

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS
HOT SPRINGS DIVISION**

WILLIAM GIRLINGHOUSE and
TONI GIRLINGHOUSE

PLAINTIFFS

V.

NO. 6:15-CV-06008-RTD

CAPELLA HEALTHCARE, INC., et al.

DEFENDANTS

AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

The parties to this case, through their respective counsel, agree to protect the confidentiality of certain information (including deposition testimony) and documents (including documents stored in any electronic format) which may be discovered or offered into evidence at the trial of this case. The parties agree that the confidentiality of such information and documents shall be preserved under the terms of this Protective Order.

1. Documents containing “Confidential” information to which this Protective Order applies will be produced with a notation on each such document that it is “CONFIDENTIAL” and “subject to a protective order,” with such notation to be printed or stamped in a location that does not obscure any data or image on the document(s).

2. For purpose of this Protective Order, “Confidential” information to which this Protective Order applies shall include:

- a. All materials produced in response to items D through J and M of the plaintiff’s first set of requests for production; and

b. All other information and documents entitled to protection under Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

3. Each “Confidential” document so notated will be kept confidential by the parties, their legal counsel, and consulting or testifying expert witnesses and will be used only by the parties, their legal counsel, and any consulting or testifying expert witnesses in this proceeding. Each party, legal counsel, and consulting or testing expert witness will be provided a copy of the protective order and must agree to abide by same before being given any of the information.

4. The inadvertent production, without designation as confidential, of information or a document intended to be designated or that should have been designated as being confidential shall not waive the right to so designate such document or information. Any information or documentation that is inadvertently not designated as being confidential when produced shall be, upon written request of the producing party, thereafter treated as being designated as confidential under this Protective Order.

5. Should any “Confidential” document so designated be discussed in or used as an exhibit in any deposition, the document and each transcript page that discusses the same will be subject to the terms of this Protective Order.

6. In addition, a party may designate as “CONFIDENTIAL” portions of any deposition transcript wherein “Confidential” information or materials designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” are identified, discussed, or disclosed. Portions of a deposition transcript so designated will be subject to the terms of this Protective

Order. The designation must be made by letter sent by facsimile or electronic mail to opposing counsel within twenty-one (21) business days after receipt of the transcript. Any confidentiality designation asserted on the record during a deposition must be confirmed in writing within this same time period, providing the specific pages and lines of the transcript that are designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." The portions of a deposition transcript subject to a confidentiality designation asserted on the record during a deposition must be treated as "CONFIDENTIAL" and therefore subject to this Protective Order until 5:00 p.m. Central Time on the twenty first (21st) business day after receipt of the transcript. All portions of the deposition transcript not automatically deemed subject to this Protective Order under Paragraph 5 and not designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" by 5:00 p.m. Central Time on the twenty first (21st) business day after receipt of the transcript are excluded from the protections of this Protective Order.

7. A party who wishes to challenge the "CONFIDENTIAL" designation made by the producing party of any materials must first attempt in good faith to confer with lawyers for the producing party in an effort to resolve the issue amicably. If agreement cannot be reached, the challenging party may file a motion asking the Court to remove the designation. The motion should describe with specificity the particular materials for which the designation is being challenged and set forth with specificity the particular materials that are not properly designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." The party seeking to maintain materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" generally will bear the burden of proving that the designation is

proper. Materials designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" will continue to be treated as such and subject to the provisions of this Protective Order pending determination by the Court of the merits of any such challenge.

8. Subject to the Federal Rules of Evidence, any confidential information or documents may be offered in evidence at trial or any Court hearing. Any party may move the Court to prevent unnecessary disclosure of confidential information and documents.

9. Any material submitted to or filed with the Court which contains "Confidential" information to which this Protective Order applies shall be filed under seal, in a sealed envelope marked to indicate that the enclosed material is confidential and is to be made available only to the presiding judge and the judge's staff unless and until the Court orders otherwise. The parties may agree subsequently to exclude any information or documents from coverage under this Protective Order and, upon motion of a party or upon the Court's own motion, the Court may exclude any information or documents from coverage under this Protective Order. Nothing in this Protective Order shall restrict any use by a producing party of its own confidential information or documents.

10. No lawyer for a party may comment in the presence of the jury on the reasons or motivation for designating materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" without first having obtained permission from the Court to do so.

11. The information and documentation covered under this Protective Order shall be used only for purposes of this litigation. No individual shall disclose

any of the documents or information to any other individual, directly or indirectly, except as authorized by this Protective Order. Except in connection with this litigation, no individual shall use any of the information or documentation to the detriment of the producing party or for any other business or financial benefit of the individual.

12. In the event of a disclosure in violation of this Protective Order (whether intentional or unintentional), the disclosing party shall immediately notify the opposing party of the disclosure and take immediate action to prevent further disclosure. In the event either party is subpoenaed or otherwise required by legal process to disclose the information, that party shall immediately notify the opposing party and provide it with an opportunity to object before any disclosure is made.

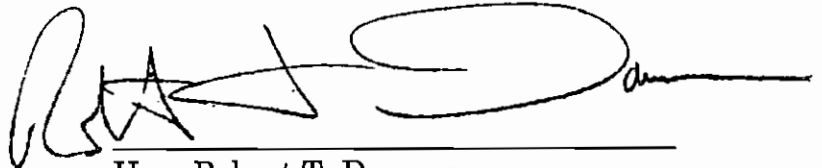
13. Within sixty (60) days after the conclusion of all aspects of the litigation of this case, whether by settlement, final judgment or appeal, confidential documents and all copies in print (other than exhibits of record), on computer disc or in any type of electronic format shall be destroyed or returned to the party which produced the documents.

IT IS SO ORDERED on this 9th day of December, 2015.

US DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DIST ARKANSAS
FILED

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DOUGLAS F. YOUNG, Clerk
By
Deputy Clerk



Hon. Robert T. Dawson
United States District Judge