## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MARK A. HARRIS,

Petitioner,

Petitioner,

NAGISTRATE JUDGE

WARREN L. MONTGOMERY,

Warden,

Respondent.

Case No. CV 11-7519-JVS (JPR)

NAGISTRATE JUDGS AND

MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Respondent.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636, the Court has reviewed the Petition, all the records and files herein, and the Report and Recommendation of U.S. Magistrate Judge.

On September 15, 2016, Petitioner filed objections to the Report and Recommendation and a request for a certificate of appealability. For the most part Petitioner simply repeats arguments from his Petition and Reply. Moreover, almost all of Petitioner's objections to the R. & R. rest on his assertion that the Magistrate Judge, like the state courts, "ignored" critical evidence, in the form of his mother's and his own declarations, of a whole host of "facts" allegedly showing that had he been advised of the correct parole term he would not have pleaded

guilty. (See, e.g., Objs. at 12-13.) But the Magistrate Judge in fact discussed Petitioner's and his mother's declarations at length (R. & R. at 14-16; see also Lodged Doc. 5 at 1-2 (state superior court discussing Petitioner's "exhibits," including declarations); she simply concluded, correctly, that the state court was not objectively unreasonable in finding Petitioner's assertions "wholly unbelievable" because by entering a guilty plea he shaved 20 years off his sentence and prevented his grandmother from having to testify, which he acknowledged was important to him and his family (see R. & R. at 17-20, 24).

Petitioner also argues, as he did in his Petition, that his claims should be reviewed de novo, not with AEDPA deference.

(See generally Objs.) He is incorrect. (See R. & R. at 6-7.)

As to Petitioner's specific objection that the Magistrate Judge improperly applied the look-through doctrine to review the superior court's decision (Objs. at 6), she did not: although the state supreme court indicated that it was denying all of Petitioner's claims "on the merits" (Lodged Doc. 9), because its decision included no analysis, the Magistrate Judge properly looked to the last reasoned decision, that of the superior court.

Having made a de novo determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which objections have been made, the Court accepts the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge. IT THEREFORE IS ORDERED that Judgment be entered denying the Petition and dismissing this action with prejudice.

DATED: October 14, 2016

JAMES V. SELMA U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE