IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS HARRISON DIVISION

RHONDA M. HENDERSON

PLAINTIFF

v.

CIVIL NO. 18-3080

NANCY A. BERRYHILL, Commissioner Social Security Administration

DEFENDANT

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Plaintiff, Rhonda M. Henderson, brings this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g), seeking judicial review of a decision of the Commissioner of the Social Security Administration (Commissioner) denying her claims for a period of disability and disability insurance benefits (DIB) under the provisions of Title II of the Social Security Act (Act). In this judicial review, the Court must determine whether there is substantial evidence in the administrative record to support the Commissioner's decision. See 42 U.S.C. § 405(g).

Plaintiff protectively filed her current application for DIB on April 29, 2016, alleging an inability to work since December 15, 2015, due to fibromyalgia and chronic fatigue syndrome. (Tr. 58, 144). An administrative hearing was held on May 19, 2017, at which Plaintiff appeared with counsel and testified. (Tr. 29-56).

By written decision dated December 26, 2017, the ALJ found that during the relevant time period, Plaintiff had an impairment or combination of impairments that were severe. (Tr. 17). Specifically, the ALJ found Plaintiff had the following severe impairments: fibromyalgia and osteoarthritis. However, after reviewing all of the evidence presented, the ALJ determined that Plaintiff's impairments did not meet or equal the level of severity of any

impairment listed in the Listing of Impairments found in Appendix I, Subpart P, Regulation No. 4. (Tr. 19). The ALJ found Plaintiff retained the residual functional capacity (RFC) to:

perform sedentary work as defined in 20 CFR 404.1567(a) except the claimant is able to frequently climb, balance, crawl, kneel, stoop, crouch and handle.

(Tr. 20). With the help of a vocational expert, the ALJ determined Plaintiff could perform her past relevant work as a telemarketer as actually and normally performed; and an insurance agent as actually performed. (Tr. 22).

Plaintiff then requested a review of the hearing decision by the Appeals Council, which denied that request on June 25, 2018. (Tr. 1-6). Subsequently, Plaintiff filed this action. (Doc. 1). This case is before the undersigned pursuant to the consent of the parties. (Doc. 5). Both parties have filed appeal briefs, and the case is now ready for decision. (Docs. 12, 14).

This Court's role is to determine whether the Commissioner's findings are supported by substantial evidence on the record as a whole. Ramirez v. Barnhart, 292 F.3d 576, 583 (8th Cir. 2002). Substantial evidence is less than a preponderance but it is enough that a reasonable mind would find it adequate to support the Commissioner's decision. The ALJ's decision must be affirmed if the record contains substantial evidence to support it. Edwards v. Barnhart, 314 F.3d 964, 966 (8th Cir. 2003). As long as there is substantial evidence in the record that supports the Commissioner's decision, the Court may not reverse it simply because substantial evidence exists in the record that would have supported a contrary outcome, or because the Court would have decided the case differently. Haley v. Massanari, 258 F.3d 742, 747 (8th Cir. 2001). In other words, if after reviewing the record it is possible to draw two inconsistent positions from the evidence and one of those positions represents

the findings of the ALJ, the decision of the ALJ must be affirmed. <u>Young v. Apfel</u>, 221 F.3d 1065, 1068 (8th Cir. 2000).

The Court has reviewed the entire transcript and the parties' briefs. For the reasons

stated in the ALJ's well-reasoned opinion and the Government's brief, the Court finds

Plaintiff's arguments on appeal to be without merit and finds that the record as a whole

reflects substantial evidence to support the ALJ's decision. Accordingly, the ALJ's decision

is hereby summarily affirmed and Plaintiff's Complaint is dismissed with prejudice. See

Sledge v. Astrue, No. 08-0089, 2008 WL 4816675 (W.D. Mo. Oct. 31, 2008) (summarily

affirming ALJ's denial of disability benefits), aff'd, 364 Fed. Appx. 307 (8th Cir. 2010).

DATED this 10th day of June 2019.

s/Erin L. Wiedemann

HON. ERIN L. WIEDEMANN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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