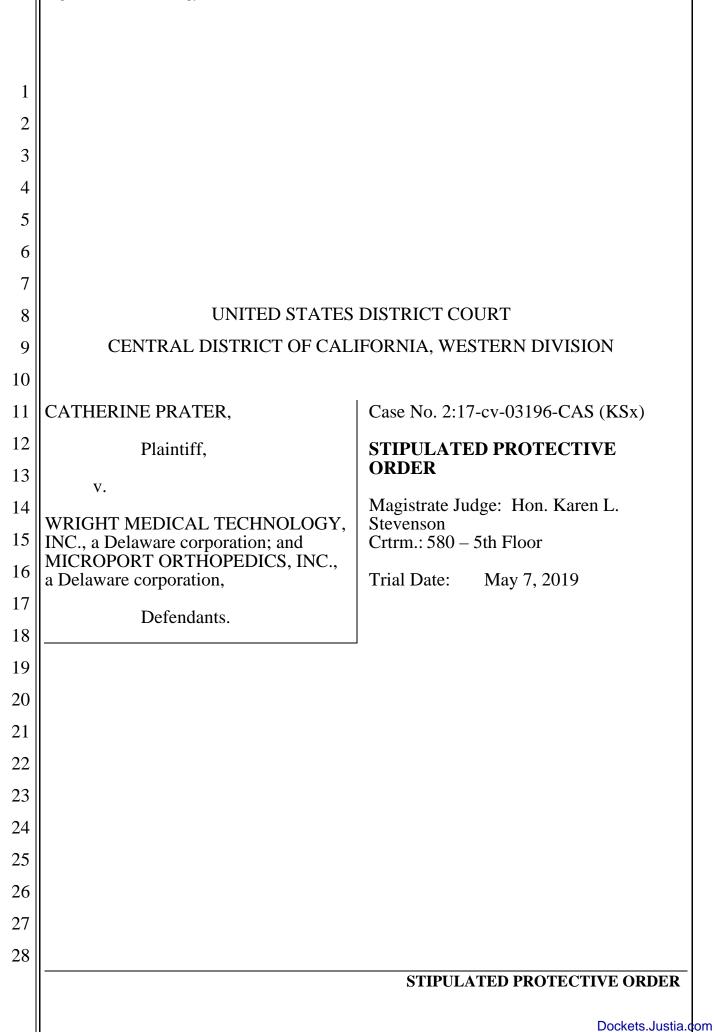
Beverly Hills, California

Attorneys at Law

KIESEL LAW LLP



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A. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>

2 Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, 3 proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure 4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. 5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer 6 7 blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it 8 affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items 9 that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The 10 parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated 11 Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that 12 13 will be applied when a party seeks permission from the Court to file material under 14 seal.

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B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

16 This action is likely to involve trade secrets, customer and pricing lists and other valuable research, design, development, manufacturing, commercial, financial, 17 18 technical and/or proprietary information, as well as personal medical records and health information, for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any 19 20purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and 21 proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, 22 23 or other confidential research, design, development, manufacturing or commercial 24 information (including information implicating privacy rights of third parties), personal medical records, information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which 25 26may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, 27 court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of 28 information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of

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1 discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep 2 confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such 3 material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the 4 end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such 5 information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will 6 not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated 7 without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public 8 manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this 9 case.

10 2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

11 2.1 <u>Action</u>: This pending federal lawsuit, *Catherine Prater v. Wright Medical*12 *Technology, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 2:17-cv-03196-CAS (KSx).

13 2.2 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
 14 information or items under this Order.

15 2.3 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how
16 it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under
17 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause
18 Statement.

19 2.4 <u>Counsel</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their
20 support staff).

2.5 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
"CONFIDENTIAL" or as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
ONLY."

25 2.6 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of
26 the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among
27 other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated
28 in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

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KIESEL LAW LLP Attorneys at Law 2.7 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an
 expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

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2.8 "<u>HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY</u>" <u>Information or Items</u>: extremely sensitive "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items, representing trade secret, business information or other information, disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would create a substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

9 2.9 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action.
10 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside
11 counsel.

12 2.10 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
13 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

14 2.11 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a party to
15 this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have
16 appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which
17 has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

2.12 <u>Party</u>: any party to this Action, including Catherine Prater, Wright Medical
Technology, Inc., and MicroPort Orthopedics, Inc. all of their officers, directors,
employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
support staffs).

22 2.13 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
23 Discovery Material in this Action.

24 2.14 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support
25 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
26 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and
27 their employees and subcontractors.

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2.15 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is

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designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

3 2.16 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
4 from a Producing Party.

2.17 <u>Bower Action</u>: The federal lawsuit pending before this Court, John Bower
v. Wright Medical Technology, Inc., et al., Case No. 2:17-cv-03178-CAS (KSx). On
January 3, 2018, the Court consolidated this Action and the Bower Action for pretrial
purposes only.

9 3. <u>SCOPE</u>

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected
Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from
Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected
Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their
Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial
judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

17 Any Protected Material subject to this Order is for use in this Action and the 18 *Bower* Action only, and may not be used in any other litigation or other proceeding. No attorneys or any other persons, other than the attorneys of record for Plaintiff and 19 20 Defendants in this Action or the *Bower* Action or any other person authorized to receive 21 and/or use Protected Material pursuant to this Order, are entitled to receive and/or use any Protected Material subject to this Order. Counsel for Plaintiff and Defendants in 22 23 this Action and/or the Bower Action, and any other person authorized to receive and/or 24 use Protected Material pursuant to this Order, are strictly prohibited from sharing any Protected Material subject to this Order with any attorney(s) or other persons who are 25 not a part of this Action or the Bower Action. 26

27 4. <u>DURATION</u>

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Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations

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imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise
in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the
later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with or without
prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all
appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action, including the time limits
for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

- 5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>
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5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

9 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection
10 under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that
11 qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for
12 protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written
13 communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or
14 communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably
15 within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that
are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose
(e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose
unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party
to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
designated for protection do not qualify for protection that Designating Party must
promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this
Order (*see, e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order
must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

1 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial 2 3 proceedings), that the Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter "CONFIDENTIAL legend"), or the legend "HIGHLY 4 5 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" (hereinafter "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY legend"), to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion 6 7 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also 8 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in 9 the margins).

10 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated 11 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before 12 13 the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed 14 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting 15 Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this 16 Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL legend" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY legend" to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page 19 20 qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected 21 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

22 (b) for testimony given in depositions, that the Designating Party 23 identify the Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the 24 deposition, all protected testimony.

25 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the 2627 exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend 28"CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

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If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the Producing
 Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the
Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon
timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to
assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

9 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
10 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling
11 Order.

12 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
13 resolution process under Local Rule 37.1 *et seq*.

6.3 <u>Burden of Persuasion</u>. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge
proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for
an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating
Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue
to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the
Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

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7. <u>ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action and/or the *Bower* Action. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of
persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been
terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below
(FINAL DISPOSITION). Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a

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Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited
 to the persons authorized under this Order.

7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party
may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

6 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action
7 and/or the *Bower* Action, as well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to
8 whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this Action and/or the
9 *Bower* Action;

10 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of
11 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or
12 the *Bower* Action;

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or the *Bower* Action and who
have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(d) the Court and its personnel;

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(e) Court reporters and their staff;

(f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or the *Bower*Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
(Exhibit A);

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

(h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in
the Action and/or the *Bower* Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
provided: (1) the deposing party requests that the witness sign the form attached as
Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential
information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"

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(Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court. 1 2 Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal 3 Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be 4 disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

5 any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, (i) 6 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

7 7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES 8 ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, any information or item designated "HIGHLY 9 10 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" may be disclosed only to:

the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action 11 (a) and/or the Bower Action, as well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to 12 13 whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this Action and/or the 14 Bower Action;

15 (b)the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or 16 17 the Bower Action:

18 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or the Bower Action, who have 19 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 20

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- (d) the Court and its personnel;
- 22
- (e) Court reporters and their staff;

23 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional 24 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and/or the Bower Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" 25 (Exhibit A); 26

27 the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a (g) 28 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in 1 (h) 2 the Action and/or the *Bower* Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary 3 provided: (1) the deposing party requests that the witness sign the form attached as 4 Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential 5 information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" 6 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court. 7 Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be 8 9 disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

10 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, 11 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

12 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN 13 OTHER LITIGATION

14 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that 15 compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," 16 that Party must: 17

18 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order; 19

20 (b)promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to 21 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this 22 23 Stipulated Protective Order; and

24 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected. If the Designating 25 26Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or 27 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" before a determination 2811

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by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the
Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and
expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in
these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party
in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

6 9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED</u> 7 <u>IN THIS LITIGATION</u>

8 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non9 Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
10 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." Such information produced by
11 Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief
12 provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting
13 a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential
information, then the Party shall:

18 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
19 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement
20 with a Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably
specific description of the information requested; and

24 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non25 Party, if requested.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14
days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may
produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request.

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If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce
 any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality
 agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court
 order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking
 protection in this Court of its Protected Material.

6 10.

D. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

7 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed 8 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this 9 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing 10 the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to 11 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) 12 13 request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A. 14

15 11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> 16 <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

17 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain 18 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil 19 20Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure 21 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the 22 23 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the 24 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to 25 the court. 26

27 12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

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- 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any

KIESEL LAW LLP Attorneys at Law Beverly Hills, California 1 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this
Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to
disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any
ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

7 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
8 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may
9 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific
10 Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is
11 denied by the Court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public
12 record unless otherwise instructed by the Court.

13. FINAL DISPOSITION

14 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in paragraph 4, within 60 15 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this 16 17 subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, 18 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party 19 20must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person 21 or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed 22 23 and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, 24 compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the 25 Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an 26archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney 27 28 work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain

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Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected 1 2 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION). 3 14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary sanctions. 4 5 6 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. 7 8 DATED: April 6, 2018 Respectfully submitted, 9 KIESEL LAW LLP 10 /s/ Helen Zukin By: 11 Paul R. Kiesel 12 Helen Zukin Jeffrey A. Koncius 13 Melanie Meneses Palmer 14 Cherisse Heidi A. Cleofe 15 Attorneys for Plaintiff **Catherine Prater** 16 17 DATED: April 6, 2018 DUANE MORRIS LLP 18 19 By: /s/ Ryan J. O'Neil 20 J. Robert Renner 21 Dana J. Ash J. Scott Kramer 22 Sean K. Burke Ryan J. O'Neil 23 Katherine L. Nichols 24 Attorneys for Defendants 25 Wright Medical Technology, Inc., and MicroPort Orthopedics, Inc. 26 27 28 11 15 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

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KIESEL LAW LLP Attorneys at Law Beverly Hills, California	1	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.
	2	
	3	DATED: April 11, 2018
	4	Karen L. Ferrenson
	5	Hon. Karen L. Stevenson
	6	United States Magistrate Judge
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		16 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1	EXHIBIT A		
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
3	I, [print or type full name], of		
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I		
5	have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued		
6	by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on		
7	[date] in the case of Catherine Prater v. Wright Medical		
8	Technology, Inc., et al. Case No. 2:17-cv-03196-CAS (KSx). I agree to comply with		
9	and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand		
10	and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and		
11	punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any		
12	manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any		
13	person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.		
14	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for		
15	the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this		
16	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after		
17	termination of this action. I hereby appoint [print or		
18	type full name] of [print or type full		
19	address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in		
20	connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated		
21	Protective Order.		
22			
23	Date:		
24	City and State where sworn and signed:		
25	Printed name:		
26			
27	Signature:		
28			
	17 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER		

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