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14	Additional Counsel Listed on Signature Page		
15			
16	UNITED STATES DI CENTRAL DISTRICT		
17	LOS ANGELES DIVISION		
18			
19	CONSUMER FINANCIAL PROTECTION BUREAU,	Case No. 2:24-cv-04108-RGK-	
20	Plaintiff,	AJR	
21		DISCOVERY MATTER	
$\begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 22 \end{bmatrix}$	V.	(PROPOSED) STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER	
	SOLO FUNDS, INC., Defendant.		
23	Defendant.		
24			
25	1. GENERAL		

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1.1 Purposes and Limitations. Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting

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seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

1.2 Good Cause Statement.

This action is likely to involve the exchange of non-publicly-available documents and other information of a sensitive, confidential and/or proprietary nature including loan data and files and/or federal agency records that may contain confidential and personally identifiable information ("PII") of consumers, including social security numbers, federal identification numbers, personal telephone numbers, personal addresses, personal email addresses, personal health or other financial information, and bank account information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. The Parties also expect that discovery in this matter will involve confidential, proprietary, and/or trade secret information concerning SoLo and its business that is not publicly known and which if publicly disclosed would impair SoLo's business operations and put SoLo at a competitive disadvantage. Such confidential and proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, information regarding consumers, or other confidential research, development, or commercial information (including information implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or

this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and

petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties

acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or

responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and

use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential

treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as

set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle

them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the

procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party

which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1 <u>Action</u>: This pending federal lawsuit, captioned *Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. SoLo Funds, Inc.*, Case No. 2:24-cv-04108-RGK-AJR, pending in the United States District Court for the Central District of California.
- 2.2 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.
- 2.3 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL"</u> Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.
- 2.4 <u>Confidential Investigative Information</u>: Information produced by SoLo to the Bureau prior to the initiation of this Litigation.
- 2.5 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support staff).

- 2.6 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."
- 2.6 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.
- 2.7 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.
- 2.8 <u>Final Disposition</u>: the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.
- 2.9 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action. House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.
- 2.10 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.
- 2.11 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm that has appeared on behalf of that party, including support staff.
- 2.12 <u>Party</u>: any party to this Action, including its officers, directors, employees, consultants, contractors, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

- 2.13 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this Action.
- 2.14 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.
- 2.15 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL."
- 2.16 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

4. **DURATION**

Once a case proceeds to trial, all of the court-filed information to be introduced that was previously designated as confidential or maintained pursuant to this protective order becomes public and will be presumptively available to all members of the public, including the press, unless compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings to proceed otherwise are made to the trial judge in advance of the trial. See Kamakana v. City and Cty. of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1180-81 (9th Cir. 2006) (distinguishing "good cause" showing for sealing documents produced in discovery from "compelling reasons" standard when merits-related documents are part of court record). Accordingly, the terms of this protective order do not extend

beyond the commencement of the trial.

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5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

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Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. 5.1 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix, at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter "CONFIDENTIAL legend"), to each page that

contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins). For information in non-static documentary form (e.g., spreadsheets) for which the application of the legend CONFIDENTIAL is impracticable, a slip or cover sheet with the legend CONFIDENTIAL shall be provided.

A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL legend" to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

- (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identify the Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition or up to fourteen (14) days after receipt of the deposition transcript, provided the Designating Party indicates on the record an intent to so designate.
- (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.
- 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process under Local Rule 37-1, <u>et seq</u>. Any discovery motion must strictly comply with the procedures set forth in Local Rules 37-1, 37-2, and 37-3.
- 6.3 <u>Burden</u>. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action and as required or permitted by federal statute or regulation applicable to the Bureau as specified in section 7.2(j). Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the

Action has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

- 7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:
- (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this Action;
- (b) the officers, directors, employees (including House Counsel), and contractors of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;
- (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
 - (d) the Court and its personnel;
 - (e) court reporters and their staff;
- (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
- (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;
- (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they will

not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order;

- (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions; and
- (j) to a government agency by the Bureau where the disclosure is required by statute or regulation, or permitted by 12 C.F.R. 1070 *et seq*.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party must:

- (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party as soon as practicable, but in any event no later than seven (7) days prior to the return, compliance, or production date specified in the subpoena or order. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;
- (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and
- (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena

or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

- (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.
- (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:
- (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;
- (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and
- (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party, if requested.
- (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce

any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this Court of its Protected Material.

10.UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11.<u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).

The production of privileged or work product protected documents, whether inadvertent or otherwise, is not a waiver of the privilege or protection from discovery in this case or in any other federal or state proceeding. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d).

Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review of documents (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production.

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12.MISCELLANEOUS

- 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.
- 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.
- 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue; good cause must be shown in the request to file under seal. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the Court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the Court.
- 12.4 Opportunity to Designate Confidential Investigative Information. The Bureau already has received Confidential Investigative Information from SoLo that SoLo has not had an opportunity to designate as CONFIDENTIAL in this Litigation. The Bureau will: (1) not disclose SoLo's Confidential Investigative Information in this Litigation without first providing SoLo notice and an opportunity to designate such Confidential Investigative Information as CONFIDENTIAL and subject to this Protective Order within a reasonable amount of time; or (2) file SoLo's Confidential Investigative Information under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 to allow SoLo the opportunity to designate such information as CONFIDENTIAL and subject to this Protective Order. If the Bureau seeks to use SoLo's Confidential Investigative Information during a deposition in this Litigation, it need not disclose such information prior to the deposition (unless pursuant to a valid discovery request, in which case the Bureau will first provide SoLo notice and an opportunity to designate

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such Confidential Investigative Information as CONFIDENTIAL and subject to this Protective Order within a reasonable amount of time, as specified above), but at the deposition SoLo may designate any such exhibits at the time the information is marked as an exhibit at the deposition as CONFIDENTIAL and subject to this Protective Order or up to fourteen (14) days after receipt of the deposition transcript, provided SoLo indicates on the record an intent to so designate. If SoLo designates any such exhibits as CONFIDENTIAL at the deposition, the Bureau (1) will request that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2) will inform the witness that they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court.

13.FINAL DISPOSITION

After the final disposition of this Action, within 60 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must (i) return all Protected Material to the Producing Party, (ii) destroy such material, or (iii) retain such material as required by federal recordkeeping requirements, as set forth in Title 44 of the U.S. code, and schedules promulgated thereunder, in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of the material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned, destroyed, or retained as required by federal recordkeeping requirements in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of the material, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned, destroyed, or retained as required by federal recordkeeping requirements in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of the material and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or

1	any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material except as
2	required by federal recordkeeping requirements in a manner that ensures the
3	confidentiality of the material. Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled
4	to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and
5	hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits,
6	expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even
7	if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain
8	or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth
9	in Section 4 (DURATION).
10	14. <u>VIOLATION OF ORDER</u>
11	Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate
12	measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary
13	sanctions.
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15	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.
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18	DATED: October 24, 2024
19	By:
20	/s/ Bradley H. Cohen
21	Bradley H. Cohen
22	Attorney for Plaintiff Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
23	
24	
25	DATED: October 24, 2024
26	By: /s/ Laura A Stoll
27	By: /s/ Laura A. Stoll Laura A. Stoll
28	

1	The filer, Laura A. Stoll, attests that the other signatory listed, on whose behalf this filing is submitted, concurs in the filing's content and has authorized the filing.
2	THOMAS M. HEFFERON (admitted
3	pro hac vice) THefferon@goodwinlaw.com
4	LEVI W. SWANK (admitted <i>pro hac vice</i>) LSwank@goodwinlaw.com
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12	Attorneys for Defendant SOLO FUNDS, INC.
13	Attorneys for Defendant SoLo Funds, Inc.
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1	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.
2	TOR GOOD CAOSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.
3	DATED: 10/24/2024
4	HON. A. JOEL RICHLIN United States Magistrate Judge
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1 EXHIBIT A ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND 2 3 I, _____[full name], of _____ 4 [full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and 5 6 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on [date] in the 7 8 case of Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. SoLo Funds, Inc., Case No. 2:24cv-04108-RGK-AJR. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of 9 this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so 10 11 comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that 12 13 is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. 14 15 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court 16 for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after 17 termination of this action. I hereby appoint _____ [full 18 name] of ______ [full address and 19 telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with 20 21 this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective 22 Order. 23 City and State where signed: _____ 24 Printed name: 25 26 Signature: 27 28