discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends

only to the limited information that is entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. This Protective Order does not entitle the parties to file confidential information under seal.

2. <u>DESIGNATING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION</u>

- 2.1 For purposes of this Protective Order, "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION" is information, designated as such in accordance with the provisions herein, that the designating party in good faith believes contains personal, commercial, financial, proprietary, or other confidential information. Such CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION includes information that:
 - a. Concerns or relates to the processes, operations, work, or apparatus, or to the production, sales, shipments, purchases, transfers, identification of customers, inventories, amount or sources of any income, profits, losses, or expenditure, of any persons, firm, partnership, corporation, or other organization, the disclosure of which information may have the effect of causing harm to the competitive position of the person, firm, partnership, corporation, or to the organization from which the information was obtained.
 - b. Is produced or disclosed by a municipality or any federal, state or local agency and which discloses or constitutes:
 - the physical address or geographic location of public drinking water wells, storage facilities, pumping stations and water treatment facilities;
 - (ii) water system schematics and facility maps;
 - (iii) pipeline maps;
 - (iv) facility plans and specifications;
 - (v) water system vulnerabilities which have not been publicly disclosed;

produced and designated as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION in the same manner as a produced document under section 2.4. The non-designated responses should make reference to the separately produced document containing the responses with CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, but such document should not be attached to the non-designated responses.

- 2.6 <u>Deposition Transcripts</u>. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or ordered by the Court, within 30 days after the receipt of a deposition transcript (or if the transcript is received within 30 days of the date set for the beginning of trial, within half of the number of days remaining before the date set for the beginning of trial), a party may inform the other parties to the action of the portions of the transcript that it wishes to designate as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. Until such time has elapsed, deposition transcripts in their entirety are to be considered as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. All parties in possession of a copy of a designated deposition transcript shall appropriately mark the transcript cover and the designated pages as containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.
- 2.7 <u>Information Designated "Confidential" in Other Litigation.</u> A party responding to discovery shall not withhold or object to the production of information in its possession, custody or control on the grounds that such information is or may be subject to a confidentiality or protective order entered in another proceeding, unless the information in question (a) was designated "confidential" in such other proceeding by an entity other than the responding party and (b) remains subject to the confidentiality or protective order in the other proceeding, in which case the responding party may withhold the information, but shall provide the requesting party with the identity of the entity that designated the information "confidential," along with a description of the information sufficiently detailed to enable the requesting party to obtain such information directly from the designating entity.

3.

CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

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3.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

3.2 Meet and Confer. The party challenging a designation of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall notify the designating party in writing. The challenging and the designating parties shall promptly confer in an attempt to resolve their differences. If the designating and challenging parties are unable to resolve their differences, the designating party shall have twenty-one (21) calendar days from the receipt of the written objection to file with the court a motion to retain confidentiality. The designating party shall have the burden of proof on any such motion to justify the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION designation. All documents initially designated as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall continue to be subject to this order unless and until the Court rules otherwise or the parties so agree in writing. If a designating party elects not to make a motion to retain confidentiality with respect to documents to which a challenge has been made, it shall be deemed to have withdrawn its designation and shall send a copy of the previously designated documents without the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION designation to each party to whom the previously designated documents were originally produced.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION 4.

Authorized Disclosures. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties 4.1 or ordered by the Court, CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION shall be disclosed by the receiving party only to the following persons:

- Attorneys of record in this proceeding, including their necessary associates, paralegals, clerks, and secretarial and clerical personnel;
- b. In-house counsel and their staff and those employees of a party designated by in-house counsel to assist with the prosecution or defense of the included actions.
- c. Qualified persons taking testimony involving such information, and necessary stenographic, videotape and clerical personnel;
- d. Trial experts, expert consultants and their staffs who are consulted by counsel for a receiving party;
- e. Deponents and witnesses who already know the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION being disclosed (as confirmed through counsel in advance of any disclosure to the deponent or witness and/or as demonstrated by the deponent or witness being clearly shown as an author or prior recipient of the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION on the face of the document to be disclosed);
- f. Discovery masters or settlement judges appointed by the Court or agreed to between the parties, who are engaged in proceedings connected with this action, and personnel regularly employed by them;
- g. The Court, Court staff and other personnel before which this proceeding and/or any related action is pending.

A party may provide CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION to authorized persons designated in sections 4.1(d) and 4.1(f) above only if such persons acknowledge in writing that they have read this Protective Order and agree to be bound by its terms. (A form of such acknowledgment is attached hereto as Exhibit A.) Such written acknowledgment shall not be discoverable in this proceeding or

any action included therein. Each party takes responsibility for ensuring that all authorized recipients of CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION are informed of and agree to this Protective Order. Any disclosures under this section are authorized only to the extent necessary to prosecute or defend this litigation.

INFORMATION is disclosed to any person other than in the manner authorized by this Protective Order, the party or person responsible for the disclosure, and any other party or person who is subject to this order and learns of such disclosure (including without limitation all employees, officers, directors, agents and attorneys of each party to this lawsuit), shall immediately bring such disclosure to the attention of the designating party. Without prejudice to other rights and remedies of the designating party, the responsible party or person shall make every reasonable effort to obtain the return of the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION and to prevent further disclosure on its own part or on the part of the person who was the unauthorized recipient of such information.

4.3 Court Filings. If a party wishes to file a document that it has designated as containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, that party shall file a motion to seal and follow all applicable local rules. If a party wishes to file a document containing CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION designated by another party, the submitting party must: (a) lodge the document, memorandum or other document in sealed envelopes or containers on which shall be recorded the title of this action, the general nature of the contents, and the notation "DOCUMENT SUBMITTED UNDER SEAL"; (b) lodge with the Clerk for delivery to the Judge's chambers a second copy of the entire document, in an identical labeled envelope or container, with the sealable portions identified; and (c) file and serve a Notice of Request to Seal Documents. Within five (5) court days thereafter, the designating party must file and serve a Request to Seal Documents setting forth the statutory or other authority for sealing, the requested duration, the identity, by

name or category, of the persons to be permitted access to the documents, and all other relevant information. If the designating party does not file a Request to Seal Documents within this time period, the document or proposed filing will be made part of the public record absent a showing of good cause.

5. USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AT TRIAL

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION which is subject to this Order, and deemed admissible as trial evidence by the court, may be marked and used as trial exhibits by a party according to the terms imposed by the trial court upon the request of a designating party at time of trial. It is the intent of the parties hereto that CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION will not be disclosed or available to any other parties or third persons, other than authorized disclosures as stated in section 4.1 above, without the consent of the designating party and/or the Court.

6. RETURN OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AFTER FINAL DISPOSITION

Each receiving party must return all CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION or destroy such material within forty-five (45) days after final disposition of the lawsuit, as defined in section 9 below, although CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION disclosed in this action may be used in the action entitled *City of Lindsay v. Sociedad Quimica y Minera de Chile S.A., et al.*, U.S.D.C., Eastern District of California, Case No. 1:11-CV-00046-LGO-SMS, subject to the Protective Order in place in that action, including the obligation to return or destroy all CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION within forty-five (45) days after final disposition of that action. Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, legal memoranda, correspondence, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such material contain CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION remain subject to this Protective Order.

7. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a receiving party is served with a subpoena, request, or court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, that party must:

- a. Promptly notify in writing the designating party, including a copy of the subpoena, request or court order;
- Promptly notify in writing the party seeking the CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION that some of the requested information is subject to this Protective Order, and provide a copy of this Protective Order; and
- Cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the designating party whose CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION may be affected.

If the designating party timely seeks a protective order, the party served with the subpoena, request or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION before a determination by the court from which the subpoena, request, or order issued, unless the party has obtained the designating party's permission. The designating party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material, and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a receiving party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

8. <u>INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE OR PRODUCTION</u>

The inadvertent production of any privileged or otherwise protected or exempted information, as well as the inadvertent production of information without an appropriate designation of confidentiality, shall not be deemed a waiver or impairment of any claim of privilege, protection or confidentiality, including but not limited to the attorney-client privilege, the protection afforded to work product

materials or the subject matter thereof, or the confidential nature of any such 2 information, provided that the producing party shall immediately notify the 3 receiving party in writing when inadvertent production is discovered. Upon 4 receiving written notice from the producing party that privileged information, work 5 product material or CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION has been inadvertently 6 produced, all such information, and all copies thereto shall be kept by counsel for 7 the receiving party and counsel shall not use such information for any purpose until further order of the Court, or until the producing and receiving parties have agreed upon a satisfactory resolution of the inadvertently produced information. The 10 producing party may then, if necessary, move the court for an order compelling 11 return of the material. Any analyses, memoranda or notes which were internally 12 generated based upon such inadvertently produced information shall immediately 13 be treated in conformance with the protected nature of the information. 14 9. **DURATION** 15 Even after final disposition of this lawsuit, the confidentiality obligations 16 imposed by this Protective Order shall remain in effect until a designating party 17 18 action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the 19 20 completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for

agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this

21 extension of time pursuant to applicable law. The Court shall retain jurisdiction to

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DATED: June 2, 2011

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/

Honorable Victor B. Kenton UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

resolve any dispute concerning this agreement or the CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMATION even after final disposition of this lawsuit.

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I,	[print or type full name], of	[print or
type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety		
and unders	tand the Protective Order Regarding Confidential Inform	nation that was
issued by the	he United States District Court for the Central District of	f California on
	[date] in the case of City of Pomona v. Sociedad Qu	imica y Minera
de Chile S.	A., et al, Case No. 1:11-CV-00167-RGK-VBK. I agree	to comply with
and to be b	ound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order	, and I
understand	and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose	e me to
sanctions a	and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly pro	omise that I will
not disclos	e in any manner any information or item that is subject to	o this Protective
Order to an	ny person or entity except in strict compliance with the p	rovisions of this
Order. I fu	orther agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United Sta	ates District
Court for tl	he Central District of California for the purpose of enforce	cing the terms
of this Prot	tective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur	ur after
termination	n of this action.	
Date:		
City and St	tate where sworn and signed:	
Printed nar	me:	
Signature:		