| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10<br>11<br>12<br>13                  | Alan Engle (Bar No. 224779)<br>alan.engle@meenlegal.com<br>MEADOR & ENGLE<br>5151 California Ave., Suite 100<br>Irvine, CA 92617<br>Telephone: (310) 428-6985<br>Facsimile: (714) 386-5368<br>Attorneys for Plaintiff and Counter-Defendant<br>BLM PRODUCTS, LTD.<br>Stephen C. McArthur (Bar No. 277712)<br>stephen@smcarthurlaw.com<br>ValerieMcConnell (State Bar No. 274159)<br>valerie@smcarthurlaw.com<br>THE MCARTHUR LAW FIRM<br>11400 W. Olympic Blvd., Suite 200<br>Los Angeles, CA 90064<br>Telephone: (323) 639-4455<br>Attorneys for Defendant and Counter-Claimant<br>COVVES, LLC |  |
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| 15   | CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  |  |
| <ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol> | BLM PRODUCTS, LTD.,<br>Plaintiff,<br>v.<br>COVVES, LLC,<br>Defendant.<br>Plant CASE NO. 2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA<br><b>PROPOSED] STIPULATED</b><br><b>PROTECTIVE ORDER</b>   |  |
| 22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26<br>27<br>28   | <ol> <li>A. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u><br/>Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary,<br/>or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for<br/>any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the</li> </ol>   |  |

parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

11 This action is likely to involve trade secrets, customer and pricing lists and other 12 valuable research, development, commercial, financial, technical and/or proprietary 13 information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any 14 purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and 15 proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential 16 business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, 17 or other confidential research, development, or commercial information (including 18 information implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally 19 unavailable to the public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from 20 disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law.

Accordingly, the parties believe that the designation of certain materials as Confidential Information or Attorneys' Eyes-Only Information is necessary because there is significant risk in disclosing certain highly sensitive information beyond the purposes of this litigation. Any of the parties could be irreparably harmed if designated Confidential Information and Attorneys' Eyes-Only Information is divulged or somehow wrongly misused by the Parties or-non-parties

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To expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, nonpublic manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

2.1 BLM Products, Ltd. Covves. LLC. Case No. Action: V. 2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA.

2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

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2.3 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.

20 2.4 "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items: a subset of Confidential Information that a party in good faith believes is entitled to heightened protection in order 22 to protect economic, competitive, or sensitive personal information that there is a 23 compelling need to keep confidential from the opposing party and/or its employees and 24 that could materially damage the Designating Party in a manner unrelated to the instant 25 case if revealed.

26 2.5 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their 27 support staff).

2.6 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

2.7 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

2.8 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

2.9 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action. House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

2.10 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

2.11 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to 15 this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have 16 appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm that has appeared on behalf of that party, including support staff.

18 2.12 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors, 19 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their 20 support staffs).

21 2.13 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery 22 Material in this Action.

23 2.14 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support 24 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating. preparing exhibits or 25 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and 26 their employees and subcontractors.

27 2.15 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." 28

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STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER 2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA

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2.16 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

# 3. <u>SCOPE</u>

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

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## DURATION

12 Once a case proceeds to trial, all of the court-filed information to be introduced 13 that was previously designated as confidential or maintained pursuant to this protective 14 order becomes public and will be presumptively available to all members of the public, 15 including the press, unless compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings to 16 proceed otherwise are made to the trial judge in advance of the trial. See Kamakana v. 17 City and County of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1180-81 (9th Cir. 2006) (distinguishing 18 "good cause" showing for sealing documents produced in discovery from "compelling 19 reasons" standard when merits-related documents are part of court record). Accordingly, 20 the terms of this protective order do not extend beyond the commencement of the trial.

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## DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection

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is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not gualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that gualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix, at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter 18 "CONFIDENTIAL legend") or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" (hereinafter "AEO legend"), to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

22 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need 23 not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which 24 documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the 25 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed 26 "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it 27 wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or 28

portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix either the "CONFIDENTIAL legend" or the "AEO legend" to each page that contains Protected Material..

(b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identify the Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.

6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process under Local Rule 37.1, et seq. Any discovery motion must strictly comply with the procedures set forth in Local Rules 37-1, 37-2, and 37-3.

6.3 <u>Burden</u>. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue to afford

the material in guestion the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

10 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a 11 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons 12 authorized under this Order.

13 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

16 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well as 17 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to 18 disclose the information for this Action;

19 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the 20 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

21 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is 22 reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and 23 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional Vendors to 27 whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the 28

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters and their staff;

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"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(q) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

4 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the Action 5 to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party requests 6 that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit 1 hereto; and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment" and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating 9 Party or ordered by the Court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to 10 depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective 12 Order; and 13

(i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

7.3 Disclosure of "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items.

16 Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating 17 Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated as 18 "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

19 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well as 20 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to 21 disclose the information for this Action;

22 (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is 23 reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgement and 24 Agreement to be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) the Court and its personnel; and

(d) court reporters and their staff.

(e) Limited disclosure for purpose of evaluating settlement: The Receiving Party's

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1 Outside Counsel of Record in this Action may disclose overall summaries of total 2 revenue, costs, and profits data related to the Accused Products found in "ATTORNEYS' 3 EYES ONLY" documents to the Receiving Party for the limited purpose of evaluating 4 settlement in this Action. 5 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN 6 OTHER LITIGATION 7 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that 8 compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as 9 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" that Party must: 10 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include 11 a copy of the subpoena or court order; 12 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue 13 in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is 14 subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated 15 Protective Order; and 16 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by 17 the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected. 18 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the 19 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as 20 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" before a determination by the court 21 from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating 22 Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking 23 protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should 24 be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a 25 lawful directive from another court. 26 27 28

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER 2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA

# 9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN</u> THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "<u>ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY.</u>" Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.

Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party, if requested.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14 days
of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce
the Non- Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the NonParty timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any
information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement
with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court order to the
contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this

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## 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

13 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain 14 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the 15 obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be 17 established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege 18 review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach 19 an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by 20 the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their 21 agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the Court.

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### 12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

- <sup>25</sup> 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
   Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or
   producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated
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Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

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12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue; good cause must be shown in the request to file under seal. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the Court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the Court.

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### 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

11 After the final disposition of this Action, within 60 days of a written request by the 12 Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the 13 Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected 14 Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format 15 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is 16 returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the 17 Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 18 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected 19 Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not 20 retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing 21 or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are 22 entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and 23 hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, 24 expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if 25 such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or 26 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in 27 Section 4 (DURATION).

| 1  | 14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate              |
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| 2  | measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary sanctions. |
| 3  | IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.   |
| 4  |   |
| 5  | Dated: December 21, 2017 MEADOR & ENGLE   |
| 6  |   |
| 7  | By: <u>/s/ Alan E. Engle</u><br>Alan E. Engle   |
| 8  | Attorneys for Plaintiff<br>BLM PRODUCTS, LTD  |
| 9  |   |
| 10 | Dated: December 21, 2017 THE MCARTHUR LAW FIRM  |
| 11 |   |
| 12 | By: <u>/s/ Stephen McArthur</u><br>Stephen C. McArthur                                  |
| 13 | Attorneys for Defendant and<br>Counter-Claimant COVVES, LLC                             |
| 14 |   |
| 15 | FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.   |
| 16 |   |
| 17 | DATED: <u>December 27, 2017</u>   |
| 18 | Paul Z. alrams  |
| 19 | Paul L. Abrams<br>United States Magistrate Judge  |
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|    | 14<br>STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER   |

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| 2  | EXHIBIT A  |
| -3 | ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND   |
| 4  | Invint or type full name) of   |
| 5  | I, [print or type full name], of [print or type full address], declare                 |
| 6  | under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the           |
| 7  | Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for    |
| 8  | the Central District of California in the case of BLM PRODUCTS, LTD. v. COVVES,        |
| 9  | LLC, CASE NO. 2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA. I agree to comply with and to be bound            |
| -  | by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and              |
| 10 | acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and                 |
| 11 | punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose      |
| 12 | in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective    |
| 13 | Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of       |
| 14 | this Order.  |
| 15 | I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District            |
| 16 | Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of |
| 17 | this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after     |
| 18 | termination of this action.  |
| 19 | I hereby appoint [print or type  |
| 20 | full name] of [print or type full  |
| 21 | address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in         |
| 22 | connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this          |
| 23 | Stipulated Protective Order.   |
| 24 |  |
| 25 | Date:  |
| 26 | City and State where sworn and signed:   |
| 27 | Printed name:  |
| 28 | Signature:   |
| 20 |  |
|    | STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER<br>2:17-cv-06224-RGK-PLA                                   |