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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS FORT SMITH DIVISION

JEFFERY RAY LUDLOW

PLAINTIFF

v.

Civil No. 2:19-CV-02155

LIEUTENANT/CAPTAIN C. DOWDY

DEFENDANT

OPINION AND ORDER

Plaintiff proceeds in this matter *pro se* and *in forma pauperis* pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Currently before the Court is Plaintiff's failure to obey a Court Order and to prosecute this case.

I. BACKGROUND

Plaintiff filed his Complaint on December 12, 2019. (ECF No. 1). The Court entered an Order granting him *in forma pauperis* status that same day. (ECF No. 3). In that Order, Plaintiff was advised that he must inform the Court of any change of address no later than 30 days from the date of that change or his case would be subject to dismissal. (*Id.*). On December 23, 2019, and December 26, 2019, mail sent to Plaintiff was returned as undeliverable. (ECF No's. 6, 7). Plaintiff's deadline to inform the Court of his new address was set for January 22, 2020. (ECF No. 6). To date, Plaintiff has failed to inform the Court of his address, and has not otherwise communicated with the Court.

II. LEGAL STANDARD

Although *pro se* pleadings are to be construed liberally, a *pro se* litigant is not excused from complying with substantive and procedural law. *Burgs v. Sissel*, 745 F.2d 526, 528 (8th Cir. 1984). The local rules state in pertinent part:

It is the duty of any party not represented by counsel to promptly notify the Clerk and the other parties to the proceedings of any change in his or her address, to monitor the progress of the case, and to prosecute or defend the action diligently.

... If any communication from the Court to a *pro se* plaintiff is not responded to within thirty (30) days, the case may be dismissed without prejudice. Any party proceeding *pro se* shall be expected to be familiar with and follow the Federal Rules

of Civil Procedure.

Local Rule 5.5(c)(2).

Additionally, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure specifically contemplate dismissal of a

case on the grounds that the plaintiff failed to prosecute or failed to comply with orders of the

court. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626, 630-31 (1962) (stating that

the district court possesses the power to dismiss sua sponte under Rule 41(b)). Pursuant to Rule

41(b), a district court has the power to dismiss an action based on "the plaintiff's failure to comply

with any court order." Brown v. Frey, 806 F.2d 801, 803-04 (8th Cir. 1986) (emphasis added).

III. ANALYSIS

Plaintiff has failed to keep the Court apprised of his current address as required by Local

Rule 5.5(c)(2). Plaintiff has failed to comply with a Court Order. Plaintiff has failed to prosecute

this matter. Accordingly, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) and Local Rule

5.5(c)(2) Plaintiff's Complaint should be dismissed without prejudice for failure to comply with

the Court's Local Rules and Orders and failure to prosecute this case.

IV. CONCLUSION

For these reasons, IT IS ORDERED that Plaintiff's claims are DISMISSED WITHOUT

PREJUDICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 13th day of February 2020.

P. K. HOLMES, III

U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

/s/P. K. Holmes, III

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