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accorded little or no weight in the determination of Perfect 10's Second PI Motion. I. THE CHOU DECLARATION SHOULD BE STRICKEN BECAUSE CHOU WAS NOT DISCLOSED AS AN EXPERT.

for Preliminary Injunction Against Google ("Second PI Motion").

In her Declaration, Ms. Chou repeatedly offers improper opinion testimony. This testimony should be disregarded on multiple grounds. First, P10 failed to disclose Chou as an expert witness in this matter. Further, at no point does Chou tie her qualifications—she claims to "have a degree in Economics from UCLA and [be] quite familiar with computers and the Internet"—to Google's search engine or Chou Declaration ¶ 2. She identifies no specialized knowledge or services. expertise whatsoever that would qualify her to opine on the subjects set forth in her declaration, including (1) her purported evaluation of Google's DMCA compliance program and an explanation of her preferred means for identifying allegedly infringing websites. (2) the inner workings of Google's Blogger and Search services, (3) the "necessity" of Google's **DMCA** policies and instructions. See Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharms., Inc., 509 U.S. 579, 591 (1993) (an expert's testimony must "aid the jury in resolving a factual dispute."); see also Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137, 147-48 (1999) (expert must have some form of specialized knowledge). Because Chou plainly lacks the necessary qualifications to testify as an expert on these subjects, her declaration should be disregarded, or in the alternative, her testimony should be accorded no evidentiary weight.

Google hereby submits the following objections to the Declaration of Sheena

Chou ("Chou Declaration"), Submitted in Support of Perfect 10's Second Motion

Declaration is objectionable for several reasons, and should be disregarded or

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II. PORTIONS OF THE CHOU DECLARATION SHOULD BE DISREGARDED.

The Chou Declaration should be disregarded for purposes of the Perfect 10's Second PI Motion for the additional reason it is inadmissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence.

The Federal Rules of Evidence apply to evidence submitted to the Court on motion practice. Fed. R. Evid. 101 (Rules of Evidence apply to all proceedings in the courts of the United States); Fed. R. Evid. 1101 (listing exceptions to Rule 101). While courts have some discretion to consider inadmissible evidence when a preliminary injunction is urgently needed to prevent irreparable harm before a full resolution on the merits is possible, courts routinely decline to consider, or afford any weight to, such inadmissible evidence in appropriate circumstances. See Beijing Tong Ren Tang (USA) Corp. v. TRT USA Corp., --- F.Supp.2d ----, 2009 WL 5108580, at *3 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 18, 2009) (upholding evidentiary objections and denying preliminary injunction); U.S. v. Guess, 2004 WL 3314940, at *4 (S.D. Cal. Dec. 15, 2004) ("conditional inferences, innuendo, and even strong suspicions do not satisfy [the movant's] burden"); <u>Kitsap Physicians Service v. Washington Dental</u> Service, 671 F.Supp. 1267, 1269 (W.D. Wa. 1987) (refusing to consider affidavits "that would have been inadmissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence" and denying preliminary injunction). Because P10 has had nearly six years to obtain evidence regarding its Second PI Motion, it is particularly appropriate to hold P10's evidence to the usual standards of admissibility for motion practice.

Such evidence must be relevant to the claims and defenses of the case. <u>Fed. R. Evid.</u> 401; 403; <u>Beijing Tong Ren Tang</u>, 2009 WL 5108580, at *3 (striking irrelevant evidence). Testimonial evidence must be based on the personal knowledge of the witness offering the evidence. <u>Fed. R. Evid.</u> 602. Testimony requiring scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge may be given only by an expert witness with the requisite knowledge, skill, experience, training, or

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education, and opinion testimony is not permitted of a lay person. <u>Fed. R. Evid.</u> 701, 702. The Chou Declaration fails to meet one or more of these criteria, as set forth below.

5		Proffered Evidence	Google's Objection
6	1.	Chou Decl., at ¶¶ 3-5	Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701,
7			<u>702</u>
8			The statements are irrelevant (because
9			Google does not crawl or index
10			websites (or those portions of websites)
11			that are only accessible by entering a
12			password, nor does it crawl or index
13			content hosted on Usenet servers
14			(Haahr Decl. ¶¶ 14-15)), speculative,
15			lack foundation, constitute improper
16			legal opinion, and do not appear to be
17			based upon the witness's personal
18			knowledge. Ms. Chou has never been
19			disclosed by P10 as an expert in this
20			case, nor does she appear to have the
21			necessary expertise to provide such
22			expert testimony.
23	2.	Chou Decl., at ¶ 6 ("One of my	Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602
24		other assignments has been to	The statements are irrelevant,
25		determine whether Google has	argumentative, speculative, lack
26		removed URLs identified by Perfect	foundation, are not within the witness's
27		10 from its search results. I have	personal knowledge, constitute

been able to do this simply by inputting the URL provided by Perfect 10, without the starting http:// or www., into the Google search box.")

legal and improper opinion, are improper opinion testimony. Further, Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise provide to such expert testimony.

Chou Decl., at ¶ 7 ("The Adobe files provided by Perfect 10 in its notices have been sufficient to allow Google to find the infringing material. know this because I have extracted hundreds of URLs from those same files using Adobe's URL extraction feature, and have placed those same URLs into Google's search box or into my browser bar to verify that those web pages were still either directly linked to by Google in its search results, or were still on Google's blogger.com servers. I was able to locate the infringing material in this manner using the URLs provided by Perfect 10 in its notices. I have been able to extract URLs from Adobe documents at the rate of

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701, 702, Fed. R. Civ. P. 26

The irrelevant, statements are mischaracterize argumentative, the documents, speculative, lack foundation, are not within the witness's personal knowledge, constitute improper legal opinion, and are improper opinion testimony. Further, Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise to provide such expert testimony.

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approximately 5 URLs a minute.")

4. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

4. Chou Decl., at ¶ 8

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602

The statements are irrelevant. mischaracterize argumentative, the document, speculative, lack foundation, are not within the witness's personal knowledge, constitute improper legal opinion, and are improper opinion Further, Ms. Chou has testimony. never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise to provide such expert testimony.

Chou Decl., at \P 9 ("I was also assigned to determine the number of blogspot.com post URLs and other blogspot.com URLs that Perfect 10 identified to Google in its notices, number of identified and the blogspot.com post-URLs that Google had not suppressed as of July 2009. I will use the term "post URL" to refer to what Google's Blogger DMCA instructions call the "permalink of I found at least 219 the post." blogspot.com URLs that were not URLs, post and least 346 at blogspot.com post URLs, for a total

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 1002

The statement is argumentative,

mischaracterizes the facts, irrelevant (because Perfect 10's "Adobe style" notices were failed to provide Google with notice of alleged any infringement), speculative, lacks foundation (among other things, the declarant provides no explanation for how or what she allegedly did), and constitutes improper legal opinion and opinion testimony. The statements also violate the Best Evidence Rule, because they reference electronic excerpts of certain of Perfect 10's

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of at least 565 blogspot.com URLs, that Perfect 10 identified to Google in its Adobe style notices, beginning June 28, 2007. Of the 346 post URLs identified to Google, at least 190 had not been suppressed as of February 2010.")

Chou Decl., at \P 10 ("I have

DMCA notices, and the complete notices themselves are the best evidence of their contents. Further. Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise to provide such expert testimony.

observed that in a number of cases, the full-size blogger image still appears on Google's blogger.com servers, even when the original blogspot site that displayed those images no longer exists. In those situations, there is no permalink or top level domain of the blog and date of the blog entry that Perfect 10 could provide, as requested by Google. Furthermore, Perfect 10 has provided the top level domain with the date, as well as the permalink, in

most notices, because it has sent to

Google a copy of the infringing web

page which typically displays that

provided to Google, in its DMCA

information.

Perfect 10 has also

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701, 702

The statements are argumentative, irrelevant, speculative, conclusory, lack foundation, and constitute improper legal opinion and opinion testimony by a lay witness. The statements also violate the Best Evidence Rule. because they reference and characterize certain of Perfect 10's DMCA notices without attaching them, and the complete notices themselves are the of best evidence their contents. Further, Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise to provide such expert testimony.

1		notices, the complete URL of the	
2		blogger.com web page containing the	
3		full-size P10 image, along with a	
4		copy of that web page.")	
5	7.	Chou Decl., at ¶ 11 ("I have also	Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701,
6		observed that image URLs on	702, Fed. R. Civ. P. 26
7		blogger.com are also available on	The statements are irrelevant,
8		blogspot.com servers, showing the	argumentative, mischaracterize the
9		same image. The URL is the same,	documents, speculative, lack
10		except with the base URL changed.	foundation, are not within the witness's
11		For example,	personal knowledge, constitute
12		"bp0.blogger.com/_aAjR8G9PWr8/R	improper legal opinion, and are
13		zut2EjjNqI/AAAAAAAABZk/bHNb	improper opinion testimony. Further,
14		3OFY9R8/s1600-	Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by
15		h/066_DeathSCPX_Nickie_Yager_0	P10 as an expert in this case, nor does
16		2.jpg" displays the same image as	she appear to have the necessary
17		"1.bp.blogspot.com/_aAjR8G9PWr8/	expertise to provide such expert
18		Rzut2EjjNqI/AAAAAAAABZk/bH	testimony.
19		Nb3OFY9R8/s1600-	
20		h/066_DeathSCPX_Nickie_Yager_0	
21		2.jpg." One can take any of the	
22		blogger URLs in the spreadsheet and	
23		substitute "bpX.blogger.com" for	
24		"X+1.blogspot.com" and receive the	
25		same image. In other words, the	
26		images on blogger.com are also on	
27		blogspot.com. Bp2.blogger.com can	
• •	<u> </u>		

1		be substituted with	
2		3.bp.blogspot.com, bp3.blogger.com	
3		can be substituted with	
4		4.bp.blogspot.com and so on and so	
5		forth.")	
6	8.	Chou Decl., at ¶ 12 ("I have also	Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 1002
7		done work to verify that Google has	The statement is argumentative,
8		not removed its ads from web pages	mischaracterizes the facts, irrelevant
9		that Perfect 10 has identified in its	(because Perfect 10's defective notices
10		notices.")	failed to provide Google with notice of
11			any alleged infringement), speculative,
12			lacks foundation (among other things,
13			the declarant provides no explanation
14			for how or what she allegedly did), and
15			constitutes improper legal opinion and
16			opinion testimony. The statement also
17			violates the Best Evidence Rule,
18			because it references and characterizes
19			certain of Perfect 10's DMCA notices
20			without attaching them, and the
21			complete notices themselves are the
22			best evidence of their contents.
23			Further, Ms. Chou has never been
24			disclosed by P10 as an expert in this
25			case, nor does she appear to have the
26			necessary expertise to provide such
27			expert testimony.
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Chou Decl., at ¶ 13 ("I am quite 1 9. familiar with perfect10.com, which is 2 3 blog. not 4 perfect10.com cannot be identified 5 by a "permalink of the post" as there is no such thing on perfect10.com. I 6 7 have examined 8 infringing blogger.com web pages 9 that Perfect 10 included in its DMCA 10 notices to Google. Those web pages 11 consisted of a P10 Image and a 12 blogger.com URL. 13 other text on those web pages, no 14 posts, and no 'permalink of a post.'") 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 10. Chou Decl., at ¶ 14 22 23 24 25

The images

thousands

There was no

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701, 702

The irrelevant. statements are argumentative, speculative, lack foundation, mischaracterize the facts. are not within the witness's personal knowledge, constitute improper legal opinion, and are improper opinion testimony. The statements also violate the Best Evidence Rule, because they reference and characterize certain of Perfect 10's DMCA notices without attaching them, and the complete themselves notices the best are evidence of their contents. Further. Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by P10 as an expert in this case, nor does she appear to have the necessary expertise to provide such expert testimony.

Fed. R. Evid. 401, 402, 403, 602, 701, 702

The irrelevant. statements are argumentative, mischaracterize documents and facts, speculative, lack foundation, are not within the witness's personal knowledge, constitute

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1	improper legal opinion, and are
2	improper opinion testimony. Further,
3	Ms. Chou has never been disclosed by
4	P10 as an expert in this case, nor does
5	she appear to have the necessary
6	expertise to provide such expert
7	testimony.
8	
9	DATED: March 16, 2010 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART &
10	SULLIVAN, LLP
11	By Rachel Henrick Kassebian
12	ByMichael Zeller
13	Rachel Herrick Kassabian
14	Attorneys for Defendant GOOGLE INC.
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