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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS NORTHERN DIVISION

AMBER NICOLE DEERE

PLAINTIFF

v.

3:24CV00096-BSM-JTK

MALLORY WEST, et al.

DEFENDANTS

ORDER

Amber Nicole Deere ("Plaintiff") is in custody at the Cross County Detention Center. She filed a Motion to Proceed In Forma Pauperis ("IFP Motion") in order to commence a <u>pro se</u> federal civil rights action without prepayment of the \$405.00 filing fees and costs. (Doc. No. 1). Plaintiff's IFP Motion (Doc. No. 1) is DENIED because she has not included a calculation sheet and certificate signed by an authorized official of the facility in which Plaintiff is incarcerated.

According to the Prison Litigation Reform Act ("PLRA"), a prisoner who is allowed to file a civil action in forma pauperis still must pay the full amount of the \$350 filing fee. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). Furthermore, before docketing the complaint or, as soon thereafter as practicable, the Court must review the complaint to identify cognizable claims or dismiss the complaint if it: (1) is frivolous or malicious; (2) fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted; or (3) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915A. If the case is dismissed for any of these reasons, there is no provision in the Act for a refund of any portion of the filing fee to the prisoner.

¹ Effective December 1, 2023, the statutory filing fee for civil actions increased to \$405, due to the implementation of a \$55 administrative fee. This \$55 fee does not, however, apply to <u>in forma pauperis</u> actions.

Under the Act, in order for the Court to determine how the \$350 filing fee will be paid, the prisoner is required to submit a certificate and calculation sheet prepared and signed by an authorized official of the incarcerating facility. This calculation sheet reflects the deposits and monthly balances in the inmate's trust account at the facility during the sixmonth period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2). The prisoner is also required to submit "an affidavit that includes a statement of all assets such prisoner possesses" 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1). The Act also provides that in no event shall a prisoner be prohibited from bringing a civil action because he "has no assets and no means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(4).

As mentioned above, Plaintiff did not submit a signed calculation sheet or certificate with her IFP Motion. The Court needs both a signed certificate and signed calculation sheet in ruling on Plaintiff's IFP Motion.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that

- 1. Plaintiff's Motion to Proceed <u>In Forma Pauperis</u> (Doc. No. 1) is DENIED without prejudice.
- 2. Plaintiff must submit either the \$405 statutory filing fee or a completed in forma pauperis application, with the required calculation sheet signed by an authorized official of the incarcerating facility, within thirty (30) days of the entry date of this Order.²
- 3. The Clerk of the Court is directed send to Plaintiff an <u>in forma pauperis</u> application, including certificate and calculation sheet.

² Plaintiff is hereby notified of his responsibility to comply with the Local Rules of the Court, including Rule 5.5(c)(2), which provides, in part: "If any communication from the Court to a <u>pro se</u> plaintiff is not responded to within thirty (30) days, the case may be dismissed without prejudice. Any party proceeding <u>pro se</u> shall be expected to be familiar with and follow the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure."

IT IS SO ORDERED this 5th day of June, 2024.

JEROME T. KEARNEY

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE