- (2) the FAC's claim that the Ordinance facially violates Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and constitutes an improper "test or device" is dismissed with prejudice for lack of jurisdiction;
- (3) the FAC's claim that the Ordinance facially violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, because it grants voters who live, work, or own property in multiple neighborhoods more voting power and disenfranchises voters who do not live, work, or own property in the neighborhood, is dismissed without leave to amend and with prejudice;
- (4) the FAC's Section 1983 claim that the City (through Cantu, acting in his official capacity) arbitrarily discriminated against Jennerjahn when, in applying the Ordinance, it kept Jennerjahn him the ballot and from voting, in violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment is dismissed with leave to amend;
- (5) the FAC's Section 1983 claim that the City (through Cantu, acting in his official capacity) violated Jennerjahn's rights under the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment by disqualifying him as a voter/candidate is dismissed without leave to amend;
- (6) the FAC's Section 1983 claim that the City (through Cantu, acting in his official capacity) retaliated against Jennerjahn for exercising his First Amendment right of political speech is dismissed with leave to amend; and
- (7) Jennerjahn is granted leave to file a Second Amended Complaint consistent with the Report and Recommendation within 30 days of this Order.

DATED: April 5, 2016.

IOHN F. WALTER

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE