

NOTE: CHANGES MADE BY THE COURT

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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

MINX INTERNATIONAL, INC., a  
California corporation d/b/a "Damask  
Fabrics",

Plaintiff,

vs.

VIVACE DESIGN, INC., a California  
corporation; M&P CENTRAL, INC., a  
California corporation d/b/a "Bloom;"  
SOPHIA & KIMS, INC., a Texas  
corporation d/b/a "Miss Mango;" 10  
SPOT OF KEARNY, LLC, a New Jersey  
limited liability company d/b/a "Madrag;"  
CORNERSTONE APPAREL, INC., a  
California corporation d/b/a "Papaya;" G  
STAGE LOVE.COM, INC., a California  
corporation; I JOAH, a California  
business entity of form unknown;  
CITIWEAR, INC., a California  
corporation; AVENUE STORES, LLC, a  
Delaware limited liability company d/b/a  
"Fashion Avenue;" and DOES 1 through  
10,

Defendants.

Case No. CV14-02787-SJO-PLAx

**PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Action filed: April 11, 2014  
Judge Assigned: Hon. S. James Otero

1 Pursuant to the parties Joint Stipulation for a Protective Order, **the Court**  
2 **hereby orders as follows:**

3 **1. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT**

4 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production  
5 of highly sensitive personal financial or business information or proprietary  
6 information that has not been disseminated to the public at large, which is not readily  
7 discoverable by persons and has been the subject of reasonable efforts by the  
8 respective parties to maintain its secrecy, and for which special protection from public  
9 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would  
10 be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to  
11 enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this  
12 Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery  
13 and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that  
14 are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The  
15 parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated  
16 Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal.

17 **2. DEFINITIONS**

18 2.1. Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,  
19 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

20 2.2. Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of  
21 the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other  
22 things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in  
23 disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

24 2.3. Trade Secret: information, including a formula, pattern, compilation,  
25 program, device, method, technique, or process that: (i) derives independent economic  
26 value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to the public or to other  
27 persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and (ii) is the  
28 subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy,

1 as set forth in California Civil Code §3426.

2       2.4 “Confidential” Information or Items: information (regardless of how  
3 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under  
4 standards developed under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) which shall only be disclosed to the  
5 parties to this litigation and their respective house and outside counsels, as set forth in  
6 section 7.2 below. Such information should fall into one or more of the following  
7 categories: (i) sales, marketing, or product or service development strategies, tactics  
8 or plans; (ii) financial data; (iii) costs of doing business; (iv) customer lists; (v)  
9 business agreements and contracts; (vi) licensing negotiations and agreements; and  
10 (vi) third-party documents covered by an obligation of confidentiality.

11       2.5. “Highly Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only” Information or Items:  
12 information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that  
13 are extremely sensitive — such as trade secrets or highly sensitive business or product  
14 expansion plans or developments — and whose disclosure to any Party in this action  
15 would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less  
16 restrictive means.

17       2.6. Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material  
18 from a Producing Party.

19       2.7. Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or  
20 Discovery Material in this action.

21       2.8. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or  
22 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or  
23 “Highly Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

24       2.9. Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is  
25 designated as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

26       2.10. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are  
27 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

28

1           2.11. In-House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party and who  
2 regularly provide legal advice as part of their job duties.

3           2.12. Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and In-House Counsel (as  
4 well as their support staffs).

5           2.13. Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter  
6 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an  
7 expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current  
8 employee of a Party. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant  
9 retained in connection with this litigation.

10           2.14. Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support  
11 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or  
12 demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and  
13 their employees and subcontractors.

### 14           **3. SCOPE**

15           Any Protected Material (as defined above) may not be disseminated or  
16 disclosed outside the parameters of the Order, whether that disclosure embodies the  
17 entirety of a designated document or any portion or segment thereof.

### 18           **4. DURATION**

19           Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations  
20 imposed by this Stipulation and Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party  
21 agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Nothing contained  
22 herein, however, is intended to limit or prevent parties from introducing evidence at  
23 trial to prove its case. The use of any Protected Material at trial, however, is not  
24 addressed at this time, but may be the subject of future application to the District  
25 Court Judge assigned to this matter as the need may arise. Unless otherwise ordered  
26 or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final  
27 termination of this action, each Receiving Party shall return all Protected Material to  
28 the Producing Party, or alternatively, destroy it. If the documents were originally

1 produced without charge, they shall be returned without charge. If they were  
2 produced at a charge, they shall be returned for the same cost. As used in this  
3 subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,  
4 summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected  
5 Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party  
6 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the  
7 Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written  
8 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the  
9 Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where  
10 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms  
11 that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,  
12 summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.  
13 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all  
14 pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney  
15 work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material.

## 16 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

17 5.1. Exercise of Restraint and Reasonable Care in Designating Material for  
18 Protection. Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for  
19 protection under this Stipulation and Order must take reasonable care to limit any such  
20 designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A  
21 Designating Party must take reasonable care to designate for protection only those  
22 parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify –  
23 so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which  
24 protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this  
25 Stipulation and Order.

26 Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made  
27 for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case  
28 development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other

1 parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions as provided for in the Federal  
2 Rules of Civil Procedure.

3 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that  
4 it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the  
5 level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all  
6 other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

7 5.2. Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in  
8 this Stipulation and Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as  
9 otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this  
10 Stipulation and Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or  
11 produced.

12 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

13 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of  
14 depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the  
15 legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES  
16 ONLY" conspicuously on each page that contains protected material. If only a  
17 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing  
18 Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate  
19 markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection  
20 being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
21 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

22 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for  
23 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has  
24 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and  
25 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection only to the  
26 inspecting Party's outside attorney(s), and shall be deemed "HIGHLY  
27 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party's  
28 outside attorney(s) have identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the

1 Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for  
2 protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the  
3 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY  
4 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”) conspicuously on each page that  
5 contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page  
6 qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected  
7 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for  
8 each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or  
9 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”).

10 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other proceedings, that the Party  
11 or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the  
12 close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and  
13 further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as “HIGHLY  
14 CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” When it is impractical to  
15 identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it  
16 appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party  
17 or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record  
18 (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 30 days after  
19 the date of mailing of the final transcript to identify the specific portions of the  
20 testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection being  
21 asserted (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’  
22 EYES ONLY”). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately  
23 designated for protection within the 30 day period shall be covered by the provisions  
24 of this Stipulated Protective Order.

25 Where, in good faith, it is anticipated by counsel for the Party or non-party who  
26 is testifying that the response to a question or series of questions could qualify as  
27 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” protection, then, on the  
28 record, counsel for the testifying Party or non-party shall ask all Party representatives

1 or non-parties to leave the deposition room during such testimony. Upon the  
2 completion of the questioning that is believed to qualify for “HIGHLY  
3 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” protection, all Party  
4 representatives or non-parties shall be allowed to reenter the deposition room.

5 Transcript pages containing Protected Material shall be separately bound by the  
6 court reporter, who shall affix to conspicuously on each such page the legend  
7 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES  
8 ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or  
9 presenting the testimony.

10 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for  
11 any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the  
12 exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the  
13 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES  
14 ONLY.” If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing  
15 Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying  
16 whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes  
17 Only.”

18 (d) Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If corrected within thirty (30) days of  
19 disclosure, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as  
20 “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only” does not, standing  
21 alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for  
22 such material. If material is appropriately designated as “Confidential” or “Highly  
23 Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only” after the material was initially produced, the  
24 Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation - thirty (30 days) - must  
25 make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the  
26 provisions of this Order, subject to the provisions below.

## 27 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

28 6.1. Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a



1 Designating Party’s confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must  
2 begin the process by conferring directly with counsel for the Designating Party. In  
3 conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the  
4 confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an  
5 opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if  
6 no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A  
7 challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has  
8 engaged, or in the event of non-cooperation attempted to engage, in this meet and  
9 confer process first.

10 6.2. Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a  
11 confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the  
12 Designating Party may file and serve a motion that identifies the challenged material  
13 and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such motion must be jointly  
14 stipulated and filed pursuant to Local Rule 37, unless the circumstances justify the  
15 filing of an ex parte application. Until the Court rules on the challenge, all parties  
16 shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is  
17 entitled under the Producing Party’s designation.

18 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

19 7.1. Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is  
20 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case  
21 only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected  
22 Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions  
23 described in this Order. Following final resolution of the litigation, a Receiving Party  
24 shall comply with the provisions of section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).  
25 Protected Material shall be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location  
26 and in a secure manner that reasonably ensures that access is limited to the persons  
27 authorized under this Order.  
28

1           7.2. Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless  
2 otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a  
3 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL  
4 only to:

5           (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action and other  
6 outside counsel who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order”  
7 (Exhibit A);

8           (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including In-house Counsel) of the  
9 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

10          (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom  
11 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the  
12 “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

13          (d) the Court and its personnel;

14          (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure  
15 is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

16          (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
17 reasonably necessary. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to  
18 depositions that reveal Protected Material shall be separately bound by the court  
19 reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated  
20 Protective Order. Any party seeking to use CONFIDENTIAL information during a  
21 deposition shall obtain a statement on the record that the deponent and any other  
22 persons in attendance have agreed to abide by the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
23 Order. If the deponent refuses to agree, disclosure of such information to the witness  
24 during the deposition shall not constitute a waiver of confidentiality, provided that,  
25 under such circumstances, the witness shall be asked to read and sign the original  
26 deposition transcript in the presence of the court reporter, and no copy of the transcript  
27 or related exhibits shall be given to the deponent. The terms of this Stipulated  
28 Protective Order shall apply to those persons in attendance at depositions and shall

1 require the exclusion of persons not subject to the terms of the Stipulated Protective  
2 Order from attending that portion of the deposition at which Confidential or  
3 Attorneys' Eyes Only information is discussed. And, as set forth in Section 5.2(b)  
4 above, prior to the disclosure of Attorneys' Eyes Only information or testimony in the  
5 deposition, counsel for the testifying Party or non-party shall ask all Party  
6 representatives or non-parties to leave the deposition room during such testimony.

7 (g) the author and named recipients of the document, persons who have  
8 previously had access to the documents or Confidential Information other than  
9 through discovery or disclosures in the litigation, and the original source of the  
10 information.

11 7.3. Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES  
12 ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in  
13 writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or  
14 item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only  
15 to:

- 16 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action;
- 17 (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) to whom disclosure is reasonably  
18 necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by  
19 Protective Order" (Exhibit A),
- 20 (c) the Court and its personnel;
- 21 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom  
22 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation; and
- 23 (e) the author of the document or the original source of the  
24 information.

25 Nothing herein, however, is intended to prohibit or proscribe the ability of  
26 outside counsel to provide to its client informed and meaningful advice, or to prevent  
27 counsel from aggregating and generally summarizing counsel's interpretation of the  
28 implications of such information as it relates to the litigation, so long as it will not

1 reveal or disclose the specific contents of any document or information designated as  
2 “Attorneys’ Eyes Only”.

3 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED**  
4 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION**

5 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other  
6 litigation or Court proceedings that require disclosure of any information or items  
7 designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -  
8 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” the Receiving Party shall notify the Designating  
9 Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) promptly and in no event more than four court  
10 days after receiving the subpoena or order but before the scheduled date for  
11 production. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

12 The Receiving Party shall also immediately inform in writing the Party who  
13 caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation or proceeding that some or  
14 all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject to this Protective  
15 Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated  
16 Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or  
17 order to issue.

18 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the  
19 existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an  
20 opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the  
21 subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the  
22 expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material — and nothing  
23 in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving  
24 Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

25 **9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

26 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed  
27 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this  
28 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in

1 writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts  
2 to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to  
3 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d)  
4 request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
5 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6 **10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

7 In the event that counsel for any party decides to file with or submit to the  
8 Court any Protected Material, counsel shall provide written notice to the other party  
9 and shall take appropriate steps to ensure the continuing confidentiality of the  
10 Protected Material. Counsel for the party seeking to file or submit the Protected  
11 Material to the Court shall request that the portion(s) of the document(s) containing  
12 the Protected Materials be filed under seal by way of a written application and  
13 proposed order, along with the portion(s) of the document(s) submitted for filing  
14 under seal, in accordance with the Local Rules. Pending the ruling on the application,  
15 the papers or portions thereof subject to the sealing application shall be lodged under  
16 seal. **Good cause for filing under seal must be shown in the application.**

17 **11. MISCELLANEOUS.**

18 11.1. Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any  
19 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

20 11.2. Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this  
21 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to  
22 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this  
23 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party, waives any right to object on any  
24 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

25 11.3. Effect of Designation on Authenticity and Admissibility. The placing of  
26 any confidentiality designation or a production identification label on the face of any  
27 document shall not affect the document’s authenticity or admissibility in this action.  
28

1           11.4. Continuing Jurisdiction. All provisions of this Stipulated Protective  
2 Order shall continue to be binding after the conclusion of this action in its entirety,  
3 unless subsequently modified by agreement between the parties or order of the Court,  
4 and the Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter for the purpose of enforcing this  
5 Stipulated Protective Order.

6           **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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8 Dated: July 24, 2014



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Paul L. Abrams  
U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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**EXHIBIT A**

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full company name and address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on \_\_\_\_\_ [date] in the case of Minx International, Inc. v. Vivace Design, Inc., etc., et al., Case No. CV14-02787-SJO-PLA. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_