Case No.	CV 13-7175 PSG (SHx)		Date	November 5, 2013	
Title	Michael Lowe v. The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., et al.			al.	
Present:	The Honorable Philip S. Gutierrez, United States District Judge				
XX 7 1	TZ 11 1	N. (D.)			
	K. Hernandez	Not Present		n/a	
De	eputy Clerk	Court Reporter Tap		Tape No.	
Attorr	neys Present for Plaintiff(s):	Attorneys Pr	esent f	For Defendant(s):	
	Not Present	No	Not Present		
Proceedin	gs: (In Chambers) Order t	o Show Cause re: R	emand	to State Court	
	action was removed to this Court ever, the jurisdictional allegations checked: Removal is based on federal que but it does not appear that any o	s appear to be defective	e for the	e reason(s) opposite 28 U.S.C. § 1331,	
[]	Removal is based on federal question jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and the artful pleading doctrine, but the claims do not appear to be completely preempted by federal law. <i>See Hall v. N. Am. Van Lines, Inc.</i> , 476 F.3d 683, 687 (9th Cir. 2007).				
[]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), but all plaintiffs are not diverse from all defendants. <i>See Caterpillar Inc. v. Lewis</i> , 519 U.S. 61, 67-68 (1996).				
[]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), but defendant has not alleged that diversity jurisdiction existed both at the time the action began and at the time of removal, or that a voluntary act by the plaintiff made the case removable after it was filed. <i>See Strotek Corp. v. Air Transp. Ass'n of Am.</i> , 300 F.3d 1129, 1131-32 (9th Cir. 2002); <i>Self v. Gen. Motors Corp.</i> , 588 F.2d 655, 657-58 (9th Cir. 1978).				

Case No.	CV 1	3-7175 PSG (SHx)	Date	November 5, 2013		
Title	Michael Lowe v. The Children's Place Retail Stores, Inc., et al.					
[]		oval is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to laint and notice of removal fail to allege the citi				
	[] p	laintiff(s).				
	[] d	efendant(s).				
[]	comp	noval is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), but the aplaint and notice of removal set forth the residence, rather than the citizenship, ome or all of the parties. Diversity is based on citizenship.				
[]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). A partnership, limited liability company, or other unincorporated association is named as a party. The Court must consider the citizenship of each of the partners, including limited partners, or members. The citizenship of each of the entity's partners or members must therefore be alleged. <i>See Carden v. Arkoma Assocs.</i> , 494 U.S. 185, 195-96 (1990); <i>United Steelworkers v. R.H. Bouligny, Inc.</i> , 382 U.S. 145 (1965); <i>Johnson v. Columbia Props. Anchorage, LP</i> , 437 F.3d 894, 899 (9th Cir. 2006); <i>Rockwell Int'l Credit Corp. v. U.S. Aircraft Ins. Grp.</i> , 823 F.2d 302, 304 (9th Cir. 1987). The complaint and notice of removal do not set forth the citizenship of each of the entity's partners or members.					
[]		oval is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to oration is named as a party. The notice of remove				
	[]	the complaint and the notice of removal do not state(s) of incorporation <i>and</i> its principal place § 1332(c).		_		
	[]	the complaint and the notice of removal do not support the assertion that the alleged principal corporate party's principal place of business. corporation's principal place of business is "the corporation's high level officers direct, controcorporation's activities." Hertz Corp. v. Friend	place of For dive e place l, and co	E business is the rsity purposes, a where the pordinate the		

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[]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). A national bank is named as a party. The notice of removal is deficient because:				
	[] the complaint and the notice of removal do not allege the state of the national bank's main office, as set forth in its articles of association, <i>and</i> its principal place of business. <i>See Wachovia Bank v. Schmidt</i> , 546 U.S. 303, 307 (2006); <i>Olson v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.</i> , No. CV 13-2906-GHK (AGRx), 2013 WL 4407495, at *12 (C.D. Cal. Aug. 1, 2013).				
	[] the complaint and the notice of removal do n support the assertion that the alleged principal national bank's principal place of business.		_		
[]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). A party is named in a representative capacity, but the citizenship of the represented person is not alleged or appears not to be diverse. <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(2).				
[X]	Removal is based on diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), but the matter in controversy does not appear to exceed \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs. Because the complaint does not clearly state the amount of damages plaintiff seeks, or because the amount sought appears to be \$75,000 or less, defendant bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. <i>See Gaus v. Miles, Inc.</i> , 980 F.2d 564, 566-67 (9th Cir. 1992). A "mere averment" that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 is insufficient, <i>id.</i> at 567, as is an allegation based on information and belief, <i>Valdez v. Allstate Ins. Co.</i> , 372 F.3d 1115, 1117 (9th Cir. 2004).				
The C	Court notes the following potential <u>procedural</u> defect(s	s) in the n	otice of removal:		
[]	All served defendants have not joined in or consented to removal. <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(2)(A).				
[]	The notice of removal was filed more than 30 days a initial pleading, or the date on which defendant first <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(2)(B), (b)(3).				

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[]	Removal is on the basis of diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), the case was not initially removable, and the notice of removal was filed more than one year after the commencement of the action. However, defendant has not alleged that plaintiff acted in bad faith to prevent removal. <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1446(c)(1).				
[]	Removal is on the basis of diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), but at least one defendant is a California citizen. <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b)(2).				
[]	The removing defendant did not attach to the notice of removal a copy of all process, pleadings, and orders served on the defendant in the state action. <i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a).				
November 2 to respond to	dingly, the Court orders defendant(s) to show cause in 6 , 2013 why this action should not be remanded to state this Order by the above date, the Court will remand to some extend the time for defendant(s) to respond to any	te court. his actio	If defendant(s) fail on to state court. This		
Plaintiff(s) may submit a response to this Order no later than the above date. Plaintiff(s) must move to remand within 30 days of the filing of the notice of removal if the defects in the notice of removal are procedural and the plaintiff(s) object. Otherwise, those defects are waived. See 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c).					
The Court orders the Court Clerk to promptly serve this Order on all parties.					
	Deputy Clerk				
IT IS	SO ORDERED.				