

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS  
JONESBORO DIVISION**

**TRACY HOGAN**

**PLAINTIFF**

**V.**

**NO. 3:14CV156-BD**

**CAROLYN W. COLVIN, Acting Commissioner,  
Social Security Administration**

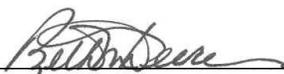
**DEFENDANT**

**ORDER**

Oral argument hearing was held on June 11, 2015. Following a review of the record and arguments presented by counsel, the Court announced its findings of fact and conclusions of law, affirming the Commissioner's decision. Based on the record as a whole, there was sufficient evidence to support the decision that Ms. Hogan was not disabled within the meaning of the Social Security Act as of the time of the hearing before the Administrative Law Judge. An excerpted transcript with detailed findings and conclusions is attached.

Accordingly, the decision of the Commissioner is affirmed, and the case is hereby dismissed, with prejudice.

So ordered, this 1st day of July, 2015.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS  
JONESBORO DIVISION

TRACY HOGAN, .  
PLAINTIFF, . Docket No. 3:14-CV-00156-BD  
VS. . Little Rock, Arkansas  
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION . June 11, 2015  
COMMISSIONER, . 9:59 A.M.  
DEFENDANT. .  
. . . . .

TRANSCRIPT OF  
EXCERPTED ORAL FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW  
IN ORAL ARGUMENT HEARING  
BEFORE THE HONORABLE BETH DEERE  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

ELECTRONIC COURT RECORDER-OPERATOR: Ms. Suzy Flippen

Transcription Service: Robin Warbritton  
Post Office Box 262  
Vilonia, AR 72173  
(501) 796-6560

PROCEEDINGS RECORDED BY ELECTRONIC SOUND RECORDING.  
TRANSCRIPT PRODUCED BY TRANSCRIPTION SERVICE.

1 APPEARANCES:

2 For the Plaintiff: Mr. Greg Wallace  
3 C/O Bartels Law Firm  
4 Post Office Box 1640  
5 Jonesboro, AR 72403-1640

6 For the Defendant: Ms. Angeline S. Reese  
7 Social Security Administration  
8 Office of the General Counsel  
9 1301 Young Street  
10 Suite A702  
11 Dallas, TX 75202-5433  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25



1 2011; first, alleging an onset date of January 1, 2001 -- 2007  
2 -- excuse me -- but later amending the onset date to October  
3 14, 2011.

4           The ALJ followed the five-step analysis that ALJ's  
5 use in every case. He did find that Ms. Hogan had severe  
6 impairments; carpel tunnel syndrome of the upper left  
7 extremity, joint pain, lumbago, tremors, depression, anxiety  
8 disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, and polysubstance  
9 abuse in remission.

10           Based on these impairments, as well as non-severe  
11 impairments, the ALJ found that Ms. Hogan could perform a  
12 reduced range of light work. To accommodate her physical  
13 impairments, the ALJ limited her to jobs that would require no  
14 more than frequent reaching and handling with her left non-  
15 dominant hand and wrist. In addition, she would not be able  
16 to climb ladders or scaffolds and could not be exposed to  
17 unrestricted heights.

18           To accommodate her mental impairments, the ALJ  
19 limited Ms. Hogan to performing simple unskilled or rote  
20 activities and to understanding, following, and remembering  
21 concrete instructions. He further limited her to jobs  
22 requiring only limited contact with the public, superficial  
23 contact with coworkers and supervisors.

24           Ms. Hogan had no past relevant work, but a Vocational  
25 Expert identified jobs that are available in sufficient

1 numbers that a person with Ms. Hogan's limitations could  
2 perform.

3 Ms. Hogan raises several points on appeal. She  
4 challenges the ALJ's Residual Functional Capacity  
5 determination. Her appeal focused primarily -- focuses  
6 primarily on her mental impairments. And there's not a -- I'm  
7 going to say there's not a serious argument that the ALJ erred  
8 with respect to her physical limitations. Although she raises  
9 some of those in her argument today, they're not seriously  
10 challenged in her brief. And I'm -- to me, it's clear that  
11 the limitations set out by the ALJ adequately accommodate her  
12 physical limitations; that is, her carpal tunnel syndrome and  
13 her tremors, as well as her joint pain, lumbago. She's --  
14 she's limited to a reduced range of light work according to  
15 the ALJ.

16 So, turning to her mental impairments, she makes  
17 three general arguments. First, that the ALJ did not  
18 adequately consider all of the medical opinions of the  
19 consulting psychologist, Mary Ellen Zeoco, who is a Ph.D.  
20 psychologist. Dr. Zeoco examined Ms. Hogan on December 20th,  
21 2011. That part of her opinion that the ALJ should have  
22 considered, according to Ms. Hogan, are her opinions that Ms.  
23 Hogan, and I'm quoting here:

24 "Might sometimes have some  
25 difficulty sustaining

1 concentration on basic tasks due  
2 to emotional distress."

3 End quote. That she, quote:

4 "Might have some difficulty  
5 sustaining persistence in  
6 completing tasks due to emotional  
7 distress."

8 End quote. And also that she, quote:

9 "Might have some difficulty  
10 completing work-like tasks within  
11 an acceptable time frame."

12 End quote.

13 Again, Ms. Hogan argues that the ALJ should have  
14 given more weight to not only these opinions, but also to the  
15 Global Assessment Functioning score, or sometimes we shorthand  
16 that to GAF, the GAF Score of 45, which is -- is extremely  
17 low.

18 Her second general argument is that the ALJ's  
19 credibility determination was flawed. And in support of that,  
20 she cites her long history of treatment and prescription  
21 medications. She argues that the ALJ put too much reliance on  
22 the state agency doctor, who did not examine Ms. Hogan, and  
23 that would be Dr. Kevin Santulli, who is also a Ph.D.  
24 psychologist.

25 And her third general argument is that the ALJ should

1 have more fully developed the record if he found that Dr.  
2 Zeoco's report was vague and ambiguous.

3 I do find that substantial evidence supports the  
4 ALJ's decision. His -- first of all, his observation that Dr.  
5 Zeoco's opinions were based heavily on Ms. Hogan's subjective  
6 complaints is accurate. A large part of her report repeats  
7 the history that Ms. Hogan herself gives. And I would point  
8 out that Dr. Zeoco's opinion was reviewed by another  
9 psychologist, as I've said, Dr. Kevin Santulli. So he had the  
10 benefit of Dr. Zeoco's report when he fashioned his opinion.

11 I do think it's important to note that Dr. Zeoco also  
12 noted that Ms. Hogan's activities of daily living, that  
13 included she drives, she has a driver's license, she completes  
14 activities of daily living without assistance, except that her  
15 15 year old apparently helps her put on makeup because of her  
16 tremors. She communicates in a socially adequate manner,  
17 communicates in an effective and intelligible manner. She's  
18 able to cope with the typical cognitive demands of basic work-  
19 like activities, manages her own funds. Her thought process  
20 is logical, relevant, goal orient -- goal directed. She lives  
21 with her mother and three of her five children, since  
22 separating from what sounds like her no-account husband.

23 So, I think that there was no necessity for the ALJ  
24 to ask Dr. Zeoco to clarify her opinion. The opinion about  
25 possible problems were so speculative, including words like

1 "They might sometimes; she might sometimes have some  
2 difficulty." That's really not enough to support a finding  
3 that she would have those problems.

4 Ms. Hogan herself testified at the hearing about her  
5 activities of daily living and testified that she helps get  
6 her children ready for school, she does laundry, picks up  
7 around the house, cooks some, helps her children with their  
8 homework, and puts them to bed after they have bathed and  
9 gotten ready for bed.

10 The ALJ was not required to adopt every part of the  
11 opinion of this consulting doctor, psychologist, who saw her  
12 only once. And he certainly was not required to give  
13 controlling weight to that one GAF score of 45. The current  
14 DSM, which is DSM-5, has eliminate -- has eliminated the use  
15 of GAF scores, in part, because of their, quote:

16 "Conceptual lack of clarity and  
17 questionable psychometrics and  
18 routine practice."

19 Moreover, the Social Security regs make it clear that  
20 GAF scores are not dispositive.

21 The ALJ also properly took into account  
22 inconsistencies in Ms. Hogan's testimony. You know, in spite  
23 of her testimony about these disabling tremors, the ALJ  
24 observed no tremors at the time of the hearing. And at the  
25 time of the hearing, she had not been to see her primary care

1 doctor for approximately five months. And there's no record  
2 of her ever seeking treatment for her mental health problems  
3 except her visits to her primary care physician.

4 Other inconsistencies are in the record. She refers  
5 to lupus causing memory problems, but there's no diagnosis of  
6 lupus that I found anywhere in the record.

7 The ALJ also properly noted her poor work history,  
8 although I don't put a lot of -- a lot of weight on that, she  
9 is 32 years old and had five children, she didn't have much  
10 opportunity to find work. So, I'm not particularly dwelling  
11 on that, although that is something that ALJs can properly  
12 consider. And again, her lack of mental health treatment.

13 So, because of all of this, I think that the ALJ  
14 adequately accommodated all of her mental impairments that are  
15 fairly supported by the record.

16 So, I find no legal error. And for the reasons we've  
17 just discussed, I find there's substantial evidence to support  
18 the decision here that Ms. Hogan was not disabled within the  
19 meaning of the Social Security Act as of the time of the  
20 hearing. Although there is certainly evidence on the other  
21 side, I don't find that this is really a very close case.  
22 There is ample evidence here to support the decision.

23 So, we will have a transcript of the findings and  
24 conclusions prepared. And that will be attached to an order.  
25 That will take a couple of weeks or so.

1 I do want to thank the lawyers. Professor Wallace  
 2 always makes an excellent argument and makes the most out of  
 3 the record. There just was not much of a record in this case  
 4 to -- that he could work with in this case. Also, thanks to  
 5 Ms. Reese from the Social Security Administration. You did a  
 6 very good job, as well.

7 So, if there's nothing further. We are adjourned.

8 MR. WALLACE: Thank you, Your Honor.

9 MS. REESE: Thank you, Judge.

10 (Adjournment at 10:36 a.m.)

11 ELECTRONIC SOUND RECORDING CERTIFICATION:

12 I, court approved transcriber, certify that the foregoing is a  
 13 correct transcript from the official electronic sound  
 14 recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

15  
 16 /s/Robin Warbritton June 25, 2015  
 Signature of Approved Transcriber Date

17  
 18 Robin Warbritton  
 Typed or Printed Name

19  
 20  
 21  
 22  
 23  
 24  
 25