1 2 3 4 5 6 7		JS-6	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	HSBC BANK USA, NATIONAL ASS'N,	CASE NUMBER:	
10		CV 17-02917 CAS (AJWx)	
11 12	Plaintiff	$C_{V} = 17 - 02717 CAS (A) VVA)$	
12	v. OLGA CAMPOS, et al.,		
14		ORDER REMANDING CASE TO STATE COURT	
15	Defendant(s).		
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17	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> REMANDS this action to the California Superior Court for the		
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19 20	The fight of femoval is entitely a creatare of statute and a sait commenced in a state		
20	eoure muse remain there and cause is shown for no transfer and some act of congress.		
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23	removal, those statutes are strictly construed against removal jurisdiction. <u>Id.</u> ; <u>Nevada v. Bank of</u>		
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26			
27	jurisdiction." 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a); <u>Dennis v. Hart</u> , 724 F.3d 1249, 1252 (9th Cir. 2013). The		
28	removing defendant bears the burden of establishing federal jurisdiction. Abrego Abrego v.		
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1	Dow Chem. Co., 443 F.3d 676, 682 (9th Cir. 2006); Gaus, 980 F.2d at 566-67. "Under the plain		
2	terms of § 1441(a), in order properly to remove [an] action pursuant to that provision, [the		
3	removing defendant] must demonstrate that original subject-matter jurisdiction lies in the federal		
4	courts." <u>Syngenta Crop Prot.</u> , 537 U.S. at 33. Failure to do so requires that the case be remanded,		
5	as "[s]ubject matter jurisdiction may not be waived, and the district court must remand if it		
6	lacks jurisdiction." Kelton Arms Condo. Owners Ass'n v. Homestead Ins. Co., 346 F.3d 1190,		
7	1192 (9th Cir. 2003). "If at any time before final judgment it appears that the district court lacks		
8	subject matter jurisdiction, the case shall be remanded." 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c). It is "elementary		
9	that the subject matter jurisdiction of the district court is not a waivable matter and may be raised		
10	at anytime by one of the parties, by motion or in the responsive pleadings, or <i>sua sponte</i> by the		
11	trial or reviewing court." Emrich v. Touche Ross & Co., 846 F.2d 1190, 1194 n.2 (9th Cir. 1988).		
12	From a review of the Notice of Removal and the state court records provided, it is evident		
13	that the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the instant case, for the following reasons.		
14	No basis for federal question jurisdiction has been identified:		
15	The Complaint does not include any claim "arising under the Constitution, laws,		
16	or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 1331.		
17	Removing defendant(s) asserts that the affirmative defenses at issue give rise to		
18	federal question jurisdiction, but "the existence of federal jurisdiction depends solely on the plaintiff's claims for relief and not on anticipated defenses to those		
19	claims." ARCO Envtl. Remediation, L.L.C. v. Dept. of Health and Envtl. Quality,		
20	213 F.3d 1108, 1113 (9th Cir. 2000). An "affirmative defense based on federal law" does not "render[] an action brought in state court removable." <u>Berg v. Leason</u> , 32		
21	F.3d 422, 426 (9th Cir. 1994). A "case may not be removed to federal court on the basis of a federal defense even if the defense is anticipated in the plaintiff's		
22	complaint, and even if both parties admit that the defense is the only question truly		
23	at issue in the case." <u>Franchise Tax Bd. v. Constr. Laborers Vacation Tr.</u> , 463 U.S. 1, 14 (1983).		
24	Removing defendant(s) has not alleged facts sufficient to show that the		
25 26	requirements for removal under 28 U.S.C. § 1443 are satisfied. Section 1443(1)		
26 27	provides for the removal of a civil action filed "[a]gainst any person who is denied or cannot enforce in the courts of such State a right under any law providing for		
27 28	the equal civil rights of citizens of the United States" Even assuming that the removing defendant(s) has asserted rights provided "by explicit statutory		
20	removing detendant(s) has asserted rights provided by explicit statutory		

1 2	enactment protecting equal racial civil rights," <u>Patel v. Del Taco, Inc.</u> , 446 F.3d 996, 999 (9th Cir. 2006) (citation omitted), defendant(s) has not identified any "state	,
	statute or a constitutional provision that purports to command the state courts to ignore the federal rights" or pointed "to anything that suggests that the state court	
3	would not enforce [defendant's] civil rights in the state court proceedings." Id.	
4	(citation omitted); <u>see also Bogart v. California</u> , 355 F.2d 377, 381-82 (9th Cir. 1966) (holding that conclusionary statements lacking any factual basis cannot	
5	support removal under 1443(1)). Nor does 1443(2) provide any basis for	
6	removal, as it "confers a privilege of removal only upon federal officers or agents and those authorized to act with or for them in affirmatively executing duties	
7	under any federal law providing for equal civil rights" and on state officers who	
8	refuse to enforce discriminatory state laws. <u>City of Greenwood v. Peacock</u> , 384 U.S. 808, 824 & 824 n.22 (1966).	
9	The underlying action is an unlawful detainer proceeding, arising under and	
10	The underlying action is an unlawful detainer proceeding, arising under and governed by the laws of the State of California.	
11	Removing defendant(s) claims that 28 U.S.C. § 1334 confers jurisdiction on this	
12	Court, but the underlying action does not arise under Title 11 of the United States	
13	Code.	
14	Diversity jurisdiction is lacking, and/or this case is not removable on that basis:	
15	Every defendant is not alleged to be diverse from every plaintiff. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).	
16	1552(a).	
17	The Complaint does not allege damages in excess of \$75,000, and removing defendant(s) has not plausibly alleged that the amount in controversy requirement	-
18	has been met. <u>Id.; see Dart Cherokee Basin Operating Co. v. Owens</u> , 135 S. Ct.	,
19	547, 554 (2014).	
20	The underlying unlawful detainer action is a limited civil action that does not	
21	exceed \$25,000.	
22	Removing defendant(s) is a citizen of California. 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b)(2).	1
23	U Other:	
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26	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this matter be, and hereby is, REMANDED to the Superior	
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28	Date: April 25, 2017	
	Date: April 25, 2017	
	United States District Judge	