1	DAN WOODS (State Bar No. 78638)	
2	PATRICK HUNNIUS (State Bar No. 174 WHITE & CASE LLP	4633)
3	633 West Fifth Street, Suite 1900 Los Angeles, CA 90071-2007	
4	Telephone: (213) 620-7700 Facsimile: (213) 452-2329	
5	E-mail: dwoods@whitecase.com E-mail: phunnius@whitecase.com	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
7	Log Cabin Republicans	
8	MICHAEL F. HERTZ PAUL G. FREEBORNE	
9	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CIVIL DIVISION, P.O. Box 883	
10	Washington, D.C. 20044 Telephone: (202) 353-0543 Facsimile: (202) 616-8202	
11	E-mail: paul.freeborne@usdoj.gov	
12	Attorneys for Defendants United States of America and Robert M.	Catao
13	United States of America and Robert M.	Gales
14	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
15	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
16		
17	LOG CABIN REPUBLICANS, a non-	Case No. CV04-8425 VAP (Ex)
18	profit corporation,	
19		JOINT STATUS REPORT
20	Plaintiff,	Status Conference: Date: January 28, 2009
21	VS.	Time: 9:00 a.m.
22		Complaint Filed: October 12, 2004
23	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and ROBERT M. GATES (substituted for	Trial [*] Date: None scheduled
24	Donald H. Rumsfeld pursuant to FRCP	
25	25(d)), SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, in his official capacity,	
26	in ins official capacity,	
20 27	Defendants.	
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20		
	LOSANGELES 802972 (2K)	JOINT STATUS REPORT

1 Plaintiff Log Cabin Republicans ("Plaintiff"), on the one hand, and 2 Defendants United States of America and Robert M. Gates (substituted for Donald 3 H. Rumsfeld pursuant to FRCP 25(d)), Secretary of Defense, in his official capacity 4 ("Defendants"), on the other hand, submit the following Joint Status Report in 5 anticipation of the January 28, 2009 status conference in this action.

Procedural History

8 Plaintiff filed its complaint in the above-captioned action on October 12, 9 2004. The action presents a constitutional challenge to the United States Military's 10 "Don't Ask, Don't Tell, Don't Pursue" statute. The case was initially assigned to 11 Judge Schiavelli. On December 14, 2004, Defendants moved to dismiss Plaintiff's 12 complaint. On March, 12, 2006, the Court granted the motion to dismiss with leave 13 to amend, on standing grounds.

14 Plaintiff filed its first amended complaint on April 28, 2006. Defendants 15 again moved to dismiss on June 12, 2006. A hearing on the motion to dismiss was 16 held on June 18, 2007 before Judge Schiavelli, at the conclusion of which the Court 17 stated that the matter was submitted for decision.

18 In May 2008, while the motion remained under submission, the Ninth Circuit 19 issued its decision in *Witt v. Air Force*, 527 F.3d 806 (9th Cir. 2008). As a result of 20 that decision, on May 23, 2008, Judge Schiavelli stayed all further proceedings in 21 this action and vacated the submission of the motion to dismiss. The stay was to 22 remain in effect until the final disposition in *Witt*.

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On July 24, 2008, Plaintiff filed a Petition for Writ of Mandamus before the 24 Ninth Circuit challenging the stay order as improperly indefinite. On October 16, 25 2008, the Ninth Circuit ordered the Government to respond to Plaintiff's Petition. 26 On October 30, 2008, the Government responded to the Petition. The Petition is 27 currently pending.

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While the stay was in effect, Judge Schiavelli retired from the bench and the

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case was reassigned to this Court.

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On December 4, 2008, the Ninth Circuit denied rehearing and denied rehearing *en banc* in *Witt*. 548 F.3d 1264 (9th Cir. 2008).

Plaintiff's Position

6 In light of the Ninth Circuit's denial of rehearing and of rehearing *en banc* in 7 *Witt*, Plaintiff submits that the stay order should be lifted and this case should 8 resume. The *Witt* holding is now authoritative and provides added guidance to this 9 Court in adjudicating the currently pending motion to dismiss. As a result, Plaintiff 10 requests that this Court set a schedule for the parties to submit additional briefing 11 and argument addressing the effect of the *Witt* holding upon the pending motion to 12 dismiss. Plaintiff further requests that, at the conclusion of this briefing, the motion 13 to dismiss again be argued and then decided.

14 Defendants' discussion, below, provides the Court a preview of their 15 arguments regarding the effect of the *Witt* decision. Plaintiff will not burden this 16 Court with substantive argument at this time. Plaintiff notes, however, that while 17 defendants initially advocate for the maintenance of stay, the balance of their 18 submission augurs in favor of lifting of the stay. For example, defendants 19 recognize that *Witt* does not impact Plaintiff's First Amendment and equal 20 protection challenges to the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell, Don't Pursue" statute. Those 21 challenges remain ripe for this Court to decide without further briefing or argument.

Defendants also correctly note that the panel in *Witt* adjudicated an "asapplied" challenge to the statute. The impact of *Witt* upon facial challenges to the statute is thus similarly an issue ripe for determination by this Court. It calls for added argument by the parties. However, the additional briefing plaintiff requests should not be limited to this narrow issue. Plaintiff requests the opportunity to address the entirety of the *Witt* holding and its effect upon any and all aspects of the pending due process claim.

This Court should also vacate the stay in the interests of judicial efficiency as it would moot Plaintiff's pending Petition for Writ of Mandamus.

Defendants' Position

5 Defendants believe that the Court's Order staying this matter should remain 6 in effect until the Government has a full and adequate opportunity to decide whether to seek a writ of *certiorari* of the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Witt* and, if such a writ is sought, for the Supreme Court to review that request and render a decision. The Ninth Circuit's substantive due process analysis in *Witt*, requiring heightened scrutiny of the policy, reflects a shift in Ninth Circuit precedent. The Court properly recognized that the analysis adopted by the panel in *Witt* should not be applied to allegations presented in the complaint in this case until the impact of *Witt* is finally settled. Defendants also note that the issue between the parties is the same issue that is now before the Ninth Circuit on Plaintiff's Mandamus Petition in which it asks the Ninth Circuit to vacate the existing stay order. This Court may 16 wish to await the Ninth Circuit's decision before acting upon Plaintiff's scheduling 17 request.

18 To the extent the Court believes that the effect of *Witt* should be briefed now, 19 Defendants propose that such briefing be focused upon having Plaintiff explain how it can pursue a "facial" challenge to the Don't Ask, Don't Tell statute, 20 21 10 U.S.C. § 654, rather than an "as-applied" challenge in light of *Witt*. The panel in 22 *Witt* held that its analysis "is as-applied rather than facial." *Witt*, 527 F.3d at 819. In so holding, the panel noted that "[t]his is the preferred course of adjudication 23 24 since it enables courts to avoid making unnecessarily broad constitutional 25 judgments." Id. (quoting Cleburne v. Cleburne Living Ctr. Inc., 473 U.S. 432 447, 26 105 S. Ct. 3249, 87 L.Ed.2d 313 (1985)). This distinction is of great significance in 27 constitutional jurisprudence. In fact, it is the only basis that the panel had for 28 distinguishing the Ninth Circuit's precedent in *Beller v. Middendorf*, 632 F.2d 788,

1	(9 th Cir. 1980), which ruled that a pred	lecessor policy to the Don't Ask, Don't Tell	
2	statute survived heightened scrutiny. See Witt, 527 F.2d at 820-21.		
3	Yet, Plaintiff has represented that its challenge is a facial challenge. See e.g.,		
4	Writ of Mandamus filed by Log Cabin Republicans, dated July 21, 2008, at 4 ("Witt		
5	involves an "as-applied" challenge to the policy while the Log Cabin Republicans'		
6	complaint involves a facial challenge to the policy"). In light of that position,		
7	Plaintiff should first explain how its facial substantive due process challenge can		
8	proceed under the threshold, as-applied analysis in <i>Witt</i> before the Court wades into		
9	the other aspects of the Witt panel's decision. If Plaintiff cannot make this		
10	showing, the case can come to a conclusion and no further briefing is necessary.		
11	Witt does not impact the First Amendment and equal protection claims already		
12	briefed, and argued, by the parties under the Defendants' already submitted motion		
13	to dismiss.		
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15			
16	Dated: January 21, 2009	WHITE & CASE LLP	
17			
18		By: /s/ Patrick Hunnius	
19		Attorneys for Plaintiff Log Cabin Republicans	
20		Republicans	
21	Dated: January 21, 2009	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
22			
23		By: Paul G. Freeborne	
24		Attorneys for Defendants United States of America and Robert M. Gates	
25		America and Robert M. Gates	
26			
27			
28			
		- 4 -	
	LOSANGELES 802972 (2K)	JOINT STATUS REPORT	

(9th Cir. 1980), which ruled that a predecessor policy to the Don't Ask, Don't Tell statute survived heightened scrutiny. *See Witt*, 527 F.2d at 820-21.

Yet, Plaintiff has represented that its challenge is a facial challenge. See e.g., 3 4 Writ of Mandamus filed by Log Cabin Republicans, dated July 21, 2008, at 4 ("Witt 5 involves an "as-applied" challenge to the policy while the Log Cabin Republicans' 6 complaint involves a facial challenge to the policy"). In light of that position, 7 Plaintiff should first explain how its facial substantive due process challenge can 8 proceed under the threshold, as-applied analysis in Witt before the Court wades into 9 the other aspects of the Witt panel's decision. If Plaintiff cannot make this 10 showing, the case can come to a conclusion and no further briefing is necessary. *Witt* does not impact the First Amendment and equal protection claims already 11 12 briefed, and argued, by the parties under the Defendants' already submitted motion 13 to dismiss:

16 Dated: January 21, 2009

Dated: January 21, 2009

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LOSANGELES 802972 (2K)

WHITE & CASE LLP

By: /s/

Patrick Hunnius Attorneys for Plaintiff Log Cabin Republicans

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Vo Bv:

<u>Paul G. Freeborne</u> Attorneys for Defendants United States of America and Robert M. Gates

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JOINT STATUS REPORT

1	PROOF OF SERVICE	
2 3 4	I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 633 W. Fifth Street, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, CA 90071-2007. I am employed by a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.	
5 6	On January 21, 2009, I served the foregoing document(s) described as JOINT STATUS REPORT on the person(s) below, as follows:	
7 8 9	Anthony J. Steinmeyer, Esq.Henry C. Whitaker, Esq.U.S. Department of JusticeU.S. Department of JusticeCivil Division, Appellate StaffCivil Division, Appellate Staff950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.Washington, D.C. 20530-0001Washington, D.C. 20530-0001	
10 11	Telephone:(202) 514-3388Telephone:(202) 514-3180Facsimile:(202) 514-8151Facsimile:(202) 514-8151	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Roger West, AUSA First Assistant Chief U.S. Department of Justice United States Attorney Central Division of California Federal Building, Suite 7516 300 North Los Angeles Street Los Angeles, CA 90012Michael F. Hertz Paul G. Freeborne U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Div. Federal Programs Branch P.O. Box 883 Washington, DC 20044Telephone: Facsimile:(213) 894-2461 (213) 894-7819/7385Telephone: (202) 353-0543 Fax: (202) 616-8460 / (or) (202) 616- 8202Image: Street Los Angeles, CA 90012Michael F. Hertz Paul G. Freeborne U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Div. Federal Programs Branch P.O. Box 883 Washington, DC 20044Image: Street Los Angeles, California, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar White & Case's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Under that practice, the correspondence would be deposited in the United States Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary course of business.	
24 25 26 27 28	Executed on January 21, 2009, at Los Angeles, California. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States of America that the above is true and correct. Diane M. Petrek	
	LOSANGELES 802972 (2K) PROOF OF SERVICE	

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