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_	COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CPL. SHEREE ANTHONY AND DEP. DEYLAN KENNEDY	
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11		DISTRICT COURT
12	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CAL	IFORNIA, WESTERN DIVISION
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14	DEMAR SMITH, individually and as Successor in Interest to ANTHONIE	Case No. 5:16-CV-00227-JGB(KKx) [Hon. District Judge, Jesus G. Bernal,
15	SMITH, deceased,	Magistrate, Kenly Kiya Kato]
16	Plaintiff,	[DISCOVERY MATTER]
17	V.	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
18	COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, a	ORDER
19	municipal entity, and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive,	
20	Defendant.	
21		
22	1. A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIO	<u>NS</u>
23	Discovery in this action is likely to	involve production of confidential,
24	proprietary, or private information for whi	ich special protection from public
25	disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may	
26	be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to	
27	enter the following Stipulated Protective (Order. The parties acknowledge that this
28	Order does not confer blanket protections	on all disclosures or responses to
	I.	1 1

discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends
only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment
under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in
Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to
file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the
procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party
seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

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B. <u>GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT</u>

9 Plaintiffs have requested, by way of written discovery, materials pertaining to 10 the Riverside County Sheriff's Department's and/or District Attorney's investigation 11 into the shooting death of Anthonie Smith. Defendants have also identified materials 12 pertaining to the Riverside County Sheriff's Department's and/or District Attorney's 13 investigation into the shooting death of Anthonie Smith in their initial disclosures. 14 These documents contain information of a privileged, confidential, private, or 15 sensitive nature, and the parties believe that public dissemination of this information 16 would jeopardize compelling interests in preserving the integrity of the Riverside 17 County Sheriff's Department's investigation. This confidential information is in the 18 possession of the Defendants. Defendants have agreed to produce this information 19 pursuant to the terms and conditions found in the instant protective order.

20 Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt 21 resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately 22 protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the 23 parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for 24 and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and 25 serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this 26 matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as 27 confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good 28 faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and

there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case. 1

2 DEFINITIONS 2.

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2.1 Action: this pending federal law suit, *Demar Smith v. County of Riverside*, et al., Case No. 5:16-CV-00227-JGB(KKx).

2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

2.3 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of 8 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in 10 the Good Cause Statement.

2.4 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as 12 their support staff). 13

2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or 14 items that it produces in disclosures or responses to discovery as 15 "CONFIDENTIAL." 16

2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of 17 the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, 18 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or 19 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter. 20

2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter 21 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as 22 an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action. 23

2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action. 24 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside 25 counsel. 26

2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or 27 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action. 28

INTERNAL (SULTRAS)

2.10 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a party
 to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have
 appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which
 has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

5 2.11 <u>Party</u>: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
6 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
7 support staffs).

8 2.12 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
9 Discovery Material in this Action.

2.13 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support
 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or
 medium)and their employees and subcontractors.

14 2.14 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
15 designated as "CONFIDENTIAL."

16 2.15 <u>Receiving Party</u>: Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
17 from a Producing Party.

18 3. <u>SCOPE</u>

19 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only 20 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or 21 extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or 22 compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or 23 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. Any 24 use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. 25 This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial. 26 4. DURATION

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees

otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action,
 with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
 and exhaustion of all appeals, re-hearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this
 Action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for
 extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

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5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

8 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. 9 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under 10 this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that 11 qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for 12 protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written 13 communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, 14 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept 15 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order. Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized 16 designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified 17 or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber 18 the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on 19 other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a 20 Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for 21 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly 22 notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this
Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
produced.

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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents,
but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the
Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter
"CONFIDENTIAL legend"), to each page that contains protected material. If only a
portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing
Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
markings in the margins).

9 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated 10 11 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and 12 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be 13 deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it 14 wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or 15 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the 16 specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL legend" to 17 each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material 18 on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the 19 protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identify the
Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition all
protected testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for
any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the
exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend
"CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information warrants
protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected
portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the
 Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon
 timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to
 assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation
of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.

9 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
10 process under Local Rule 37.1 et seq.

6.3 <u>The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the</u>
<u>Designating Party</u>. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g.,
to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the
Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn
the confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue to afford the material in
question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

18 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

19 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is 20 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this 21 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such 22 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the 23 conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving 24 Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION). 25 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location 26 and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized 27 under this Order.

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7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party
 may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

4 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well as
5 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to
6 disclose the information for this Action;

7 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
8 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

9 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
10 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
11 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(d) the court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters and their staff;

(f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

19 (h) during their depositions, witnesses and attorneys for witnesses, in the 20 Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party 21 requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit 1 hereto; and (2) they will 22 not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the 23 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed 24 by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition 25 testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately 26 bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted 27 under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

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(i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

3 8. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN</u> 4 <u>OTHER LITIGATION</u>

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as
"CONFIDENTIAL," that Party must:

8 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
9 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or
order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this
Stipulated Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

16 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the 17 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as 18 "CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or 19 order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The 20 Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court 21 of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as 22 authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful 23 directive from another court.

9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN</u> <u>THIS LITIGATION</u>

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a NonParty in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced
by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief

provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting
 a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

3 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a
4 Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an
5 agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's

confidential information, then the Party shall:

7 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that
8 some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a
9 Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
description of the information requested; and

13 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party,
14 if requested.

15 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14 days 16 of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may 17 produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. 18 If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce 19 any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality 20 agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court. Absent a court order 21 to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection 22 in this court of its Protected Material.

23 10. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing
the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve
all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to

whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d)
 request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

4 11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> 5 <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain 6 7 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the 8 obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil 9 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure 10 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior 11 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the 12 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or 13 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the 14 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to 15 the court.

16 12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

17 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
18 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

19 12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this
20 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to
21 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
22 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any
23 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

12.3 <u>Filing Protected Material</u>. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected
Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed
under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected
Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by
the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless

2 13. <u>FINAL DISPOSITION</u>

After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in paragraph 4, within 60 3 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all 4 5 Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, 6 7 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected 8 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party 9 must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person 10 or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by 11 category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed 12 and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, 13 compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the 14 Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an 15 archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, 16 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney 17 work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain 18 Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected 19 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

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1	14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate measures	
2	including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary sanctions.	
3	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.	
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5	DATED: July 29, 2016 /s/ Megan Gyongyos	
6	Brian Dunn Megan Gyongyos	
7	Attorney for Plaintiff	
8		
9		
10	DATED: July 29, 2016 /s/ Lucas E. Rowe Eugene P. Ramirez	
11	Angela M. Powell	
12	Lucas E. Rowe Attorneys for Defendants	
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14	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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16	DATED: August 1, 2016	
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18	Kenly Kiva Kato United States Magistrate Judge	
19	Chited States Mugistrate Vauge	
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1	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
2	I, [print or type full name], of		
3	[print or type full address],		
4	declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the		
5	Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for		
6	the Central District of California on [date] in the case of Demar Smith v. County of		
7	Riverside, et al., Case No. 5:16-CV-00227-JGB(KKx). I agree to comply with and		
8	to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and		
9	acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment		
10	in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner		
11	any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any		
12	person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. I		
13	further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the		
14	Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this		
15	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after		
16	termination of this action. I hereby appoint [print or		
17	type full name] of		
18	[print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service		
19	of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement		
20	of this Stipulated Protective Order.		
21			
22	Date:		
23	City and State where sworn and signed:		
24	Printed name:		
25	Signature:		
26			
27			
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	14		