GLENN D. POMERANTZ (State Bar Noglenn.pomerantz@mto.com KELLY M. KLAUS (State Bar No. 1610 kelly.klaus@mto.com ADAM I. KAPLAN (State Bar No. 2681 adam.kaplan@mto.com MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 355 South Grand Avenue Thirty-Fifth Floor Los Angeles, California 90071-1560 Telephone: (213) 683-9100 Facsimile: (213) 687-3702 Attorneys for Defendants Warner/Chappell Music, Inc. and Summy-Birchard, Inc.	91)
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION	
RUPA MARYA, et al. Plaintiffs, v. WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., Defendant.	Lead Case No. CV 13-04460-GHK (MRWx) DECLARATION OF KELLY M. KLAUS IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS SECOND AMENDED CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT Date: September 30, 2013 Time: 9:30 a.m. Courtroom: 650 (Roybal) Judge: Hon. George H. King, Chief Judge
MAJAR PRODUCTIONS, LLC, On Behalf of Itself and All Others Similarly Situated, Plaintiff, v. WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., and SUMMY-BIRCHARD, INC., Defendants.	Case No. CV 13-05164-GJK (MRWx)

I, KELLY M. KLAUS, hereby declare:

- I am a member of the firm Munger, Tolles & Olson LLP, counsel for 1. Defendants Warner/Chappell Music, Inc. and Summy-Birchard, Inc. (jointly, "Warner/Chappell"). I am admitted to practice law in the State of California and before this Court. I submit this declaration in support of Warner/Chappell's Motion to Dismiss Second Amended Consolidated Class Action Complaint and/or Motion to Strike Plaintiffs' Proposed Class Definition ("Motion"). I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and if called upon as a witness to testify as to them, I could and would competently do so.
- 2. At the time of this submission, the parties' Stipulation and [Proposed] Order consolidating Case No. CV 13-04460-GHK (MRWx) (Marya et al. v. Warner/Chappell Music, Inc.) and Case No. CV 13-05164-GHK (MRWx) (Majar v. Warner/Chappell Music, Inc. and Summy-Birchard, Inc.) remains pending.
- 3. Plaintiffs have informed Warner/Chappell that if this Court determines 15 that Plaintiffs' Second Amended Consolidated Class Action Complaint ("SAC") 16 should not be filed in accordance with the pending Stipulation, Plaintiffs do not object to Warner/Chappell's Motion serving as Warner/Chappell's response under Rule 12 to both the consolidated complaint in Marya et al. and the complaint in Majar.
 - 4 Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the SAC, which Plaintiffs have provided to Warner/Chappell. Plaintiffs have informed Warner/Chappell that if the Court so orders, they intend to file the SAC in accordance with the pending Stipulation.

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1	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
2	Executed this 30th day of August, 2013, at San Francisco, California.
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5	By: /s/ Kelly M. Klaus
6	KELLY M. KLAUS
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EXHIBIT A

2 3	BETSY C. MANIFOLD (182450) manifold@whafh.com WOLF HALDENSTEIN ADLER FREEMAN & HERZ LLP 750 B Street, Suite 2770 San Diego, CA 92101 Tel.: 619/239-4599; Fax: 619/234-4599	
	Counsel for Plaintiffs	
6	[Additional Counsel Appear on Signatur	e Page]
7 8	CENTRAL DISTR	S DISTRICT COURT ICT OF CALIFORNIA N DIVISION
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	GOOD MORNING TO YOU PRODUCTIONS CORP.; ROBERT SIEGEL; RUPA MARYA; and MAJAR PRODUCTIONS, LLC; On Behalf of Themselves and All Others Similarly Situated, Plaintiffs, v. WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., and SUMMY-BIRCHARD, INC., Defendants.	Lead Case No. CV 13-04460-GHK (MRWx) SECOND AMENDED CONSOLIDATED COMPLAINT FOR (1) INVALIDITY OF COPYRIGHT UNDER THE COPYRIGHT ACT (17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq.); (2) DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF; (3) VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA UNFAIR COMPETITION LAWS (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq.); (4) BREACH OF CONTRACT; (5) MONEY HAD AND RECEIVED; (6) RESCISSION FOR FAILURE OF CONSIDERATION; and (7) VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA FALSE ADVERTISING LAWS (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq.) CLASS ACTION DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Room: 650 (Roybal) Judge: Hon. George H. King, Chief Judge

Plaintiffs, Good Morning to You Productions Corp. ("GMTY"), Robert Siegel ("Siegel"), Rupa Marya d/b/a/ Rupa Marya & The April Fishes ("Rupa"), and Majar Productions, LLC ("Majar") (collectively herein "Plaintiffs"), on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, by their undersigned attorneys, as and for their Consolidated Second Amended Complaint For Declaratory Judgment; Injunctive And Declaratory Relief; And Damages For: (1) Invalidity Of Copyright (Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq.); (2) Declaratory and Injunctive Relief Upon Entry of Declaratory Judgment; (3) Unfair Competition Laws (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq.); (4) Breach of Contract; (5) Common Law Money Had and Received; (6) Recission for Failure of Consideration; and (7) Violations of California False Advertising Laws (Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500, et seq.) against defendant Warner/Chappell Music, Inc. ("Warner/Chappell") and Summy-Birchard, Inc. ("SBI") (collectively "Defendants"), hereby allege as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1338 with respect to claims seeking declaratory and other relief arising under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq.; pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 et seq.; pursuant to the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2); and supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 over the entire case or controversy.
- 2. The Court has personal jurisdiction and venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)-(c) and 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a), in that the claims arise in this Judicial District where both Defendants' principal places of business are located and where they regularly conduct business.
- 3. Paragraph 8 of the Film and Synchronization and Performance License ("Synchronization License") by and between assignee Plaintiff Siegel and defendant Warner/Chappell states: "this license has been entered into in, and shall be

interpreted in accordance with the laws of the state of California, and any action or proceeding concerning the interpretation and/or enforcement of this license shall be heard only in the state or federal courts situated in Los Angeles county" Defendant Warner/Chappell requires any action or proceeding related thereto to be brought in this District under the Synchronization License.

INTRODUCTION

- 4. This is an action to declare invalid the copyright that Defendants claim to own to the world's most popular song, *Happy Birthday to You* (the "Song"), to declare that the Song is dedicated to public use and in the public domain; and to return millions of dollars of unlawful licensing fees collected by defendant Warner/Chappell pursuant to its wrongful assertion of copyright ownership of the Song.
- 5. According to the United States Copyright Office ("Copyright Office"), a "musical composition consists of music, including any accompanying words, and is normally registered as a work of the performing arts." Copyright Office Circular 56A, "Copyright Registration of Musical Compositions and Sound Recordings," at 1 (Feb. 2012) (available at www.copyright.gov/circs/circ.56a.pdf). The author of a musical composition generally is the composer, and the lyricist (if a different person). Id.
- 6. More than 120 years after the melody to which the simple lyrics of Happy Birthday to You is set was first published, defendant Warner/Chappell boldly, but wrongfully and unlawfully, insists that it owns the copyright to Happy Birthday to You, and with that copyright the exclusive right to authorize the Song's reproduction, distribution, and public performances pursuant to federal copyright law. Warner/Chappell declares in the first two sentences on the "About Us" page of its website that "Warner/Chappell Music is [Warner Music Group]'s award-winning global music publishing company. The Warner/Chappell Music catalog includes standards such as 'Happy Birthday To You'...." Available

at: http://www.warnerchappell.com/about.jsp?currenttab=about_us.

Defendant Warner/Chappell either has silenced those wishing to record or perform Happy Birthday to You, or has extracted millions of dollars in unlawful licensing fees from those unwilling or unable to challenge its ownership claims.

- 7. Irrefutable documentary evidence, some dating back to 1893, shows that the copyright to *Happy Birthday to You*, if there ever was a valid copyright to any part of the Song, expired no later than 1921 and that if defendant Warner/Chappell owns any rights to *Happy Birthday to You*, those rights are limited to the extremely narrow right to reproduce and distribute specific piano arrangements for the song published in 1935. Significantly, no court has ever adjudicated the validity or scope of the Defendants' claimed interest in *Happy Birthday to You*, nor in the Song's melody or lyrics, which are themselves independent works.
- 8. Various legal scholars and copyright and music industry experts agree with the foregoing, questioning the validity of Defendants' assertion of copyright in the Song, and supporting the conclusion that *Happy Birthday* properly exists in the public domain. For example, Professor Robert Brauneis, Professor of Law and Co-Director of the Intellectual Property Law Program at George Washington University, and a leading legal scholar in intellectual property law, has stated that it is "doubtful" that *Happy Birthday* "is really still under copyright."
- 9. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa, and Majar on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, seek a declaration that *Happy Birthday to You* is dedicated to public use and is in the public domain as well as monetary damages and restitution of all the unlawful licensing fees that defendants have improperly collected from Plaintiffs and all other Class members.

PLAINTIFFS

10. Plaintiff GMTY is a New York corporation with its principal place of business located in New York County. Under a claim of copyright by defendant

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Warner/Chappell, on or about March 26, 2013, GMTY paid defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$1,500 for a synchronization license to use Happy Birthday to You and on or about April 24, 2013, GMTY entered into a synchronization license with Warner/Chappell, as alleged more fully herein.

- Plaintiff Robert Siegel is the assignee of BIG FAN PRODUCTIONS, INC. ("BIG FAN"), an inactive New York corporation and a resident of New York, New York. Under a claim of copyright by defendant Warner/Chappell, on or about September 1, 2009, BIG FAN paid to defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$3,000 for the Synchronization Licenses to use Happy Birthday to You, as alleged more fully herein. Plaintiff Siegel, the then-President of BIG FAN, was assigned BIG FAN's rights and claims, including those pertaining to the Synchronization License pursuant to Paragraph 7 thereof between defendant Warner/Chappell and BIG FAN, entered into on or about July 20, 2009.
- Plaintiff Rupa is a musician and leader of the band entitled "Rupa & 12. The April Fishes" ("RTAF"), and a member of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers ("ASCAP"). Plaintiff Rupa is a resident of San Mateo County, California. RTAF recorded Happy Birthday to You at a live show in San Francisco, California, on April 27, 2013. Under a claim of copyright by defendant Warner/Chappell, on or about June 17, 2013, Plaintiff Rupa d/b/a RTAF paid to defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$455 for a compulsory license pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 115 (commonly known as a "mechanical license") to use *Happy Birthday* to You, as alleged more fully herein.
- Plaintiff Majar is a Los Angeles-based film production company that 13. produced the award winning documentary film "No Subtitles Necessary: László & Vilmos" (hereafter, "No Subtitles Necessary" or the "Film"). The Film follows the lives of renowned cinematographers László Kovacs ("Kovacs") and Vilmos Zsigmond ("Zsigmond") from escaping the 1956 Soviet invasion of Hungary to the present day. As film students in Hungary, Kovacs and Zsigmond shot footage of the

Russian invasion of Budapest and subsequently risked their lives to smuggle it out of the country. They fled to America and settled in Hollywood, eventually saving enough money to buy their own 16mm camera to begin shooting movies. Both rose to prominence in the late 1960's and 1970's having shot films such as "Easy Rider," "Five Easy Pieces," "McCabe and Mrs. Miller," "Deliverance," "Paper Moon," and "Close Encounters of the Third Kind." No Subtitles Necessary tells the story of their lives and careers.

DEFENDANTS

- 14. Defendant Warner/Chappell is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 10585 Santa Monica Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90025 and regularly conducts business within this Judicial District.
- 15. Defendant SBI is a Wyoming corporation with its principal place of business located at 10585 Santa Monica Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90025. SBI regularly conducts business within this Judicial District, where it may be found. On information and belief, SBI is a subsidiary of Warner/Chappell, having been acquired by Warner/Chappell in or around 1998.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Good Morning to All and the Popular Adoption of Happy Birthday to You

- 16. Sometime prior to 1893, Mildred J. Hill ("Mildred Hill") and her sister Patty Smith Hill ("Patty Hill") (Mildred and Patty Hill are collectively referred to as the "Hill Sisters") authored a written manuscript containing sheet music for 73 songs composed or arranged by Mildred Hill, with words written and adapted by Patty Hill.
- 17. The manuscript included *Good Morning to All*, a song written by the Hill Sisters.
- 18. On or about February 1, 1893, the Hill Sisters sold and assigned all their right, title, and interest in the written manuscript to Clayton F. Summy ("Summy") in exchange for 10 percent of retail sales of the manuscript. The sale

included the song Good Morning to All.

- 19. In or around 1893, Summy published the Hill Sisters' written manuscript with an introduction by Anna E. Bryan ("Bryan") in a songbook titled Song Stories for the Kindergarten. Song Stories for the Kindergarten included the song Good Morning to All.
- 20. On or about October 16, 1893, Summy filed a copyright application (Reg. No. 45997) with the Copyright Office for Song Stories for the Kindergarten.
- 21. On the October 16, 1893, copyright application, Summy claimed to be the copyright's proprietor, but not the author of the copyrighted works.
- 22. Song Stories for the Kindergarten bears a copyright notice reading "Copyright 1893, by Clayton F. Summy."
- 23. As proprietor of the 1893 copyright in Song Stories for the Kindergarten, Summy asserted copyright ownership in the compilation of songs, as well as, the individual songs published therein, including Good Morning to All.
 - 24. The lyrics to Good Morning to All are:

Good morning to you

Good morning to you

Good morning dear children

Good morning to all.

25. The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You are set to the melody from the song Good Morning to All. As nearly everyone knows, the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You are:

Happy Birthday to You

Happy Birthday to You

Happy Birthday dear [NAME]

Happy Birthday to You.

- 26. The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You were not published in Song Stories for the Kindergarten.
- 27. On or about January 14, 1895, Summy incorporated the Clayton F. Summy Company ("Summy Co.") under the laws of the State of Illinois for a limited term of 25 years. On that same date, Summy purported to assign all his right, title, and interest in *Song Stories for the Kindergarten* to Summy Co.
- 28. In 1896, Summy published a new, revised, illustrated, and enlarged version of *Song Stories for the Kindergarten*, which contained eight previously unpublished songs written by the Hill Sisters as well as illustrations by Margaret Byers.
- 29. On or about June 18, 1896, Summy filed a copyright application (Reg. No. 34260) with the Copyright Office for the 1896 publication of Song Stories for the Kindergarten.
- 30. On its June 18, 1896, copyright application, Summy again claimed to be the copyright's proprietor, but (again) not the author of the copyrighted works.
- 31. The 1896 version of Song Stories for the Kindergarten bears a copyright notice reading "Copyright 1896, by Clayton F. Summy."
- 32. As proprietor of the 1896 copyright in the revised Song Stories for the Kindergarten, Summy owned the rights to both the songbook as a compilation and the individual songs published therein, including Good Morning to All.
- 33. The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You were not published in the 1896 version of Song Stories for the Kindergarten.
- 34. In 1899, Summy Co. published 17 songs from the 1893 version of Song Stories for the Kindergarten in a songbook titled Song Stories for the Sunday School. One of those songs included in Song Stories for the Sunday School was Good Morning to All. And yet again, neither the song Happy Birthday nor the lyrics to Happy Birthday were published in "Song Stories for the Sunday School."
 - 35. On or about March 20, 1899, Summy Co. filed a copyright application

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(Reg. No. 20441) with the Copyright Office for Song Stories for the Sunday School.

- On the 1899 copyright application, Summy Co. claimed to be the copyright's proprietor, but not the author of the copyrighted works.
 - 37. The title page to Song Stories for the Sunday School states:

This collection of songs has been published in response to earnest requests from various sources. They are taken from the book, Song Stories for the Kindergarten by the MISSES HILL, and are the copyright property of the publishers. (Emphasis added).

- 38. Song Stories for the Sunday School bears a copyright notice reading "Copyright 1899 by Clayton F. Summy Co."
- 39. As proprietor of the 1899 copyright in Song Stories for the Sunday School, Summy Co. owned the rights to both the songbook as a compilation and the individual songs published therein, including Good Morning to All.
- 40. The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You were not published in Song Stories for the Sunday School.
- 41. Even though the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You and the song Happy Birthday to You had not been fixed in a tangible medium of expression, the public began singing Happy Birthday to You no later than the early 1900s.
- 42. For example, in the January 1901 edition of Inland Educator and Indiana School Journal, the article entitled "First Grade Opening Exercises" described children singing the words "happy birthday to you," but did not print the Song's lyrics or melody.
- In or about February, 1907, Summy Co. republished the song Good Morning to All as an individual musical composition.
- On or about February 7, 1907, Summy Co. filed a copyright application (Reg. No. 142468) with the Copyright Office for the song Good Morning to All.
- The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You do not appear in the 1907 45. publication of Good Morning to All.

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 46. In 1907, Fleming H. Revell Co. ("Revell") published the book *Tell Me* a *True Story*, arranged by Mary Stewart, which instructed readers to:

Sing: "Good-bye to you, good-bye to you, good-bye dear children, good-bye to you." Also: "Good-bye dear teacher." (From "Song Stories for the Sunday-School," published by Summy & Co.)

Sing: "Happy Birthday to You." (Music same as "Good-bye to You.")

- 47. On or about May 18, 1909, Revell filed an application (Reg. No. A239690) with the Copyright Office for *Tell Me a True Story*.
- 48. Tell Me a True Story did not include the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You.
- 49. Upon information and belief, the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* (without the sheet music for the melody) were first published in 1911 by the Board of Sunday Schools of the Methodist Episcopal Church ("Board of Sunday Schools") in *The Elementary Worker and His Work*, by Alice Jacobs and Ermina Chester Lincoln, as follows:

Happy birthday to you, Happy birthday to you, Happy birthday, dear John, Happy birthday to you. (Sung to the same tune as the "Good Morning") [NOTE: The songs and exercises referred to in this program may be found in these books:... "Song Stories for the Sunday School," by Patty Hill.]

- 50. On or about January 6, 1912, the Board of Sunday Schools filed a copyright application (Reg. No. A303752) with the Copyright Office for *The Elementary Worker and His Work*.
- 51. The Elementary Worker and His Work attributed authorship or identified the copyrights to many of the works included in the book. Significantly, it did not attribute authorship or identify any copyright for the song Happy Birthday to You.
- 52. On or about January 14, 1920, Summy Co. was dissolved in accordance with its limited (not perpetual) 25-year term of incorporation. Summy Co. did not

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extend or renew the 1893 (Reg. No. 45997) or 1907 (Reg. No. 142468) copyrights prior to its dissolution.

Upon information and belief, by 1912, various companies (such as 53. Cable Company Chicago) had begun producing unauthorized printings of sheet music which included the song known today as Happy Birthday (i.e., the melody of Good Morning to You with the lyrics changed to those of Happy Birthday). On information and belief, Cable Company Chicago never asserted copyright ownership in Happy Birthday.

Copyright History of Good Morning to All

- Pursuant to Section 24 of the Copyright Act of 1909, the renewal rights 54. to the original Song Stories for the Kindergarten, Song Stories for the Sunday School, and Good Morning to All were vested solely in their proprietor, Summy Co.
- Pursuant to Section 24 of the Copyright Act of 1909, the renewal rights 55. to the revised Song Stories for the Kindergarten were vested solely in their proprietor, Summy Co.
- The copyright to the original Song Stories for the Kindergarten (Reg. 56. No. 45997) was not extended by Summy Co., and consequently expired on October 16, 1921. The original Song Stories for the Kindergarten, including the song Good Morning to All, became dedicated to public use and fell into the public domain by no later than that date.
- The copyright to the revised Song Stories for the Kindergarten (Reg. No. 34260) was not extended by Summy, and consequently expired on June 18, 1924. The revised Song Stories for the Kindergarten became dedicated to public use and fell into the public domain by no later than that date.
- In or around March 1924, the sheet music (with accompanying lyrics) to Happy Birthday to You was in a songbook titled Harvest Hymns, published, compiled, and edited by Robert H. Coleman ("Coleman"). Upon information and belief, Harvest Hymns was the first time the melody and lyrics of Happy Birthday to

- 59. Coleman did not claim authorship of the song entitled Good Morning to You or the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You. Although Harvest Hymns attributed authorship or identified the copyrights to many of the works included in the book, it did not attribute authorship or identify any copyright for Good Morning to You or Happy Birthday to You.
- 60. On or about March 4, 1924, Coleman filed a copyright application (Reg. No. A777586) with the Copyright Office for *Harvest Hymns*. On or about February 11, 1952, the copyright was renewed (Reg. No. R90447) by the Sunday School Board of the Southern Baptist Convention.
- 61. On or about April 15, 1925, Summy incorporated a new Clayton F. Summy Co. ("Summy Co. II") under the laws of the State of Illinois. Upon information and belief, Summy Co. II was not a successor to Summy Co.; rather, it was incorporated as a new corporation.
- 62. The sheet music (with accompanying lyrics) to Happy Birthday to You was again published in 1928 in the compilation Children's Praise and Worship, compiled and edited by A.L. Byers, Bessie L. Byrum, and Anna E. Koglin ("Byers, Byrum & Koglin"). Upon information and belief, Children's Praise and Worship was the first time the song was published under the title Happy Birthday to You.
- 63. On or about April 7, 1928, Gospel Trumpet Co. ("Gospel") filed a copyright application (Reg. No. A1068883) with the Copyright Office for Children's Praise and Worship.
- 64. Children's Praise and Worship attributed authorship or identified the copyrights to many of the works included in the book. Significantly, it did not attribute authorship or identify any copyright for the song Happy Birthday to You.
- 65. Children's Praise and Worship did not provide any copyright notice for the combination of Good Morning to All with the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You, nor did it include the names of Mildred Hill or Patty Hill and did not attribute any

- 66. Upon information and belief, the Hill Sisters had not fixed the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You or the song Happy Birthday to You in a tangible medium of expression, if ever, at any time before Gospel published Children's Praise and Worship in 1928.
- 67. Upon information and belief, Summy sold Summy Co. II to John F. Sengstack ("Sengstack") in or around 1930.
- 68. Upon information and belief, on or about August 31, 1931, Sengstack incorporated a third Clayton F. Summy Co. ("Summy Co. III") under the laws of the State of Delaware. Upon information and belief, Summy Co. III was not a successor to Summy Co. or Summy Co. II; rather, it was incorporated as a new corporation.
 - 69. On May 17, 1933, Summy Co. II was dissolved for failure to pay taxes.
- 70. On July 28, 1933, *Happy Birthday to You* was used in the world's first singing telegram.
- 71. On September 30, 1933, the Broadway show As Thousands Cheer, produced by Sam Harris with music and lyrics written by Irving Berlin, began using the song Happy Birthday to You in public performances.
- 72. On August 14, 1934, Jessica Hill, a sister of Mildred Hill and Patty Hill, commenced an action against Sam Harris in the Southern District of New York, captioned Hill v. Harris, Eq. No. 78-350, claiming that the performance of Happy to Birthday to You in As Thousands Cheer infringed on the Hill Sisters' 1893 and 1896 copyrights to Good Morning to All. Jessica Hill asserted no claim in that action regarding Happy Birthday to You, alone or in combination with Good Morning to All.
- 73. On January 21, 1935, Jessica Hill commenced an action against the Federal Broadcasting Corp. in the Southern District of New York, captioned Hill v. Federal Broadcasting Corp., Eq. No. 79-312, claiming infringement on the Hill

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27 28 Sisters' 1893 and 1896 copyrights to Good Morning to All. Jessica Hill asserted no claim in that action regarding Happy Birthday to You, alone or in combination with Good Morning to All.

74. In 1934 and 1935, Jessica Hill sold and assigned to Summy Co. III certain piano arrangements of Good Morning to All, including publishing, public performance, and mechanical reproduction rights, copyright, and extension of copyright in exchange for a percentage of the retail sales revenue from the sheet music.

Applications for Copyright for New Musical Arrangement

- On or about December 29, 1934, Summy Co. III filed an Application for Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E45655) with the Copyright Office for the song Happy Birthday.
- In that December 1934 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III 76. claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by Preston Ware Orem ("Orem") and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement by piano solo."
- The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You were not included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E45655. The application did not contain the names of the Hill Sisters and did not claim copyright in the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You alone or in combination with the melody of Good Morning to All.
- 78. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E45655 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the arrangement itself.
- On or about February 18, 1935, Summy Co. III filed an Application for 79. Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E46661) with the Copyright Office for the song Happy Birthday.

- 80. In that February 1935 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by Orem and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement for four hands at one piano."
- 81. The lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* were not included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E46661. The application did not contain the names of the Hill Sisters and did not claim copyright in the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* alone or in combination with the melody of *Good Morning to All*.
- 82. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E46661 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the arrangement itself.
- 83. On or about April 5, 1935, Summy Co. III filed an Application for Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E47439) with the Copyright Office for the song *Happy Birthday*.
- 84. In that April 1935 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by Orem and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement of second piano part."
- 85. The lyrics to Happy Birthday to You were not included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E47439. The application did not contain the names of the Hill Sisters and did not claim copyright in the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You alone or in combination with the melody of Good Morning to All.
- 86. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E47439 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the arrangement itself.
 - 87. On or about April 5, 1935, Summy Co. III filed an Application for

Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E47440) with the Copyright Office for the song *Happy Birthday*.

- 88. In that additional April 1935 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by Orem and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement for six hands at one piano."
- 89. The lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* were not included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E47440. The application did not contain the names of the Hill Sisters and did not claim copyright in the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* alone or in combination with the melody of *Good Morning to All*.
- 90. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E47440 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the arrangement itself.
- 91. On December 9, 1935, Summy Co. III filed an Application for Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E51988) with the Copyright Office for *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 92. In that December 1935 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by R.R. Forman ("Forman") and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement for Unison Chorus and revised text." The sheet music deposited with the application credited Forman only for the arrangement, not for any lyrics, and did not credit the Hill Sisters with writing the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 93. For the first time, the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You, including a second verse as the revised text, were included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E51988. However, the December 1935 Application for Copyright did not attribute authorship of the lyrics to either of the Hill Sisters and did not claim copyright in the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You alone or in

- 94. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E51988 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the sheet music arrangement itself.
- 95. The work registered as Reg. No. E51988 was not eligible for federal copyright protection because Summy Co. III did not have authorization from the author to publish that work.
- 96. On December 9, 1935, Summy Co. III filed an Application for Copyright for Republished Musical Composition with new Copyright Matter (Reg. No. E51990) with the Copyright Office for *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 97. In that additional December 1935 Application for Copyright, Summy Co. III claimed to be the proprietor of the copyright as a work for hire by Orem and claimed the copyrighted new matter as "arrangement as easy piano solo, with text." The sheet music deposited with the application credited Orem only for the arrangement, not for any lyrics, and did not credit the Hill Sisters with writing the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 98. The lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* were included on the work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E51990. However, the additional December 1935 Application for Copyright did not attribute authorship of the lyrics to either of the Hill Sisters, did not contain the names of either of the Hill Sisters, and did not claim any copyright in the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* alone or in combination with the melody of *Good Morning to All*.
- 99. The work registered with the Copyright Office as Reg. No. E51990 was not eligible for federal copyright protection in that it consisted entirely of information that was common property and contained no original authorship, except as to the sheet music arrangement itself.

- 100. The work registered as Reg. No. E51990 was not eligible for federal copyright protection because Summy Co. III did not have authorization from the author to publish that work.
- 101. Based upon information and belief, in or about February, 1938, Summy Co. III purported to grant to ASCAP the right to license *Happy Birthday to You* for public performances and to collect fees for such use on behalf of Summy Co. III. ASCAP thus began working as agent for Summy Co. III in collecting fees for Summy Co. III for licensing *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 102. On or about June 8, 1942, Patty Hill and Jessica Hill assigned all of their interest in the 1893, 1896, 1899 and 1907 copyrights to The Hill Foundation.
- against Summy Co. III in the Southern District of New York, captioned *The Hill Foundation, Inc. v. Clayton F. Summy Co.*, Case No. 19-377, for an accounting of the royalties received by Summy Co. III for the licensing of *Happy Birthday to You*. The Hill Foundation asserted claims under the 1893, 1896, 1899, and 1907 copyrights for *Good Morning to All* and did *not* claim any copyright to the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You*, alone or in combination with the melody of *Good Morning to All*.
- 104. On March 2, 1943, The Hill Foundation commenced an action against the Postal Telegraph Cable Company in the Southern District of New York, captioned *The Hill Foundation, Inc. v. Postal Telegraph-Cable Co.*, Case No. 20-439, for infringement of the Hill Sisters' purported 1893, 1896, and 1899 copyrights to *Good Morning to All*. The Hill Foundation asserted claims only under the 1893, 1896, and 1899 copyrights for *Good Morning to All* and did *not* claim any copyright to the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You*, alone or in combination with the melody of *Good Morning to All*.
- 105. Despite the filing of at least four prior cases in the Southern District of New York asserting copyrights to *Good Morning to All*, there has been no judicial

 determination of the validity or scope of any copyright related to *Good Morning to All*.

- 106. In or about 1957, Summy Co. III changed its name to Summy-Birchard Company.
- 107. In 1962, Summy Co. III (renamed as Summy-Birchard Company) filed renewals for each of the six registrations it obtained in 1934 and 1935 (Reg. Nos. E45655, E46661, E47439, E47440, E51988, and E51990), each renewal was specifically and expressly confined to the musical arrangements.
- 108. In particular, on December 6, 1962, Summy Co. III filed a renewal application for Reg. No. E51988, as employer for hire of Forman. Forman did not write the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* or the combination of those lyrics with the melody of *Good Morning to All*, and neither Summy Co. III nor Defendants have claimed otherwise.
- 109. Also on December 6, 1962, Summy Co. III filed a renewal application for Reg. No. E51990, as employer for hire of Orem. Orem did not write the lyrics to Happy Birthday to You or the combination of those lyrics with the melody of Good Morning to All, and neither Summy Co. III nor Defendants have claimed otherwise.
- 110. Summy-Birchard Company was renamed Birch Tree Ltd. in the 1970s and was acquired by Warner/Chappell in or about 1998. On information and belief, this entity now operates as "Summy Birchard, Inc." currently a subsidiary of Warner/Chappell and Warner/Chappell's co-Defendant herein.

Happy Birthday to You - 100 Years Later

- 111. According to a 1999 press release by ASCAP, Happy Birthday to You was the most popular song of the 20th Century.
- 112. The 1998 edition of the Guinness Book of World Records identified Happy Birthday to You as the most recognized song in the English language.
 - 113. Defendant Warner/Chappell currently claims it owns the exclusive

 copyright to *Happy Birthday to You* based on the piano arrangements that Summy Co. III published in 1935.

114. ASCAP provides non-dramatic public performance licenses to bars, clubs, websites, and many other venues. ASCAP "blanket licenses" grant the licensee the right to publicly perform any or all of the over 8.5 million songs in ASCAP's repertory in exchange for an annual fee. The non-dramatic public performance license royalties are distributed to ASCAP members based on surveys of performances of each ASCAP repertory song across different media. As an ASCAP member and assignee of the copyrights in *Happy Birthday to You*, Defendant Warner/Chappell obtains a share of blanket license revenue that would otherwise be paid to all other ASCAP members, in proportion to their songs' survey shares.

Plaintiff GMTY's Use of Happy Birthday to You

- 115. Plaintiff GMTY is producing a documentary movie, tentatively titled Happy Birthday, about the song Happy Birthday to You.
- 116. In one of the proposed scenes to be included in *Happy Birthday*, the song *Happy Birthday to You* is to be sung.
- 117. During the production process, plaintiff GMTY learned that defendant Warner/Chappell claimed exclusive copyright ownership to *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 118. Accordingly, in September 2012, plaintiff requested a quote from Warner/Chappell for a synchronization license to use *Happy Birthday to You* from Warner/Chappell's website.
- 119. On or about September 18, 2012, defendant Warner/Chappell responded to plaintiff GMTY's inquiry by demanding that GMTY pay it the sum of \$1,500 and enter into a synchronization license agreement to use *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 120. On or about March 12, 2013, defendant Warner/Chappell again contacted plaintiff GMTY and insisted that GMTY was not authorized to use *Happy*

Birthday to You unless it paid the licensing fee of \$1,500 and entered into the synchronization license that Warner/Chappell demanded.

- 121. Because defendant Warner/Chappell notified plaintiff GMTY that it claimed exclusive copyright ownership of *Happy Birthday to You*, GMTY faced a statutory penalty of up to \$150,000 under the Copyright Act if it used the song without Warner/Chappell's permission if Warner/Chappell, in fact, owned the copyright that it claimed.
- 122. Faced with a threat of substantial penalties for copyright infringement, on or about March 26, 2013, plaintiff GMTY was forced to and did pay defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$1,500 for a synchronization license and, on or about April 24, 2013, GMTY was forced to and did enter into the synchronization license agreement to use *Happy Birthday to You*.

Plaintiff Siegel's Use of Happy Birthday to You

- 123. BIG FAN produced a movie titled Big Fan.
- 124. In one of the scenes in Big Fan, the song Happy Birthday to You was sung.
- 125. During the production process, Plaintiff Siegel learned that defendant Warner/Chappell claimed exclusive copyright ownership to *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 126. Accordingly, in July 2009, Plaintiff Siegel requested a quote from Warner/Chappell for a Synchronization License to use *Happy Birthday to You* in *Big Fan*.
- 127. On or about July 20, 2009, defendant Warner/Chappell responded to plaintiff Siegel's inquiry by demanding that BIG FAN pay it the sum of \$3,000 and enter into a Synchronization License for use of *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 128. Because Defendant Warner/Chappell notified BIG FAN that it claimed exclusive copyright ownership of *Happy Birthday to You*, BIG FAN faced a statutory penalty of \$150,000 under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq. if

7 8

BIG FAN used the Song without Warner/Chappell's permission and Warner/Chappell, in fact, owned the copyright that it claimed.

- 129. On July 20, 2009, Plaintiff Siegel as President of BIG FAN executed the Synchronization License with Warner/Chappell and agreed to pay \$3,000 based upon *Big Fan's* theatrical release.
- 130. Faced with a threat of substantial penalties for copyright infringement, on or about September 1, 2009, BIG FAN was forced to, and did, pay defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$3,000 pursuant to the Synchronization License.

Rupa's Performance of Happy Birthday to You

- 131. Plaintiff Rupa d/b/a RTAF recorded the song *Happy Birthday to You* at a live show in San Francisco, to be released as part of a "live" album. She learned that defendant Warner/Chappell claimed exclusive copyright ownership to *Happy Birthday to You*, including the right to issue mechanical licenses.
- 132. Section 115 of the Copyright Act provides for compulsory licenses for the distribution of phonorecords and digital phonorecord deliveries (*i.e.*, Web-based "downloads") of musical compositions. Failure to obtain such a license prior to distribution of a cover version of a song constitutes a copyright infringement subject to the full remedies of the Copyright Act.
- 133. Accordingly, on June 17, 2013, Plaintiff Rupa provided a Notice of Intention to Obtain Compulsory License to Warner/Chappell and paid Warner/Chappell \$455 for a mechanical license for the reproduction and distribution of 5,000 copies of the Song.

Plaintiff Majar Use of Happy Birthday to You

of the Film, wherein Zsigmond and others sang the *Happy Birthday* in the opening scene of the Film, wherein Zsigmond and others sang the *Happy Birthday to You* to Kovacs in a celebration of Kovacs' life and the friendship of the two, thereby setting the tone for the Film. Plaintiff Majar learned that defendant Warner/Chappell claimed exclusive copyright ownership to *Happy Birthday*, including for purposes

of issuing synchronization licenses. Accordingly, on or about October 29, 2009, Plaintiff Majar paid to defendant Warner/Chappell the sum of \$5000 for a synchronization license to use *Happy Birthday* in the Film.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 135. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar bring this action under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b) as a class action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated for the purpose of asserting the claims alleged in this Consolidated First Amended Complaint on a common basis.
 - 136. The proposed Class is comprised of:

All persons or entities (excluding Defendants' directors, officers, employees, and affiliates) who entered into a license with Warner/Chappell, or paid Warner/Chappell or SBI, directly or indirectly through its agents, a licensing fee for the song *Happy Birthday to You* at any time from June 18, 2009, until Defendants' conduct as alleged herein has ceased.

- 137. Although Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa, and Majar do not know the exact size of the Class or the identities of all members of the Class, upon information and belief that information can be readily obtained from the books and records of defendant Warner/Chappell. Plaintiffs believe that the Class includes thousands of persons or entities who are widely geographically disbursed. Thus, the proposed Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- 138. The claims of all members of the Class involve common questions of law and fact including:
 - a. whether Happy Birthday to You is in the public domain and dedicated to public use;
 - whether Warner/Chappell is the exclusive owner of the copyright to Happy Birthday to You and is thus entitled to all of the rights conferred in 17 U.S.C. § 102;

- c. whether Warner/Chappell has the right to collect fees for the use of Happy Birthday to You;
- d. whether Warner/Chappell has violated the law by demanding and collecting fees for the use of *Happy Birthday to You* despite not having a valid copyright to the song; and
- e. whether Warner/Chappell is required to return unlawfully obtained payments to plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar and the other members of the Class and, if so, what amount is to be returned.
- 139. With respect to Claims III and VII, the common questions of law and fact predominate over any potential individual issues.
- 140. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar's claims are typical of the claims of all other members of the Class and plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar's interests do not conflict with the interests of any other member of the Class, in that plaintiffs and the other members of the Class were subjected to the same unlawful conduct.
- 141. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar are committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action and have retained competent legal counsel experienced in class action and complex litigation.
- 142. Plaintiffs are adequate representatives of the Class and, together with their attorneys, are able to and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and its members.
- 143. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair, just, and efficient adjudication of the claims asserted herein. Joinder of all members of the Class is impracticable and, for financial and other reasons, it would be impractical for individual members of the Class to pursue separate claims.
- 144. Moreover, the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create the risk of varying and inconsistent adjudications, and would unduly burden the courts.

145. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar anticipate no difficulty in the management of this litigation as a class action.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

DECLARATORY JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. § 2201

(On Behalf Of Plaintiffs And The Class)

(Against Defendants)

- 146. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 145 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 147. Plaintiffs bring these claims individually on behalf of themselves and on behalf of the proposed Class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 148. Plaintiffs seek adjudication of an actual controversy arising under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq., in connection with Defendants' purported copyright claim to Happy Birthday to You. Plaintiffs seek the Court's declaration that the Copyright Act does not bestow upon Warner/Chappell and/or SBI the rights it has asserted and enforced against plaintiffs and the other members of the Class.
- 149. Defendants assert that they are entitled to mechanical and performance royalties pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 115 for the creation and distribution of phonorecords and digital downloads of the composition *Happy Birthday to You*, under threat of a claim of copyright infringement.
- 150. Defendant Warner/Chappell demanded that plaintiff GMTY enter into a synchronization license agreement to use *Happy Birthday to You* and pay Warner/Chappell the sum of \$1,500 for that synchronization license based upon its claim of copyright ownership. Warner/Chappell's demand was coercive in nature, and GMTY's entering into the license agreement and payment of \$1,500 was involuntary.
- 151. Plaintiff GMTY's claim presents a justiciable controversy because plaintiff GMTY's agreement to pay defendant Warner/Chappell and its actual

payment to Warner/Chappell for use of the song Happy Birthday to You in its film was the involuntary result of Warner/Chappell's assertion of a copyright and the risk that plaintiff GMTY would be exposed to substantial statutory penalties under the Copyright Act had it failed to enter such an agreement and pay Warner/Chappell the price it demanded.

- 152. Defendant Warner/Chappell demanded that BIG FAN as assignor of plaintiff Siegel enter into the Synchronization License agreement to use *Happy Birthday to You* and pay Warner/Chappell the sum of \$3,000 for that Synchronization License based upon its claim of copyright ownership. Warner/Chappell's demand was coercive in nature, and BIG FAN'S entering into the Synchronization License and payment of \$3,000 was involuntary.
- 153. Plaintiff Siegel's claim presents a justiciable controversy because plaintiff Siegel's agreement to pay defendant Warner/Chappell and its actual payment to Warner/Chappell for use of the song Happy Birthday to You in its film Big Fan, was the involuntary result of Warner/Chappell's assertion of a copyright and the risk that plaintiff Siegel would be exposed to substantial statutory penalties under the Copyright Act had it failed to enter such an agreement and pay Warner/Chappell the price it demanded, but then used Happy Birthday to You in its film anyway.
- 154. Plaintiff Rupa's claim presents a justiciable controversy because plaintiff Rupa's agreement to pay defendant Warner/Chappell and its actual payment to Warner/Chappell for use of the song Happy Birthday to You in her album, was the involuntary result of Warner/Chappell's assertion of a copyright and the risk that plaintiff Rupa would be exposed to substantial statutory penalties under the Copyright Act had she failed to enter such an agreement and pay Warner/Chappell standard mechanical license royalties it demanded, but then paid for the mechanical license anyway.

- 155. Defendants demanded that Plaintiff Majar pay to Defendants a licensing fee in the sum of \$5000 pursuant to Defendants' claim of copyright ownership, in order for Plaintiff Majar to use *Happy Birthday* in the Film. Defendants' demand was coercive in nature and Majar's agreement to pay the fee was involuntary.
- 156. Plaintiff Majar's claim presents a justiciable controversy because its actual payment of Defendants' demanded fee to use *Happy Birthday* in the Film was the involuntary result of Defendants' assertion of a copyright and the risk that Plaintiff Majar would be exposed to substantial statutory penalties under the Copyright Act had it failed to seek Defendants' approval to use the Song and/or failed to pay Defendants' demanded fee.
- 157. Plaintiffs seek the Court's determination as to whether Defendants are entitled to assert ownership of the copyright to *Happy Birthday to You* against Plaintiffs pursuant to the Copyright Act as Defendants claim, or whether Defendants are wielding a false claim of ownership to inhibit Plaintiffs' use and enjoyment (and the public's use and enjoyment) of intellectual property which is rightfully in the public domain.
- 158. If and to the extent that Defendants relies upon the 1893, 1896, 1899, or 1907 copyrights for the melody for *Good Morning to All*, those copyrights expired or were forfeited as alleged herein.
- 159. As alleged above, the 1893 and 1896 copyrights to the original and revised versions of *Song Stories for the Kindergarten*, which contained the song *Good Morning to All*, were not renewed by Summy Co. or Summy and accordingly expired in 1921 and 1924, respectively.
- 160. As alleged above, the 1893 copyright to Song Stories for the Kindergarten and the 1899 copyright to Song Stories for the Sunday School, which contained Good Morning to All, and the 1907 copyright to Good Morning to All were not renewed by Summy Co. before Summy Co. was dissolved in 1920 and

accordingly, those copyrights expired in 1927 and 1935, respectively.

- 161. The 1893, 1896, 1899, and 1907 copyrights to *Good Morning to All* were forfeited by the republication of *Good Morning to All* in 1921 without proper notice of its original 1893 copyright.
- 162. The copyright to *Good Morning to All* expired in 1921 because the 1893 copyright to *Song Stories for the Kindergarten* was not properly renewed.
- 163. The piano arrangements for *Happy Birthday to You* published by Summy Co. III in 1935 (Reg. Nos. E51988 and E51990) were not eligible for federal copyright protection because those works did not contain original works of authorship, except to the extent of the piano arrangements themselves.
- 164. The 1934 and 1935 copyrights pertained only to the piano arrangements, not to the melody or lyrics of the song *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 165. The registration certificates for *The Elementary Worker and His Work* in 1912, *Harvest Hymns* in 1924, and *Children's Praise and Worship* in 1928, which did not attribute authorship of the lyrics to *Happy Birthday to You* to anyone, are *prima facie* evidence that the lyrics were not authored by the Hill Sisters.
- 166. If declaratory relief is not granted, defendant Warner/Chappell will continue wrongfully to assert the exclusive copyright to *Happy Birthday to You* at least until 2030, when the current term of the copyright expires under existing copyright law.
 - 167. Plaintiffs therefore request a declaration that:
 - (a) defendant Warner/Chappell and defendant SBI do not own the copyright to, or possess the exclusive right to reproduce, distribute, or publicly perform, *Happy Birthday To You*;
 - (b) defendant Warner/Chappell and defendant SBI do not own the exclusive right to demand or grant a license for use of *Happy Birthday To You*; and

(c) Happy Birthday to You is in the public domain and is dedicated to the public use.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF UPON ENTRY OF DECLARATORY JUDGMENT DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C § 2202

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class)

(Against Defendant Warner/Chappell)

- 168. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 167 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 169. Plaintiffs bring these claims individually on their own behalf and on behalf of the Class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 170. Under 28 U.S.C. § 2202 empowers this Court to grant, "necessary or proper relief based on a declaratory judgment or decree . . . after reasonable notice and hearing, against any adverse party whose rights have been determined by such judgment."
- 171. Plaintiffs and the other proposed Class members have been harmed, and Defendants have been unjustly enriched, by Defendant Warner/Chappell's takings.
- 172. Plaintiffs seek relief for themselves and the other members of the proposed Class upon the entry of declaratory judgment upon Claim I, as follows:
 - (a) an injunction to prevent Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI from making further representations of ownership of the copyright to *Happy Birthday To You*;
 - (b) restitution to Plaintiffs and the other Class members of license fees paid to Defendants, directly or indirectly through its agents, in connection with the purported licenses it granted to Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar and

the other Class members;

- (c) an accounting for all monetary benefits obtained by Defendants, directly or indirectly through its agents, from plaintiffs and the other Class members in connection with its claim to ownership of the copyright to *Happy Birthday to You*; and
- (d) such other further and proper relief as this Court sees fit.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

UNFAIR BUSINESS ACTS AND PRACTICES IN VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE §§ 17200 ET SEQ.

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class)

(Against Defendants)

- 173. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 172 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 174. Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa, and Majar bring these claims individually on their own behalf, and also on behalf of the Class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 175. As alleged herein, Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar and the other Class members have paid licensing fees to defendants Warner/Chappell and/or SBI and have therefore suffered injury in fact and have lost money or property as a result of Defendants' conduct.
- 176. California's Unfair Competition Laws, Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 et seq. ("UCL"), prohibit any unlawful or unfair business act or practice.
 - 177. UCL § 17200 further prohibits any fraudulent business act or practice.
- 178. Defendants' actions, claims, nondisclosures, and misleading statements, as alleged in this Complaint, were unfair, false, misleading, and likely to deceive the consuming public within the meaning of UCL §§ 17200, 17500.
- 179. The conduct of Defendants in exerting control over exclusive copyright ownership to Happy Birthday to You to extract licensing fees is deceptive and

misleading because neither Warner/Chappell nor SBI own the rights to Happy Birthday to You.

- 180. Plaintiffs and the other members of the Class have, in fact, been deceived as a result of their reasonable reliance upon Defendants' materially false and misleading statements and omissions, as alleged above.
- 181. As a result of Defendants' unfair and fraudulent acts and practices as alleged above, Plaintiffs and the other Class members have suffered substantial monetary injuries.
- 182. Plaintiffs and the other Class members reserve the right to allege other violations of law which constitute other unfair or deceptive business acts or practices. Such conduct is ongoing and continues to this date.
- 183. As a result of its deception, Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI have been able to reap unjust revenue and profit.
- 184. Upon information and belief, Defendants have collected and continue to collect at least \$2 million per year in licensing fees for *Happy Birthday to You*. Therefore, the amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million in the aggregate.
- 185. Unless restrained and enjoined, Defendants will continue to engage in the above-described conduct. Accordingly, injunctive relief is appropriate.
- 186. Plaintiffs, individually on their own behalf and on behalf of the other members of the Class, seek restitution and disgorgement of all money obtained from Plaintiffs and the other members of the Class, collected as a result of unfair competition, and all other relief this Court deems appropriate, consistent with UCL § 17203.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF BREACH OF CONTRACT

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class Against All Defendants)

187. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every foregoing allegation as though fully set forth herein.

- 188. Plaintiffs entered into license agreements with Defendant Warner/Chappell wherein Warner/Chappell represented and warranted that it and/or its co-Defendant SBI owned the rights to *Happy Birthday* as licensed therein.
- 189. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants' licensing agreements are the same or substantially similar as to all Class members, particularly with respect to Defendants' claim of ownership of the copyright to *Happy Birthday*.
- 190. Plaintiffs and the Class have satisfied their obligations under each such licensing agreement with Warner/Chappell.
- 191. As alleged herein, Defendants do not own the copyright interests claimed in *Happy Birthday* and, as a result of its unlawful and false assertions of the same, Defendants have violated the representations and warranties made in the licensing agreements, thereby materially breaching the licensing agreements.
- 192. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs and the Class have been damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

COMMON COUNT FOR MONEY HAD AND RECEIVED

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class)

(Against Defendants)

- 193. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 192 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 194. Within the last four years, Defendants Warner/Chappell and/or SBI became indebted to Plaintiffs and all class members for money had and received by Defendants for the use and benefit of Plaintiffs and class members. The money in equity and good conscience belongs to Plaintiffs and class members.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

RESCISSION FOR FAILURE OF CONSIDERATION

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class)

(Against Defendants)

- 195. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 194 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 196. Defendants' purported licenses were worthless and ineffective, and do not constitute a valid consideration.
- 197. The complete lack of consideration obviates any need for notice to Defendants.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FALSE ADVERTISING, CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §§ 17500 ET SEQ.

(On Behalf of Plaintiffs and the Class)

(Against Defendants)

- 198. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 197 set forth above as though they were fully set forth herein.
- 199. On information and belief, Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI intended to induce the public to enter into an obligation related to its alleged property, namely the composition *Happy Birthday to You*.
- 200. Defendants Warner/Chappell and/or SBI publicly disseminated advertising which contained statements which were untrue and misleading and which concerned the composition *Happy Birthday to You*, for which they improperly sought and received licensing fees. Defendants knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, that these statements were untrue and misleading.
- 201. Plaintiffs and class members have suffered injury in fact and have lost money as a result of such unfair competition.

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar hereby demand a trial by jury to the extent that the allegations contained herein are triable by jury under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 38-39.

PRAYER RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs GMTY, Siegel, Rupa and Majar on behalf of themselves and the other members of the Class, pray for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- A. certifying the Class as requested herein;
- B. declaring that the song *Happy Birthday to You* is not protected by federal copyright law, is dedicated to public use, and is in the public domain;
- C. permanently enjoining Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI from asserting any copyright to the song *Happy Birthday to You*;
- D. permanently enjoining Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI from charging or collecting any licensing or other fees for use of the song *Happy Birthday to You*;
- E. imposing a constructive trust upon the money Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI unlawfully collected from plaintiffs, the other members of the Class, and ASCAP for use of the song *Happy Birthday to You*;
- F. ordering Defendants Warner/Chappell and SBI to return to Plaintiffs and the other members of the Class all the licensing or other fees they have collected from them, directly or indirectly through its agents, for use of the song *Happy Birthday to You*, together with interest thereon;
- G. awarding Plaintiffs and the other members of the Class restitution for defendant Warner/Chappell and SBI's prior acts and

1	practices;		
2	H. awarding Plaintiffs and the Class reasonable attorneys' fees and		
3	costs; and		
4		d further relief as the Court deems just and	
5			
6		WOLF HALDENSTEIN ADLER	
7		FREEMAN & HERZ LLP	
8			
9			
10	il i	BETSY C. MANIFOLD	
11		FRANCIS M. GREGOREK (144785)	
		BETSY C. MANIFOLD (182450)	
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