel are hereby awarded \$425,000, 25% of the Settlement
13 Amount in fees, together with interest thereon, which the Court finds to be fair and
14 reasonable, and \$30,303.42 in reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses. The Lead
15 Plaintiff is hereby awarded \$2,600, which the Court finds to be fair and reasonable.
16 Defendants and the Released Parties shall have no responsibility for, and no liability
17 whatsoever with respect to, any payments to Class Counsel, Lead Plaintiff, the Settlement
18 Class and/or any other Person who receives payment from the Settlement Fund.

19 18. Modification of the Agreement of Settlement – Without further approval
20 from the Court, Lead Plaintiff and Defendants are hereby authorized to agree to and adopt
21 such amendments or modifications of the Stipulation or any exhibits attached thereto to
22 effectuate the Settlement that: (a) are not materially inconsistent with this Judgment; and
23 (b) do not materially limit the rights of Class Members in connection with the Settlement
24 Without further order of the Court, Lead Plaintiff and Defendants may agree to reasonable
25 extensions of time to carry out any provisions of the Settlement.

19. Termination of Settlement – If the Settlement is terminated as provided in
the Stipulation or the Effective Date of the Settlement otherwise fails to occur, this
Judgment shall be vacated, rendered null and void and be of no further force and effect,

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except as otherwise provided by the Stipulation, and this Judgment shall be without prejudice to the rights of Lead Plaintiff, the other Class Members, and Defendants, and the Parties shall revert to their respective positions in the Action as of as of the date immediately prior to the execution of the Stipulation, as provided in the Stipulation.

20. Entry of Final Judgment – There is no just reason to delay the entry of this Judgment as a final judgment in this Action. Accordingly, the Clerk of the Court is expressly directed to immediately enter this final judgment in this Action.

Dated this 8th day of March, 2021.

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G. Murray Snow Chief United States District Judge