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Plaintiff California Institute of Technology ("Plaintiff") and Defendants Broadcom Limited, Broadcom Corporation, Avago Technologies Limited, Apple Inc., and Cypress Semiconductor Corporation ("Defendants") anticipate that documents, testimony, and information containing or reflecting confidential, proprietary, trade secret, and/or commercially sensitive information are likely to be disclosed or produced during the course of discovery, initial disclosures, and supplemental disclosures in this case, and request that the Court enter this Order setting forth the conditions for treating, obtaining, and using such information.

On December 29, 2016, the Court entered an Interim Protective Order that was directed to the production of Source Code. (Dkt. No. 84.) The following Protective Order is intended to govern all discovery in this case, including Source Code, and supersedes and replaces the Interim Protective Order.

Pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court finds good cause for the following Stipulated Protective Order ("Order" or "Protective Order"):

# 1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>

(a) Protected Material designated under the terms of this Protective Ordershall be used by a Receiving Party solely for this case, and shall not be useddirectly or indirectly for any other purpose whatsoever.

(b) To the extent that any one of Defendants in this litigation provides Protected Material under the terms of this Protective Order to Plaintiff, Plaintiff shall not share that material with the other Defendants in this litigation, absent express written permission from the producing Defendant or an order from the Court. However, Plaintiff may share materials between Defendants if it is clear that both Defendants have the information, *e.g.*, an email between Broadcom and Apple that is produced by Broadcom could be shared with Apple. This Order does not

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confer any right to any one Defendant to access the Protected Material of any other Defendant that they would not otherwise have access to.

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(c) The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures during discovery, or in the course of making initial or supplemental disclosures under Rule 26(a). Designations under this Order shall be made with care and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth below. If it comes to a Producing Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Producing Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

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## **DEFINITIONS**

(a) The following definitions apply to terms used in this Order:

(i) "Discovery Material" means all items or information, including from any non-party, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things) that are produced, disclosed, or generated in connection with discovery or Rule 26(a) disclosures in this case.

(ii) "Outside Counsel" means (i) outside counsel who appear on the pleadings as counsel for a Party and (ii) partners, associates, and staff of such counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose or allow access to the information for this litigation.

(iii) "Patents-in-Suit" means U.S. Patent No. 7,116,710, U.S. Patent No. 7,421,032, U.S. Patent No. 7,916,781, and U.S. Patent No. 8,284,833.

(iv) "Party" means any party to this case, including all of its officers, directors, employees and their support staffs.

(v) "Producing Party" means any Party or non-party that discloses or produces any Discovery Material in this case. (vi) "Protected Material" means any Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE," as provided for in this Order. Protected Material shall not include: (i) advertising materials that have been actually published or publicly disseminated; and (ii) materials that show on their face they have been disseminated to the public.

(vii) "Receiving Party" means any Party who receives DiscoveryMaterial from a Producing Party.

(viii) "Source Code" means computer code, scripts, assembly,
binaries, object code, source code listings and descriptions of source code,
object code listings and descriptions of object code, and Hardware
Description Language (HDL) or Register Transfer Level (RTL) files that
describe the hardware design of any ASIC or other chip.

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### COMPUTATION OF TIME

The computation of any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Order shall be governed by the provisions for computing time set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 6.

## 4. <u>SCOPE</u>

(a) The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Discovery Material governed by this Order as addressed herein, but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their counsel in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

(b) Nothing in this Protective Order shall prevent or restrict a Producing Party's own disclosure or use of its own Protected Material for any purpose, and nothing in this Order shall preclude any Producing Party from showing its Protected

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## **DURATION**

Protected Material.

Producing Party or by order of the Court.

(c)

(d)

Even after the termination of this case, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Producing Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

Material to an individual who prepared or was involved in the preparation of the

to use any Protected Material in court or in any court filing with the consent of the

or additional protection of any Discovery Material or to modify this Order in any

way, including, without limitation, an order that certain matter not be produced at

Nothing in this Order shall be construed to prejudice any Party's right

This Order is without prejudice to the right of any Party to seek further

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### ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

(a) **Basic Principles.** All Protected Material shall be used solely for this case or any related appellate proceeding, and not for any other purpose whatsoever, including, without limitation, any other litigation, patent prosecution or acquisition, patent reexamination, inter parties review, or reissue proceedings, or any business or competitive purpose or function. Protected Material shall not be distributed, disclosed, or made available to anyone except as expressly provided in this Order.

(b) **Patent Prosecution Bar**. Absent the written consent of the Producing Party, any person on behalf of the Plaintiff who receives one or more items designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" by a Defendant ("Barred Person") shall not be involved, directly or indirectly, in any of the following activities: (i) preparing, prosecuting, supervising, or otherwise assisting in the preparation or prosecution of any patent

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application related by claim of priority to any of the Patents-in-Suit; (ii) amending any claim of any of the Patents-in-Suit; and (iii) advising on, consulting on, preparing, prosecuting, drafting, editing, and/or amending of patent applications, specifications, claims, and/or responses to office actions, or otherwise affecting the scope of claims in patent applications relating to the functionality, operation, and design of either Irregular Repeat Accumulate ("IRA") or Low-Density Parity Check ("LDPC") error correction codes for integrated circuits used for wireless communications, before any foreign or domestic agency, including the United States Patent and Trademark Office. These prohibitions are not intended to and shall not preclude counsel from participating in proceedings on behalf of a Party challenging or defending the validity of any patent, including, but not limited to, as part of any reexamination, inter partes review, or reissue proceedings, but Barred Persons (including counsel for the Receiving Party) may not participate, directly or indirectly, in drafting, amending, or altering the language of any patent claim(s) in any such proceeding. These prohibitions shall begin when access to "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL -OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE" materials are first received by the Barred Person, and shall end two (2) years after the final resolution of this action, including all appeals. Nothing in this Protective Order shall prevent any attorney from sending Prior Art to persons involved in prosecuting patent applications for purposes of ensuring that such Prior Art is submitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (or any similar agency of a foreign government) in compliance with any duty of candor. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit any attorney of record in this litigation from discussing any aspect of this case that is reasonably necessary for the prosecution or defense of any claim or counterclaim in this litigation. This Prosecution Bar applies to each individual reviewing the "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL -

OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE" material and does not impute to the law firm, institution, or company who employs the individual.

(c) Secure Storage, No Export. Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location in the United States and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. To ensure compliance with applicable United States Export Administration Regulations, Protected Material may not be exported outside the United States or released to a foreign national (even if within the United States).

(d) Legal Advice Based on Protected Material. Nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed to prevent Outside Counsel or in-house counsel for a Receiving Party from advising their clients with respect to this case based in whole or in part upon Protected Materials, provided counsel does not (i) violate Section (b) or (ii) disclose the Protected Material itself except as provided in this Order.

(e) **Limitations**. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way a Producing Party's use or disclosure of its own Protected Material. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way the use or disclosure of Discovery Material by a Receiving Party: (i) that is or has become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (ii) that is lawfully acquired by or known to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (iii) previously produced, disclosed and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (iv) with the consent of the Producing Party; or (v) pursuant to order of the Court.

(f) **Cross-Production of Defendant Confidential Material.** No Defendant is required to produce its Protected Material to any other Defendant or Defendants, but nothing in this Order shall preclude such production. To the extent a Defendant produces its Protected Material to any other Defendant or Defendants,

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# Defendant, to the extent Defendants' Outside Counsel deems necessary.

#### 7. **DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

(a) Available Designations. Any Producing Party may designate Discovery Material with any of the following designations, provided that it meets the requirements for such designations as provided for herein: "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL -OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE."

all Parties shall be notified of such production. Notwithstanding the provisions of

this Protective Order, Plaintiff shall not disclose one Defendant's Protected

Material to any other Defendant or Defendants through Court filings, oral argument

in Court, expert reports, depositions, discovery requests, discovery responses, or

any other means, without the express prior written consent of the Defendant that

produced the Protected Material, which shall not be unreasonably withheld.

Nothing herein prevents Plaintiff from relying on or otherwise using one

Defendant's Protected Material in its case against any other Defendant. Nothing

herein prevents Plaintiff from serving Defendants' Outside Counsel with or

submitting under seal to the Court any filings, pleadings, expert reports, discovery,

letters, or other submissions that include Protected Material from more than one

Defendant. To the extent such material is served on Defendants' Outside Counsel

or submitted under seal to the Court, it shall be the responsibility of Defendants'

Outside Counsel to prepare redacted versions of such documents for each

(b) Written Discovery and Documents and Tangible Things. Written discovery, documents (which include "electronically stored information," as that phrase is used in Federal Rule of Procedure 34), and tangible things that meet the requirements for the confidentiality designations listed in Paragraph 7(a) may be so designated by placing the appropriate designation on every page of the written material prior to production. For digital files being produced, the Producing Party

may mark each viewable page or image with the appropriate designation, and mark the medium, container, and/or communication in which the digital files were contained. In the event that original documents are produced for inspection, the original documents shall be presumed "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" during the inspection and re-designated, as appropriate during the copying process.

(c) Native Files. Where electronic files and documents are produced in native electronic format, such electronic files and documents shall be designated for protection under this Order by appending to the file names or designators information indicating whether the file contains "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL -OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE," material, or shall use any other reasonable method for so designating Protected Materials produced in electronic format. When electronic files or documents are printed for use at deposition, in a court proceeding, or for provision in printed form to an expert or consultant pre-approved pursuant to Paragraph 12 below, the party printing the electronic files or documents shall affix a legend to the printed document corresponding to the designation of the Designating Party and including the production number and designation associated with the native file. The Producing Party reserves the right to object to the use in this litigation of a .tiff, .pdf or other image format version of a document produced in native file format if consent of the Producing Party was not obtained prior to use and the Producing Party has reason to believe information has been altered.

(d) Depositions and Testimony. Parties or testifying persons or entities
 may designate depositions and other testimony with the appropriate designation by
 indicating on the record at the time the testimony is given or by sending written
 notice of how portions of the transcript of the testimony are designated within thirty

(30) days of receipt of the transcript of the testimony. If no indication on the record is made, all information disclosed during a deposition shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" until the time within which it may be appropriately designated as provided for herein has passed. In that case, any Party that wishes to disclose the transcript, or information contained therein, may provide written notice of its intent to treat the transcript as non-confidential, after which time, any Party that wants to maintain any portion of the transcript as confidential must designate the confidential portions within fourteen (14) days. Any Protected Material that is used in the taking of a deposition shall remain subject to the provisions of this Protective Order, along with the transcript pages of the deposition testimony dealing with such Protected Material. In such cases, the court reporter shall be informed of this Protective Order and shall be required to operate in a manner consistent with this Protective Order. In the event the deposition is videotaped, the original and all copies of the videotape shall be marked by the video technician to indicate that the contents of the videotape are subject to this Protective Order, substantially along the lines of "This videotape contains confidential testimony used in this case and is not to be viewed or the contents thereof to be displayed or revealed except pursuant to the terms of the operative Protective Order in this matter or pursuant to written stipulation of the parties." Counsel for any Producing Party shall have the right to exclude from oral depositions, other than the deponent, deponent's counsel, the reporter and videographer (if any), any person who is not authorized by this Protective Order to receive or access Protected Material based on the designation of such Protected Such right of exclusion shall be applicable only during periods of Material. examination or testimony regarding such Protected Material.

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# **DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "CONFIDENTIAL"**

(a) A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as "CONFIDENTIAL" if it contains or reflects confidential, proprietary, and/or commercially sensitive information.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed only to the following:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, such counsel's immediate paralegals and staff, and any copying, document management, or clerical litigation support services or vendors working at the direction of such counsel, paralegals, and staff;

(ii) Not more than four (4) representatives of each Receiving Party<sup>1</sup>
who are in-house counsel for the Receiving Party, as well as their immediate paralegals and staff, to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this case, provided that each such in-house counsel representative has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A;

(iii) Any outside expert or consultant retained by the Receiving Party to assist in this action, as well as their immediate support staff, provided that disclosure is only to the extent necessary to perform such work; and provided that: (a) such expert or consultant has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; (b) such expert or consultant is not a current officer, director, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party, nor anticipated at the time of retention to become an officer, director, or employee of a competitor of a Party or of a competitor of

<sup>1</sup> For purposes of Paragraphs 8(b)(ii) and 9(b)(ii), Defendants Broadcom Limited, Broadcom Corporation, and Avago Technologies Limited (collectively "Broadcom") are a Receiving Party, permitting only four (4) representatives total from Broadcom to access Designated Material per the terms of this Order. a Party; (c) such expert or consultant accesses the materials in the United States only, and does not transport them to or access them from any foreign jurisdiction; and (d) no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all Parties as set forth in Paragraph 12 below;

(iv) Any person who appears on the face of Discovery Material as an author, addressee, creator, contributor, modifier, editor, or recipient thereof or who may be established as an author, addressee, creator, contributor, modifier, editor, or recipient thereof by, for example, receipt of an email message to which the Discovery Material is an attachment or receipt of a packet of documents in which the Discovery Material was included;

(v) Court reporters, stenographers, and videographers retained to record testimony taken in this action;

(vi) The Court, jury, and court personnel;

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(vii) Graphics, translation, design, and trial consulting personnel,managing personnel of such services having first agreed to be bound by theprovisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A (whichdoes not need to be disclosed to the Producing Party);

(viii) Mock jurors who have signed an undertaking or agreement agreeing not to publicly disclose Protected Material and to keep any information concerning Protected Material confidential;

(ix) Any arbitrator or mediator who is assigned to hear this matter, and his or her staff, subject to their agreement to maintain confidentiality to the same degree as required by this Protective Order;

(x) While testifying at deposition, trial, or any other Court hearingin this action only: (a) any current officer, director or employee of theProducing Party or original source of the information; (b) any former officer,director or employee of the Producing Party or original source of the

information if the Protected Material pertains to the period or periods of his or her employment; (c) any person designated by the Producing Party to provide testimony pursuant to Rule 30(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; and/or (d) any person who authored, previously received (other than in connection with this litigation), or was directly involved in creating, contributing to, modifying, or editing the Protected Material, as evident from its face, as may be established, or reasonably certain in view of other testimony or evidence; and

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(xi) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing Party.

# 9. <u>DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "CONFIDENTIAL –</u> <u>ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"</u>

(a) Producing Party may designate Discovery Material A as "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" if it contains or reflects information that is extremely confidential and/or sensitive in nature and the Producing Party reasonably believes that the disclosure of such Discovery Material is likely to cause economic harm or significant competitive disadvantage to the Producing Party. The Parties agree, without limitation, that the following information, if non-public, shall be presumed to merit the "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" designation: trade secrets, pricing information, financial data, sales information, sales or marketing forecasts or plans, business plans, sales or marketing strategy, product development information, engineering documents, testing documents, employee information, licenses and agreements, and other non-public information of similar competitive and business sensitivity.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" may be disclosed only to:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, provided that such Outside Counsel is not involved in competitive decision-making, as defined by *U.S. Steel v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465, 1468 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 1984) and *Brown Bag Software v. Symantec Corp.*, 960 F.2d 1465, 1471 (9th Cir. 1992), on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a Party, and such Outside Counsel's immediate paralegals and staff, and any copying, document management, or clerical litigation support services or vendors working at the direction of such counsel, paralegals, and staff;

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(ii) Not more than three (3) representatives of each Receiving Party who are in-house counsel for the Receiving Party, as well as their immediate paralegals and staff, to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this case, provided however that: (A) each such in-house counsel representative has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; and (B) notwithstanding any other provision of this Order, such in-house counsel representatives' access to information designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" shall be limited to the following categories of information: discovery responses, infringement contentions, expert reports, and motion papers, including drafts of the same, as well as financial data, sales information, sales or marketing forecasts or plans, business plans, sales or marketing strategy, or license agreements. For the avoidance of doubt, such in-house counsel representatives shall not receive access to: produced documents disclosing a Producing Party's technical trade secrets, product development information, engineering documents, testing documents, employee information or other non-public technical information of similar competitive and business sensitivity.

(iii) Any outside expert or consultant retained by the Receiving Party to assist in this action, as well as their immediate support staff, provided that disclosure is only to the extent necessary to perform such work; and provided that: (a) such expert or consultant has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; (b) such expert or consultant is not a current officer, director, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party, nor anticipated at the time of retention to become an officer, director, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party; (c) such expert or consultant is not involved in competitive decision-making, as defined by *U.S. Steel v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465, 1468 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 1984) and *Brown Bag Software v. Symantec Corp.*, 960 F.2d 1465, 1471 (9th Cir. 1992), on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a Party; (d) such expert or consultant accesses the materials in the United States only, and does not transport them to or access them from any foreign jurisdiction; and (e) no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all Parties as set forth in Paragraph 12 below;

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(iv) Any person who appears on the face of Discovery Material as an author, addressee, creator, contributor, modifier, editor, or recipient thereof or who may be established as an author, addressee, creator, contributor, modifier, editor, or recipient thereof by, for example, receipt of an email message to which the Discovery Material is an attachment or receipt of a packet of documents in which the Discovery Material was included;

(v) Court reporters, stenographers, and videographers retained to record testimony taken in this action;

(vi) The Court, jury, and court personnel;

(vii) Graphics, translation, design, and/or trial consulting personnel,including mock jurors retained to assist them in their work, and managingpersonnel of such services having first agreed to be bound by the provisions

of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A (which does not need to be disclosed to the Producing Party);

(viii) Any arbitrator or mediator who is assigned to hear this matter, and his or her staff, subject to their agreement to maintain confidentiality to the same degree as required by this Protective Order;

(ix) While testifying at deposition, trial, or any other Court hearing
in this action only: (a) any current officer, director or employee of the
Producing Party or original source of the information; (b) any former officer,
director or employee of the Producing Party or original source of the
information if the Protected Material pertains to the period or periods of his
or her employment; (c) any person designated by the Producing Party to
provide testimony pursuant to Rule 30(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil
Procedure; and/or (d) any person who authored, previously received (other
than in connection with this litigation), or was directly involved in creating,
contributing to, modifying, or editing the Protected Material, as evident from
its face, as may be established, or reasonably certain in view of other

(x) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing Party.

# 10. DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE"

(a) A Producing Party may designate Source Code as "CONFIDENTIAL
 OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" if it comprises or includes confidential, proprietary, and/or trade secret Source Code.

(b) Nothing in this Order shall be construed as a representation or admission that Source Code is properly discoverable in this action, or to obligate any Party to produce any Source Code.

(c) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE" shall be subject to the provisions set forth in Paragraph 11 below, and may be disclosed, subject to Paragraph 11 below, solely to:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, provided that such Outside Counsel is not involved in competitive decision-making, as defined by *U.S. Steel v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465, 1468 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 1984) and *Brown Bag Software v. Symantec Corp.*, 960 F.2d 1465, 1471 (9th Cir. 1992), on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a Party, and such Outside Counsel's immediate paralegals and staff, and any copying, document management, or clerical litigation support services or vendors working at the direction of such counsel, paralegals, and staff;

(ii) Any outside expert or consultant retained by the Receiving Party to assist in this action, as well as their immediate support staff, provided that disclosure is only to the extent necessary to perform such work; and provided that: (a) such expert or consultant has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; (b) such expert or consultant is not a current officer, director, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party, nor anticipated at the time of retention to become an officer, director, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party; (c) such expert or consultant is not involved in competitive decision-making, as defined by *U.S. Steel v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465, 1468 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 1984) and *Brown Bag Software v. Symantec Corp.*, 960 F.2d 1465, 1471 (9th Cir. 1992), on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a Party; and (d) no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all Parties as set forth in Paragraph 12 below;

1 Any person who appears on the face of the Designated Material (iii) 2 as an author thereof: 3 Court reporters, stenographers, and videographers retained to (iv) 4 record testimony taken in this action; 5 (v) The Court, jury, and court personnel; 6 Any arbitrator or mediator who is assigned to hear this matter, (vi) 7 and his or her staff, subject to their agreement to maintain confidentiality to 8 the same degree as required by this Protective Order; and 9 (vii) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing 10 Party. 11 DISCLOSURE AND REVIEW OF SOURCE CODE 11. 12 (a) Any Source Code that is produced by Plaintiff shall be made available 13 for inspection in electronic format at the Silicon Valley or Los Angeles offices of 14 its outside counsel, Quinn Emanuel Urguhart and Sullivan LLP, or any other 15 location mutually agreed by the Parties. Any Source Code that is produced by any 16 Defendant will be made available for inspection at the Palo Alto offices of its 17 outside counsel, WilmerHale LLP, or any other location mutually agreed by the 18 Parties. Source Code will be made available for inspection between the hours of 8 19 a.m. and 6 p.m. on business days (i.e., weekdays that are not Federal holidays), 20 although the Parties will be reasonable in accommodating reasonable requests to 21 conduct inspections at other times. 22 Prior to the first inspection of any requested Source Code, the (b) 23 Receiving Party shall provide seven (7) days notice of the Source Code that it 24 wishes to inspect. The Receiving Party shall provide three (3) days notice prior to 25 any additional inspections. 26 Source Code that is designated "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE (c) 27 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" shall be produced for inspection

and review subject to the following provisions, unless otherwise agreed by the Producing Party:

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(i) All Source Code shall be made available by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts/consultants in a secure room, in text searchable form on a secured computer without Internet access or network access to other computers and on which all access ports have been disabled (except for one printer port), as necessary and appropriate to prevent and protect against any unauthorized copying, transmission, removal, or other transfer of any Source Code outside or away from the computer on which the Source Code is provided for inspection (the "Source Code Computer" in the "Source Code Review Room"). In addition, and to the extent it is feasible to do so, the Producing Party shall make the Source Code available in hierarchical directory and file structures as close to the original as possible. The Producing Party shall install tools that are sufficient for viewing and searching the code produced, on the platform produced, if such tools exist and are presently used in the ordinary course of the Producing Party's business. The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts/consultants may request that commercially available software tools for viewing and searching Source Code be installed on the Source Code Computer, provided, however, that (a) the Receiving Party possesses an appropriate license to such software tools; (b) the Producing Party approves such software tools; and (c) such other software tools are reasonably necessary for the Receiving Party to perform its review of the Source Code consistent with all of the protections herein. The Producing Party shall approve reasonable requests for additional commercially available software tools. The Receiving Party must provide the Producing Party with the CD or DVD containing such licensed software tool(s) at least six (6) days in advance of the date upon which the Receiving Party wishes to have the additional software tools available for use on the Source Code Computer.

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(ii) No recordable media or recordable devices, including, without limitation, sound recorders, computers, cellular telephones, peripheral equipment, cameras, CDs, DVDs, or drives of any kind, shall be permitted into the Source Code Review Room. The Producing Party shall make a space available outside the secure room in which persons reviewing "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE" may utilize such devices and/or transfer their notes to a personal computer or other device.

(iii) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts/consultants shall be entitled to take hand-written notes relating to the Source Code but may not copy the Source Code into the notes and may not take such notes electronically on the Source Code Computer itself or any other computer.

(iv) The Producing Party may visually monitor the activities of the Receiving Party's representatives during any Source Code review, but only to ensure that no unauthorized electronic records of the Source Code and no information concerning the Source Code are being created or transmitted in any way.

(v) No copies of all or any portion of the Source Code may leave the room in which the Source Code is inspected except as otherwise provided herein. Further, no other written or electronic record of the Source Code is permitted except as otherwise provided herein. The Producing Party shall make available a laser printer with commercially reasonable printing speeds for on-site printing during inspection of the Source Code. The Receiving Party may print limited portions of the Source Code only when necessary to

prepare court filings or pleadings or other papers (including a testifying expert's expert report) or to be used as deposition and/or trial exhibits in connection with testimony by the Producing Party's witnesses concerning the Source Code. The burden shall be on the Receiving Party to demonstrate the need for a printed copy of more than five (5) pages of a continuous block of Source Code. The Receiving Party shall not print Source Code in order to review blocks of Source Code elsewhere in the first instance, i.e., as an alternative to reviewing that Source Code electronically on the Source Code Computer, as the Parties acknowledge and agree that the purpose of the protections herein would be frustrated by printing portions of code for review and analysis elsewhere, and that printing is permitted only when necessary to prepare court filings or pleadings or other papers (including a testifying expert's expert report) or to be used as deposition and/or trial exhibits in connection with testimony by the Producing Party's witnesses concerning the Source Code. Upon printing any such portions of Source Code, the printed pages shall be collected by the Producing Party. The Producing Party shall Bates number. copy, and label "CONFIDENTIAL OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" any pages printed by the Receiving Party. Within three (3) days, the Producing Party shall either (i) provide one copy set of such pages to the Receiving Party or (ii) inform the Requesting Party that it objects that the printed portions are excessive and/or not done for a permitted purpose. If, after meeting and conferring, either via telephone or in person, the Parties cannot resolve the objection, the Producing Party and the Receiving Party shall be entitled to seek a Court resolution of whether the printed Source Code is narrowly tailored and was printed for a permitted purpose. The burden shall be on the Receiving Party to demonstrate that such printed portions are no more than is reasonably

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necessary for a permitted purpose and not merely printed for the purpose of analysis elsewhere. The printed pages shall constitute part of the Source Code produced by the Producing Party in this action.

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(vi) All persons who will review a Producing Party's Source Code on behalf of a Receiving Party, including members of a Receiving Party's outside law firm, shall be identified in writing to the Producing Party at least five (5) days in advance of the first time that such person reviews such Source Code. Such identification shall be in addition to any other disclosure required under this Order. All persons viewing Source Code shall sign, on each day they view Source Code, a log that will include the names of persons who enter the locked room to view the Source Code and when they enter and depart. The Producing Party shall be entitled to a copy of the log upon three (3) day's advance notice to the Receiving Party.

(vii) Unless otherwise agreed in advance by the Parties in writing, following each day on which inspection is done under this Order, the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts/consultants shall remove all notes, documents, and all other materials from the Source Code Review Room. The Producing Party shall not be responsible for any items left in the room following each inspection session, and the Receiving Party shall have no expectation of confidentiality for any items left in the room following each inspection session without a prior agreement to that effect. Proper identification of all authorized persons shall be provided prior to any access to the Source Code Review Room or the Source Code Computer. Proper identification requires showing, at a minimum, a photo identification card sanctioned by the government of any State of the United States, by the government of the United States, or by the nation state of the authorized person's current citizenship. Access to the secure room or the Source Code Computer may be denied, at the discretion of the Producing Party, to any individual who fails to provide proper identification.

(viii) Other than as provided above, the Receiving Party will not copy, remove, or otherwise transfer any Source Code from the Source Code Computer including, without limitation, copying, removing, or transferring the Source Code onto any recordable media or recordable device. After an inspection, the Receiving Party will not transmit any Source Code in any way from the Producing Party's facilities or the offices of its outside counsel of record.

(ix) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel may make no more than three (3) additional paper copies of any portions of the Source Code received from a Producing Party pursuant to Paragraph 11(c)(v), not including copies attached to court filings or used at depositions, and shall maintain a log of all paper copies of the Source Code. The log shall include the names of the reviewers and/or recipients of paper copies and locations where the paper copies are stored. Upon three (3) day's advance notice to the Receiving Party by the Producing Party, the Receiving Party shall provide a copy of this log to the Producing Party.

(x) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and any person receiving a copy of any Source Code shall maintain and store any paper copies of the Source Code at their offices in a manner that prevents duplication of or unauthorized access to the Source Code, including, without limitation, storing the Source Code in a locked room or cabinet at all times when it is not in use. No more than a total of ten (10) persons identified by the Receiving Party, excluding Outside Counsel, shall have access to the Source Code.

(xi) For depositions, the Receiving Party may bring one (1) working copy of printed Source Code selected from among the three (3) copies of printed Source Code permitted under Paragraph 11(c)(ix). At least seven (7) days before the date of the deposition, the Receiving Party shall notify the Producing Party about the specific portions of Source Code it wishes to use at the deposition, and the Producing Party shall bring printed copies of those portions to the deposition for use by the Receiving Party. Copies of Source Code that are marked as deposition exhibits shall not be provided to the Court Reporter or attached to deposition transcripts; rather, the deposition record will identify the exhibit by its production numbers. All paper copies of Source Code brought to the deposition shall remain with the Producing Party's Outside Counsel for secure destruction in a timely manner following the deposition.

(xii) On seven (7) days advanced notice, the Receiving Party may
request that an electronic copy of the Source Code be made available by the
Producing Party at a deposition of any fact witness who may properly access
such Source Code consistent with the terms of this Protective Order. The
Source Code will be provided by the Producing Party at the deposition on a
stand-alone computer, and access to the computer will be controlled by the
Producing Party.

(xiii) Except as provided in this sub-paragraph, absent express written
permission from the Producing Party, the Receiving Party may not create
electronic images, or any other images, or make electronic copies, of the
Source Code from any paper copy of Source Code for use in any manner
(including by way of example only, the Receiving Party may not scan the
Source Code to a PDF or photograph the code). Images or copies of Source
Code shall not be included in correspondence between the Parties (references

to production numbers shall be used instead), and shall be omitted from pleadings and other papers except to the extent permitted herein.

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The Receiving Party may create an electronic copy or image of limited excerpts of Source Code only to the extent necessary in a pleading, court filing, expert report or trial exhibit or demonstrative, and drafts of these documents. The Receiving Party shall include only such excerpts of Source Code as are reasonably necessary for the purposes for which such part of the Source Code is used. The Receiving Party may create an electronic image of a selected portion of the Source Code only when the electronic file containing such image has been encrypted using commercially reasonable encryption software including password protection. The communication and/or disclosure of electronic files containing any portion of Source Code shall at all times be limited to individuals who are expressly authorized to view Source Code under the provisions of this Protective Order. The Receiving Party shall maintain a log of all such electronic copies of any portion of Source Code in its possession or in the possession of its retained consultants, including the names of the reviewers and/or recipients of any such electronic copies, and the locations and manner in which the electronic copies are stored. Additionally, any such electronic copies must be labeled "CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" as provided for in this Order.

A party seeking to file with the court documents containing excerpts of Source Code as permitted by this subparagraph must file an Application for Leave to File Under Seal under the provisions of Local Rule 79-5 or 79-6, as applicable.

1 (xiv) The parties agree to promptly meet and confer, either via 2 telephone or in person, to discuss modifications to the time limits in Section 3 11 if deadlines in the case so require. 4 12. **NOTICE OF DISCLOSURE** 5 Prior to disclosing any Protected Material to any person described in (a) 6 Paragraphs 8(b)(iii), 9(b)(iii), or 10(c)(ii) (referenced below as "Person"), the Party 7 seeking to disclose such information shall provide the Producing Party with written 8 notice that includes: 9 (i) the name of the Person; 10 (ii) an up-to-date curriculum vitae of the Person; 11 (iii) the present employer and title of the Person; 12 (iv) an identification of the Person's past and current employment 13 and consulting relationships within the last six (6) years, including consulting 14 relationships through entities owned or controlled by the Person, including 15 but not limited to an identification of any individual or entity with or for 16 whom the person is employed or to whom the person provides consulting 17 services relating to the design, development, operation, or patenting of error 18 correction codes for integrated circuits used for wireless communications, or 19 relating to acquisition of intellectual property assets relating to error 20 correction codes for integrated circuits used for wireless communications; 21 an identification of all pending patent applications on which the (v) 22 Person is named as an inventor or in which the Person has any ownership 23 interest; and 24 a list of the cases in which the Person has testified at deposition (vi) 25 or trial within the last five (5) years. 26 (b) Prior to disclosing any Protected Material to any person described in 27 Paragraphs 8(b)(ii) (referenced below as "Person"), the Party seeking to disclose 28 25

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such information shall provide the Producing Party with written notice that identifies the name of the Person(s).

Further, the Party seeking to disclose Protected Material shall provide (c)such other information regarding the Person's past and current employment and consulting relationships reasonably requested by the Producing Party for it to evaluate whether good cause exists to object to the disclosure of Protected Material to the Person. To the extent certain information identified in Paragraph 12(a) or requested per this Paragraph cannot be disclosed because of confidentiality obligations, the parties agree to meet and confer, either via telephone or in person, to negotiate alternate information that can be provided.

(d) Within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the disclosure of the Person, the Producing Party or Parties may object in writing to the Person for good cause. In the absence of an objection at the end of the fourteen (14) day period, the Person shall be deemed approved under this Protective Order. There shall be no disclosure of Protected Material to the Person prior to expiration of this fourteen (14) day period. If the Producing Party objects to disclosure to the Person within such fourteen (14) day period, the Parties shall meet and confer via telephone or in person within seven (7) days following the objection and attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute on an informal basis. If the dispute is not resolved, the Party objecting to the disclosure will have seven (7) days from the date of the meet and confer to seek relief from the Court. If relief is not sought from the Court within that time, the objection shall be deemed withdrawn. If relief is sought, designated materials shall not be disclosed to the Person in question until the Court resolves the objection.

For purposes of this section, "good cause" shall include an objectively (e) reasonable concern that the Person will, advertently or inadvertently, use or disclose

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the case so require.

# CHALLENGING DESIGNATIONS OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

in person, to discuss modifications to the time limits in Section 12 if deadlines in

The parties agree to promptly meet and confer, either via telephone or

(a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of Discovery Material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto.

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Discovery Materials in a way or ways that are inconsistent with the provisions contained in this Order.

(f) Prior to receiving any Protected Material under this Order, the Person must execute a copy of the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A hereto) and serve it on all Parties.

(g) An initial failure to object to a Person under this Paragraph 12 shall not preclude the nonobjecting Party from later objecting to continued access by that Person for good cause. If an objection is made, the Parties shall meet and confer via telephone or in person within seven (7) days following the objection and attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute informally. If the dispute is not resolved, the Party objecting to the disclosure will have seven (7) days from the date of the meet and confer to seek relief from the Court. The designated Person may continue to have access to information that was provided to such Person prior to the date of the objection. If a later objection is made, no further Protected Material shall be disclosed to the Person until the Court resolves the matter or the Producing Party fails to move for a protective order within three (3) business days after the meet and confer, further Protected Material may thereafter be provided to the Person.

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(b) Any challenge to a designation of Discovery Material under this Order shall be written, shall be served on Outside Counsel for the Producing Party, shall particularly identify the documents or information that the Receiving Party contends should be differently designated, and shall state the grounds for the objection. Thereafter, further protection of such material shall be resolved in accordance with the following procedures:

(i) The objecting Party shall have the burden of conferring either in person, in writing, or by telephone with the Producing Party claiming protection (as well as any other interested party) in a good faith effort to resolve the dispute. The Producing Party shall have the burden of justifying the disputed designation;

(ii) Failing agreement, the Receiving Party may seek relief from the
Court, including, for example, a ruling that the Discovery Material in
question is not entitled to the status and protection of the Producing Party's
designation. The Parties' entry into this Order shall not preclude or prejudice
either Party from arguing for or against any designation, establish any
presumption that a particular designation is valid, or alter the burden of proof
that would otherwise apply in a dispute over discovery or disclosure of

(iii) Notwithstanding any challenge to a designation, the Discovery
Material in question shall continue to be treated as designated under this
Order until one of the following occurs: (a) the Party who designated the
Discovery Material in question withdraws such designation in writing; or (b)
the Court rules that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled to the designation.

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## 14. <u>SUBPOENAS OR COURT ORDERS</u>

If at any time Protected Material is subpoenaed by any court or arbitral, administrative, or legislative body, the Party to whom the subpoena or other request is directed shall immediately give prompt written notice thereof to every Party who has produced such Discovery Material and to its counsel and shall provide each such Party with an opportunity to move for a protective order regarding the production of or otherwise protect Protected Materials implicated by the subpoena.

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## 15. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

(a) Absent written permission from the Producing Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Receiving Party may not file or disclose in the public record any Protected Material.

(b) Any Party is authorized under Civil Local Rule 79-5.2.2 to file under seal with the Court any brief, document, or materials that are designated as Protected Material under this Order. However, nothing in this section shall in any way limit or detract from this Order's requirements as to Source Code.

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## 16. INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE OF PRIVILEGED MATERIAL

(a) Nothing in this Protective Order shall require production of information that a Party contends is protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege, the patent agent-client privilege, the work product immunity or other privilege, doctrine, right, or immunity.

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(b) The inadvertent production by a Party of Discovery Material subject to the attorney-client privilege, the patent agent-client privilege, work-product protection, or any other applicable privilege or protection, despite the Producing Party's reasonable efforts to prescreen such Discovery Material prior to production, will not waive the applicable privilege and/or protection if a request for return of such inadvertently produced Discovery Material is made promptly after the Producing Party learns of its inadvertent production. This Order shall be

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interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d).

(c) Upon a request from any Producing Party who has inadvertently produced Discovery Material that it believes is privileged and/or protected, each Receiving Party shall immediately destroy such Protected Material or Discovery Material and certify as such by the Receiving Party to the Producing Party. Notwithstanding this provision, outside litigation counsel of record are not required to delete information that may reside on their respective firms' electronic back-up systems.

(d) After inadvertently or unintentionally produced information subject to a claim of immunity or privilege has been returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party may challenge that assertion of immunity or privilege, but may not use the contents of that information for any purpose, including, without limitation, submission of the information for *in camera* review by the Court in asserting a challenge of the assertion of immunity or privilege.

- (e) Nothing in this Order modifies any person's ethical duties regarding information to which a claim of attorney-client privilege and/or work product protection may attach.
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# 17. <u>INADVERTENT FAILURE TO DESIGNATE</u>

(a) The inadvertent failure by a Producing Party to designate Discovery Material as Protected Material with one of the designations provided for under this Order shall not waive any such designation provided that the Producing Party notifies all Receiving Parties that such Discovery Material is protected under one of the categories of this Order within fourteen (14) days of the Producing Party learning of the inadvertent failure to designate. The Producing Party shall reproduce the Protected Material with the correct confidentiality designation within seven (7) days upon its notification to the Receiving Parties. Upon receiving the

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Protected Material with the correct confidentiality designation, the Receiving Parties shall securely destroy all Discovery Material that was not designated properly.

(b) A Receiving Party shall not be in breach of this Order for any use of such Discovery Material before the Receiving Party receives such notice that such Discovery Material is protected under one of the categories of this Order, unless an objectively reasonable person would have realized that the Discovery Material should have been appropriately designated with a confidentiality designation under Once a Receiving Party has received notification of the correct this Order. confidentiality designation for the Protected Material with the correct confidentiality designation, the Receiving Party shall treat such Discovery Material (subject to the exception in Paragraph 17(c) below) at the appropriately designated level pursuant to the terms of this Order.

Notwithstanding of (c) the above. a subsequent designation "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE" shall apply on a going forward basis and shall not disqualify anyone who reviewed "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY -SOURCE CODE" materials while the materials were marked not "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL -OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY – SOURCE CODE" from engaging in the activities set forth in Paragraph 6(b).

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#### 18. **INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE NOT AUTHORIZED BY ORDER**

25 (a) In the event of a disclosure of any Discovery Material pursuant to this 26 Order to any person or persons not authorized to receive such disclosure under this Protective Order, the Party responsible for having made such disclosure, and each 28

Party with knowledge thereof, shall immediately notify counsel for the Producing Party whose Discovery Material has been disclosed and provide to such counsel all known relevant information concerning the nature and circumstances of the disclosure. The responsible disclosing Party shall also promptly take all reasonable measures to retrieve the improperly disclosed Discovery Material and to ensure that no further or greater unauthorized disclosure and/or use thereof is made.

(b) Unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure does not change the status of Discovery Material or waive the right to hold the disclosed document or information as Protected.

## 19. FINAL DISPOSITION

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(a) Not later than ninety (90) days after the Final Disposition of this case,
 each Party shall return all Discovery Material of a Producing Party to the respective
 Outside Counsel of the Producing Party or destroy such Material, at the option of
 the Producing Party. For purposes of this Order, "Final Disposition" occurs after
 an order, mandate, or dismissal finally terminating the above-captioned action with
 prejudice, including all appeals.

17 (b) All Parties that have received any such Discovery Material shall 18 certify in writing that all such materials have been returned to the respective 19 Outside Counsel of the Producing Party or destroyed. Notwithstanding the 20 provisions for return of Discovery Material, Outside Counsel may retain one set of 21 pleadings, correspondence and attorney and consultant work product (but not 22 document productions) for archival purposes, but must return any pleadings, 23 correspondence, and consultant work product that contain Source Code. Copies of 24 pleadings, correspondence and attorney and consultant work product (but not 25 document productions) created by the operation of Outside Counsel's backup and 26 disaster recovery tools need not be destroyed, but, if they are not destroyed, the 27

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(d) Materials, communications, and other information exempt from discovery under the foregoing Paragraphs 20(a)-(c) shall be treated as attorneywork product for the purposes of this litigation and Order.

presented in reports or trial or deposition testimony or any opinion in this case.

testifying or consulting expert will be subject to discovery unless the conversations

or communications are relied upon by such experts in formulating opinions that are

Nothing in this Protective Order, including Paragraphs 20(a)–(c), shall (e) alter or change in any way the requirements in Paragraph 11 regarding Source Code, and Paragraph 11 shall control in the event of any conflict.

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person in possession of that Discovery Material remains bound by this Order with respect to all such retained formation.

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#### 20. **DISCOVERY FROM EXPERTS OR CONSULTANTS**

Testifying experts shall not be subject to discovery with respect to any (a) draft of his or her report(s) in this case. Draft reports, notes, or outlines for draft reports developed and drafted by the testifying expert and/or his or her staff are also exempt from discovery.

Discovery of materials provided to testifying experts shall be limited (b) to those materials, facts, consulting expert opinions, and other matters actually relied upon by the testifying expert in forming his or her final report, trial or deposition testimony, or any opinion in this case. No discovery can be taken from any non-testifying expert except to the extent that such non-testifying expert has provided information or opinions to a testifying expert relied upon, and not independently verified, by that testifying expert in forming his or her final report(s), trial and/or deposition testimony, or any opinion in this case.

No conversations or communications between counsel and any

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# **MISCELLANEOUS**

(a) **Right to Further Relief.** Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. By stipulating to this Order, the Parties do not waive the right to argue that certain material may require additional or different confidentiality protections than those set forth herein.

(b) **Termination of Matter and Retention of Jurisdiction.** The Parties agree that the terms of this Protective Order shall survive and remain in effect after the Final Determination of the above-captioned matter. The Court shall retain jurisdiction after Final Determination of this matter to hear and resolve any disputes arising out of this Protective Order.

(c) **Successors**. This Order shall be binding upon the Parties hereto, their attorneys, and their successors, executors, personal representatives, administrators, heirs, legal representatives, assigns, subsidiaries, divisions, employees, agents, retained consultants and experts, and any persons or organizations over which they have direct control.

(d) **Right to Assert Other Objections.** By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order. This Order shall not constitute a waiver of the right of any Party to claim in this action or otherwise that any Discovery Material, or any portion thereof, is privileged or otherwise non-discoverable, or is not admissible in evidence in this action or any other proceeding.

(e) **Burdens of Proof.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed to change the burdens of proof or legal standards applicable in disputes regarding whether particular Discovery

Material is confidential, which level of confidentiality is appropriate, whether disclosure should be restricted, and if so, what restrictions should apply.

Modification by Court. This Order is subject to further court order (f) based upon public policy or other considerations, and the Court may modify this Order sua sponte in the interests of justice. The parties prefer that the Court provide them with notice of the Court's intent to modify this Order and the content of those modifications, prior to entry of such an order. The Court may further modify the terms and conditions of this Order at the request of a Party or the Parties for good cause, or in the interest of justice, at any time in these proceedings. The United States District Court for the Central District of California is responsible for the interpretation and enforcement of this Order. All disputes concerning Protected Material, however designated, produced under the protection of this Order shall be resolved by the United States District Court for the Central District of California.

**Modification by the Parties.** The Parties may jointly agree to modify (g) this Order without the Court's leave.

Discovery Rules Remain Unchanged. Nothing herein shall alter or (h) change in any way the discovery provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Local Rules for the United States District Court for the Central District of California, or the Court's own orders. Identification of any individual pursuant to this Protective Order does not make that individual available for deposition or any other form of discovery outside of the restrictions and procedures of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Local Rules for the United States District Court for the Central District of California, or the Court's own orders.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

DATED: February 2, 2017

By: /s/ Todd M. Briggs

Todd M. Briggs

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6		Technology
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12		Attorneys for Defendants Broadcom Limited, Broadcom Corporation, Avago Technologies Limited, Apple Inc., and Cypress
13		Limited, Apple Inc., and Cypress Semiconductor Corporation
14		Semiconductor Corporation
15	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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18	DATED: February 2, 2017	M. N. Whi
19 20		Hon George H. Wu
20 21		Hon. George H. Wu United States District Judge
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-	l	36 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED],
	l	CASE NO. 2:16-CV-3714-GW-AGRX

1	FILER'S ATTESTATION OF CONCURRENCE			
2	Pursuant to Civil L.R. 5-4.3.4(a)(2) relating to documents requiring multiple			
3	signatures, I, Todd M. Briggs, attest that all other signatories concur in the content			
4	of the foregoing document and authorize the filing of the same.			
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6	/s/ Todd M. Briggs			
7	Todd M. Briggs			
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	CASE NO. 2:16-CV-3714-GW-AGRX			

	EXHIBIT A
	AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY PROTECTIVE ORDER
I,	, declare and say that:
1.	I am employed as
	by
2.	I have read the Protective Order entered in the above-captioned matt
	and have received a copy of the Protective Order.
3.	I promise that I will use any and all "CONFIDENTIAL,"
	"CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or
	"CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY –
	SOURCE CODE" information (as defined in the Protective Order) t
	is given to me, only in a manner authorized by the Protective Order,
	and only to assist counsel in the litigation of these matters.
4.	I promise that I will not disclose or discuss such "CONFIDENTIAL
	"CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or
	"CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY –
	SOURCE CODE" information with anyone other than the persons
	described in the Protective Order.
5.	I acknowledge that, by signing this agreement, I am subjecting myse
	to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Central
	District of California with respect to enforcement of the Protective
	Order.
6.	I understand that any disclosure or use of "CONFIDENTIAL,"
	"CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or
	"CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY –
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_	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOS CASE NO. 2:16-CV-3714-GW-AG

1	SOURCE CODE" information in any manner contrary to the
2	provisions of the Protective Order may subject me to sanctions for
3	contempt of court.
4	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
5	r declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
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	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER [PROPOSED CASE NO. 2:16-CV-3714-GW-AGR