IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS JONESBORO DIVISION

KEVIN NUTT and LISA NUTT,	*	
	*	
Plaintiffs,	*	
VS.	*	No. 3:10-cv-00307-SWW
	*	
	*	
STAFFORD KEES; CARROLL COUNTY	*	
NURSING AND REHAB CENTER, INC., an	*	
Arkansas Corporation; OSCEOLA NURSING	*	
HOME, LLP, an Arkansas Limited Liability	*	
Partnership; OSCEOLA THERAPY AND	*	
LIVING CENTER, INC., an Arkansas	*	
Corporation; OSCEOLA HEALTHCARE,	*	
PLLC, an Arkansas Professional	*	
Limited Liability Company; and HOPE	*	
HEALTHCARE, LLC, an Arkansas Limited	*	
Liability Company,	*	
	*	
Defendants.	*	

ORDER OF DEFAULT

Plaintiffs Kevin Nutt and Lisa Nutt bring this action pursuant to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. § 1001 *et seq.*, alleging that defendants, Stafford Kees, Carroll County Nursing & Rehab Center, Inc., Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, Osceola Therapy & Living Center, Inc., Osceola Healthcare, PLLC, and Hope Healthcare, LLC, failed to make health insurance premium payments to a group health plan despite making deductions from pay to cover such premiums. Plaintiffs further allege that they were employed by defendants in various capacities and that their employment was terminated in retaliation for insisting that defendants provide the benefits they had been promised.

By Order entered August 10, 2011 [doc.#30], the Court informed the parties that it would permit the the law firm of Mitchell, Williams, Selig, Gates & Woodyard, PLLC (The "Law Firm'') to withdraw as counsel of record for separate defendants. The Court noted, however, that because two of the separate defendants–Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC–are business entities and the law does not allow a corporation or other business entity to proceed pro se, the Court would not grant the Law Firm's motion to withdraw at that time but would impose a withdrawal notice period in order to allow separate defendants time in which to obtain substitute counsel.¹ In this respect, the Court informed the parties that the Law Firm's motion to withdraw from representation of Stafford Kees, Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC would be granted either when substitute counsel enters an appearance on their behalf or on September 1, 2011, whichever occurs first. The Court directed that the Law Firm notify separate defendants Stafford Kees, Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC in writing that its motion to withdraw will be granted no later than September 1, 2011, that a corporation or business entity cannot proceed pro se in federal court, and that Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC risk default judgments if they fail to obtain substitute counsel before September 1, 2011.

On August 30, 2011, the Law Firm filed a Certificate of Compliance which reflects that on August 11, 2011, the Law firm fully complied with this Court's August 10th Order. Despite ample notice, no substitute counsel entered an appearance for separate defendants Stafford Kees, Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC.

By Order entered September 1, 2011 [doc.#32], the Court, in accordance with this

¹ The Court noted that if the Law Firm's motion to withdraw as counsel of record for Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC were granted immediately, these defendants would technically be in default at that time. *See Tribuilt Const. Group, LLC v. International Fidelity Ins. Co.*, No. 2:10-cv-02052, 2011 WL 2357659, at *1 (W.D.Ark. June 13, 2011) (noting that business entities "were technically in default when they failed to obtain substitute counsel, as the law does not allow a corporation or other business entity to proceed pro se") (citing *Ackra Direct Mktg. Corp. v. Fingerhut Corp.*, 86 F.3d 852 (8th Cir. 1996)).

Court's August 10th Order and the Law Firm's Certificate of Compliance, granted the Law Firm's motion to withdraw as counsel for separate defendants Stafford Kees, Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC.

On November 15, 2011, plaintiffs filed a motion [doc.#35] for default judgment against Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC as these entities failed to obtain substitute counsel. None of the defendants responded in opposition to plaintiffs' motion for default judgment.

Rule 55 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contemplates a two step process for the entry of default judgments. *Fraserside IP L.L.C. v. Youngtek Solutions Ltd.*, — F.Supp.2d —, 2011 WL 2689058, at *2 (N.D.Iowa July 12, 2011) (citation and internal quotation marks omitted). First, pursuant to Rule 55(a), the party seeking a default judgment must have the Clerk enter the default by submitting the required proof that the opposing party has failed to plead or otherwise defend. *Id.* Second, pursuant to Rule 55(b), the moving party may seek entry of judgment on the default under either subdivision (b)(1) or (b)(2) of the rule. *Id.* Entry of default under Rule 55(a) must precede grant of a default judgment under Rule 55(b). *Id.*

By Order entered December 1, 2011 [doc.#37], the Court construed the present motion as one for entry of default by the Clerk and for entry of default by this Court. Accordingly, the Court referred the motion to the Clerk for consideration and directed that in the event that a clerk's default is entered, the Clerk not term the motion. Rather, the Court would then consider plaintiffs' motion for default judgment pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 55(b).

On December 5, 2011, the Clerk entered a Clerk's Default [doc.#38] against Osceola Nursing Home, LLP, and Osceola Healthcare, PLLC, which provides as follows:

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The Defendants, OSCEOLA NURSING HOME, LLP, and OSCEOLA HEALTHCARE, PLLC, have not obtained substitute counsel, as directed by the Court in its Order of August 10, 2011 (document no. 30). Despite ample notice, no substitute counsel has entered an appearance for Defendants OSCEOLA NURSING HOME, LLP, and OSCEOLA HEALTHCARE, PLLC, as of this date. The parties were warned that they risked default judgment if they failed to obtain substitute counsel. Furthermore the Defendants, OSCEOLA NURSING HOME, LLP, and OSCEOLA HEALTHCARE, PLLC, failed to respond to Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment (document no. 35).

Therefore, pursuant to Rule 55(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, default is herein entered against the Defendants, OSCEOLA NURSING HOME, LLP, and OSCEOLA HEALTHCARE, PLLC.

The Clerk having properly entered a Clerk's Default under Fed.R.Civ.P. 55(a), the Court

now proceeds to a determination of plaintiffs' motion for default judgment under Fed.R.Civ.P.

55(b). Because the law does not allow a corporation or other business entity to proceed pro se in

federal court, and as separate defendants Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and Osceola Healthcare,

PLLC have failed to obtain substitute counsel despite ample warning of the consequences of

their failure to do so, these defendants are in default. Accordingly, the Court grants plaintiffs'

unopposed motion for default judgment [doc.#35] against Osceola Nursing Home, LLP and

Osceola Healthcare, PLLC. The Court will schedule a damages hearing at the conclusion of the

time for conducting discovery, which currently is March 16, 2012. See Doc.#36.²

IT IS SO ORDERED this 5th day of December 2011.

/s/Susan Webber Wright

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

² In their motion for default judgment, plaintiffs ask that the Court "[d]efer assessing damages against [these defendants] until such time as Plaintiffs have proved the amount of said damages." Plaintiffs may request a damages hearing prior to March 16, 2012, should they so choose (although docket considerations will factor into setting a date for a damages hearing).