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1 2 JS-6 3 4 5 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 8 WESTERN DIVISION 9 10 JOSHUA SPENCER HILL, 11 Case No. ED CV 12-00898-DMG (VBK) 12 Petitioner, MEMORANDUM AND ORDER DISMISSING PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 13 v. 14 WARDEN, 15 Respondent. 16 17 On June 5, 2012, Joshua Spencer Hill (hereinafter referred to as "Petitioner") filed a "Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person 18 19 in State Custody" in the United States District Court for the Central 20

District of California. On December 14, 2011, in Riverside County Superior Court, Petitioner pled guilty to violating California Penal Code § 273.5 and § 2933.5 and was sentenced to two years in state prison. (See Petition at 2.)

It appears conclusively from the face of the Petition that state remedies have not been exhausted. There is no indication in the Petition whatsoever that the California Court of Appeal or California Supreme Court have been given an opportunity to rule on Petitioner's contentions. (See Petition at 3-5.)

A federal court will not review a state prisoner's petition for writ of habeas corpus unless it appears that the prisoner has exhausted available state remedies on each and every claim presented. 28 U.S.C. §2254(b) and (c); see O'Sullivan v. Boerckel, 526 U.S. 838, 842 (1999); Rose v. Lundy, 455 U.S. 509, 522 (1982). "For reasons of federalism, 28 U.S.C. §2254 requires federal courts to give the states an initial opportunity to correct alleged violations of its prisoners' federal rights." Kellotat v. Cupp, 719 F.2d 1027, 1029 (9th Cir. 1983).

Exhaustion requires that the prisoner's contentions be fairly presented to the highest court of the state. <u>Libberton v. Ryan</u>, 583 F.3d 1147, 1164 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2009), <u>cert. denied</u>, 130 S.Ct. 3412 (2010). A claim has not been fairly presented unless the prisoner has described in the state court proceedings <u>both</u> the operative facts and the federal legal theory on which his claim is based. <u>See Anderson v. Harless</u>, 459 U.S. 4, 6 (1982); <u>Pappageorge v. Sumner</u>, 688 F.2d 1294 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1982), <u>cert. denied</u>, 459 U.S. 1219 (1983).

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS ORDERED that the Petition be dismissed without prejudice.

21 DATED: June 19, 2012

DOLLY M. GEE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Presented on June 8, 2012 by:

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26 VICTOR B. KENTON

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE