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Attorneys for Defendants	
UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
	CT OF CALIFORNIA
WINSTON SMITH,	Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx)
Plaintiff,	[ <del>PROPOSED</del> ] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
V.	
CHAPTER 4 CORP.; BLACKROCK CREATIVE MANAGEMENT COMPANY; and DOES 1 -10, inclusive,	
Defendants.	
1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATION</u>	<u>NS</u>
Disclosure and discovery activity i	n this action are likely to involve
production of confidential, proprietary, or	r private information for which special
protection from public disclosure and fro	m use for any purpose other than
prosecuting this litigation may be warran	ted. Accordingly, the Parties hereby
stipulate to and petition the court to enter	the following Stipulated Protective
(PROPOSED) STIPULATED PROTECT	IVE ORDER - Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx)

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2.

Order. The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections
on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from
public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are
entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The Parties
further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 13.3, below, that this Stipulated
Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal;
Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the
standards that will be applied when a Party seeks permission from the court to file
material under seal.

### GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

This action is likely to involve trade secrets, customer and pricing lists and other valuable research, development, commercial, financial, technical and/or proprietary information, taxpayer information, information implicating the privacy rights of third parties, and information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, business relationships and commercial agreements, or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, cost, revenue or profit margin information, designs, processes,

computer databases, invoices, pricing records, customer information, trade secrets, accounting, state and federal taxpayer information, information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which may implicate third party privacy rights, be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the Parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the Parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the Parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

### 22 **3.**

DEFINITIONS

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3.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

3.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for

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protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) and as specified above in
 the Good Cause Statement.

3.3 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or</u> <u>Items</u>: CONFIDENTIAL information or tangible things that the Producing Party believes constitutes, reflects or discloses especially sensitive, confidential and/or proprietary information meriting restriction of its dissemination to those identified in Section 8.3, below.

3.4 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support staff).

3.5 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

3.6 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter or which were produced by Outside Counsel of Record with confidentiality designations after this action was filed but prior to discovery in this matter.

(PROPOSED) STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER - Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx)

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3.7 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action.

3.8 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a Party to this action. House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

3.9 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

3.10 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but are retained to represent or advise a Party and have appeared in this action on behalf of that Party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that Party.

3.11 <u>Party</u>: any Party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staff).

3.12 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.

3.13 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation
 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits

or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is 3.14 designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery 3.15 Material from a Producing Party.

4. **SCOPE** 

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The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only 12 13 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or 14 extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or 15 16 compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or 17 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. 18 19 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the 20 following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time 21 of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its 22 23 disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation 24 of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or 25 26 otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source

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who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

### 5. <u>DURATION</u>

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

### 6. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

6.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept

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unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if limiting designations within specific documents would be unduly time consuming and burdensome to the Designating Party and if such designations will not prejudice the Receiving Party's ability to use the material for purposes of this case, the Designating Party may include in its designations material that may not, in itself, qualify for protection (for instance, the Designating Party may designate an entire page CONFIDENTIAL or CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES 10 ONLY in lieu of blocking out or designating particular CONFIDENTIAL or CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information on that page).

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

20 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that 21 it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party 22 23 must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken 24 designation. 25

6.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 6.2(a) below), or as otherwise

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stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or, as the case may be, "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL," or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES

(PROPOSED) STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER - Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx)

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ONLY," legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

20 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent 6.3 21 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive 22 23 the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such 24 material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make 25 26 reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

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### CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

7.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

7.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process under Local Rule 37.1 et seq.

7.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all Parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

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### ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

8.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 14 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

8.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated

"CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well
 as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
 necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the
 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit
 A;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(d) the court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement
to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or
ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to
depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court
reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this
Stipulated Protective Order; and

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

8.3 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"</u>
<u>Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well

as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgement and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) the court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants,
 mock jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably
 necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and
 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(e) during their depositions, Non-Party witnesses in the action to whom
disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the
Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition
testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be
separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except
as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order;

(f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and

(g) should any Party produce any document or information designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," and should counsel for the Receiving Party believe it necessary to disclose any such document or information to persons not provided for above, counsel for the Receiving Party shall first seek permission from the Producing Party for such disclosure on a case-by-case basis, and permission shall not be unreasonably withheld by the Producing Party (provided the person to whom disclosure is proposed executes the Agreement to Be Bound in the form annexed as Exhibit A hereto prior to receiving any such information). Unless and until such a request is granted, or it is otherwise directed by the Court, information designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" will be disclosed only as provided for herein.

### 9. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" that Party must:

(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected. If the
Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this
action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
ONLY" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order
issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The

PHILLIPS, ERLEWINE, GIVEN & CARLIN LLP 39 Mesa Street, Suite 201 San Francisco, CA 94129 (415) 398-0900 Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

## 10. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE</u> PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or
"CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non- Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
 agreement with a Non-Party;

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(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

**UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL** 11.

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has 22 23 disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized 24 under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) 25 26 notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform

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the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all theterms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as ExhibitA.

# 12.INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OROTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the Parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the Parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

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### 13. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

13.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of
 any person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

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13.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

13.3 <u>Filing Protected Material</u>. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

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#### 14. **FINAL DISPOSITION**

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in Section 5, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, 12 where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain 18 an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 5 (DURATION).

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1	Any violation of this Order may be	punished by any and all appropriate	
2	measures including, without limitation, co	ontempt proceedings and/or monetary	
3	sanctions.		
4	sanctions.		
5	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.		
6			
7	DATED: November 11, 2016	THE LINDE LAW FIRM	
8			
9		By: <u>/s/ Douglas A. Linde</u> Douglas A. Linde	
10		Erica Allen Gonzales	
11 12		Attorneys for Plaintiff Winston Smith	
12		winsion Smith	
14	DATED: November 14, 2016	PHILLIPS, ERLEWINE, GIVEN &	
15	DATED. November 14, 2010	CARLIN LLP	
16		By: <u>/s/ Nicholas A. Carlin</u>	
17		<u>N</u> icholas A. Carlin	
18		David M. Given Anna Gourgiotopoulou	
19		Attorneys for Defendants	
20		Chapter 4 Corp.; Blackrock Creative Management Company	
21		Creative Management Company	
22	ORI	DER	
23	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO	ORDERED.	
24			
25	DATED: <u>November 16, 2016</u>	/ S /	
26		Honorable Alka Sagar United States Magistrate Judge	
27 28		emica states magistrate stage	
20		2	
	(PROPOSED) STIPULATED PROTECTI	IVE ORDER - Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx)	

PHILLIPS, ERLEWINE, GIVEN & CARLIN LLP 39 Mesa Street, Suite 201 San Francisco, CA 94129 (415) 398-0900

### EXHIBIT A

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on \_\_\_\_\_ [date] in the case of *Winston Smith v. Chapter 4 Corp., et al.*, USDC Central District Case No. CV16-03910 GW(ASx). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of
 [print or type full address and

telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection

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Protective Order.
Date:
City and State where sworn and signed:
Printed name:
Signature:

PHILLIPS, ERLEWINE, GIVEN & CARLIN LLP 39 Mesa Street, Suite 201 San Francisco, CA 94129 (415) 398-0900