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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	GEORGE AJRAB,	CASE NUMBER:	
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11	Plaintiff	2:15-cv-6654-CAS (GJSx)	
12	v.		
13	TERESA YONKO et al.,	ORDER REMANDING CASE TO	
14		STATE COURT	
15	Defendant(s).		
15 16	Defendant(s).		
		ion to the California Superior Court for the	
16 17 18	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act	ion to the California Superior Court for the oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.	
16 17 18	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> REMANDS this act	_	
16 17 18 19	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> REMANDS this act	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below. e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state	
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Dow Chemical Co., 443 F.3d 676, 682 (9th Cir. 2006); Gaus, 980 F.2d at 566-67. "Under the plain terms of § 1441(a), in order properly to remove [an] action pursuant to that provision, [the removing defendant] must demonstrate that original subject-matter jurisdiction lies in the federal courts." Syngenta Crop Protection, 537 U.S. at 33. Failure to do so requires that the case be remanded, as "[s]ubject matter jurisdiction may not be waived, and . . . the district court must remand if it lacks jurisdiction." Kelton Arms Condo. Owners Ass'n v. Homestead Ins. Co., 346 F.3d 1190, 1192 (9th Cir. 2003). "If at any time before final judgment it appears that the district court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, the case shall be remanded." 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c). It is "elementary that the subject matter jurisdiction of the district court is not a waivable matter and may be raised at anytime by one of the parties, by motion or in the responsive pleadings, or *sua sponte* by the trial or reviewing court." Emrich v. Touche Ross & Co., 846 F.2d 1190, 1194 n.2 (9th Cir. 1988).

From a review of the Notice of Removal and the state court records provided, it is evident that the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the instant case, for the following reasons.

- ✓ No basis for federal question jurisdiction has been identified:
 - The Complaint does not include any claim "arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
 - Removing defendant(s) asserts that the affirmative defenses at issue give rise to federal question jurisdiction, but "the existence of federal jurisdiction depends solely on the plaintiff's claims for relief and not on anticipated defenses to those claims." ARCO Envtl. Remediation, L.L.C. v. Dept. of Health and Envtl. Quality, 213 F.3d 1108, 1113 (9th Cir. 2000). An "affirmative defense based on federal law" does not "render[] an action brought in state court removable." Berg v. Leason, 32 F.3d 422, 426 (9th Cir. 1994). A "case may not be removed to federal court on the basis of a federal defense . . . even if the defense is anticipated in the plaintiff's complaint, and even if both parties admit that the defense is the only question truly at issue in the case." Franchise Tax Bd. v. Construction Laborers Vacation Trust, 463 U.S. 1, 14 (1983).
 - The underlying action is an unlawful detainer proceeding, arising under and governed by the laws of the State of California.

1	✓ Diversity jurisdiction is lacking:	
2 3	Every defendant is not alleged to be diverse from every plaintiff. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).	
4 5	▼ The Complaint does not allege damages in excess of \$75,000, and removing defendant(s) has not plausibly alleged that the amount in controversy requirement	
6	has been met. <u>Id.</u> ; <u>see Dart Cherokee Basin Operating Co., LLC v. Owens</u> ,U.S, 135 S.Ct. 547, 554 (2014).	
7 8	The underlying unlawful detainer action is a limited civil action that does not exceed \$25,000.	
9	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this matter be, and hereby is, REMANDED to the Superior	
10	Court of Camorina fisted above, for fack of subject matter jurisdiction.	
11 12	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
13	Date: September 8, 2015 Note: September 8, 2015 Hariad State District Laboratory	
14	United States District Judge	
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