UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION
NOEL RODRIGUEZ,) Case No. CV 14-984-DSF(AJW)
) Petitioner,) MEMORANDUM AND ORDER
) DISMISSING PETITION v.)
) G.J. JANDA, Warden,)
) Respondent.)
)

On October 15, 1997, petitioner was convicted of first degree murder. [Petition at 2]. The California Court of Appeal affirmed petitioner's conviction on March 16, 1999, and the California Supreme Court denied his petition for review on April 21, 1999. [Petition at 2-3].

On August 17, 2011, petitioner filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in this Court. Case No. CV 11-6759-DSF(AJW). Judgment dismissing the petition as untimely was entered on March 5, 2012. Petitioner's requests for a certificate of appealability were denied both by this Court and by the Court of Appeals.

27 Petitioner filed the present petition for a writ of habeas corpus 28 on February 7, 2014. Like the petition filed in Case No. CV 11-67591 DSF(AJW), this petition challenges petitioner's 1997 murder conviction. 2 [Petitioner at 2].

3 A federal court must dismiss a second or successive petition that 4 raises the same grounds as a prior petition. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(1). A 5 federal court also must dismiss a second or successive petition raising a new ground unless the petitioner can show that (1) the claim rests on 6 7 a new, retroactive, constitutional right or (2) the factual basis of 8 the claim was not previously discoverable through due diligence, and 9 those new facts establish by clear and convincing evidence that but for 10 the constitutional error, no reasonable factfinder would have found the offense. 11 applicant quilty of the underlying 28 U.S.C. 8 12 2244(b)(2)(A)-(B). It is not the district court, however, that decides 13 whether a second or successive petition may proceed. Rather, "[b]efore 14 a second or successive application permitted by this section is filed 15 in the district court, the applicant shall move in the appropriate 16 court of appeals for an order authorizing the district court to 17 consider the application." 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). Absent 18 authorization from the Court of Appeals, this Court lacks jurisdiction 19 over this second or successive petition. <u>Burton v. Stewart</u>, 549 U.S. 20 147, 157 (2007); Cooper v. Calderon, 274 F.3d 1270, 1274 (9th Cir. 21 2001), <u>cert. denied</u>, 538 U.S. 984 (2003).

Petitioner's first federal petition was dismissed with prejudice as untimely. A dismissal with prejudice under the statute of limitation renders subsequent petitions successive under the AEDPA. <u>McNabb v. Yates</u>, 576 F.3d 1028, 1029-1030 (9th Cir. 2009) (per curiam). ///

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1	Because petitioner has not obtained leave from the Court of Appeals to
2	file a successive petition, the petition for a writ of habeas corpus is
3	dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.
4	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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6	Dated: March 13, 2014
7	Dale S. Jescher
8	Dale S. Fischer
9	United States District Judge
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10	WESTERN DIVISION
11	NOEL RODRIGUEZ,) Case No. CV 14-984-DSF(AJW)
12)) Petitioner,)
13) JUDGMENT V.)
14	G.J. JANDA, Warden,)
15) Respondent.)
16)
17	It is hereby adjudged that the petition for a writ of habeas
18	corpus is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.
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20	Dated:
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22	Dale S. Fischer
23	United States District Judge
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