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15	Attorneys for Plaintiff WILLIAM J. RICHARDS	
16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
17	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CAL	IFORNIA – EASTERN DIVISION
18		
19	WILLIAM J. RICHARDS,	CASE NO. 17-cv-00497-SJO-SP
20	Plaintiff,	Hon. S. James Otero
21	V.	Hon. Magistrate Sheri Pym
22		JOINT STIPULATION FOR AND
23	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, MARK NOURSE, NORMAN	PROTECTIVE ORDER
24	PARENT, TOM BRADFORD, JOHN	
25	NAVARRO, DANIEL GREGONIS, NORMAN SPERBER, and DOES 1	
26	through 10, inclusive,	
27	Defendants.	
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### A. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve
production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special
protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than
prosecuting, defending, or settling this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the
parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated
Protective Order.

8 The Parties understand and agree that this Stipulated Protective Order is
9 intended to preclude any Receiving Party from disclosing Protected Material except
10 as permitted under the terms of this Order. The Parties further understand and agree
11 that Protected Material produced by Defendants pursuant to this Stipulated
12 Protective Order has been so designated based on the position that such material
13 implicates the official information privilege applicable to law enforcement records
14 and that the public disclosure of such material would be detrimental.

15 The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections 16 on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from 17 public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties 18 further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3 below, that this Stipulated 19 20 Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; 21 Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file 22 23 material under seal.

24

#### B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

25 Good cause exists for the Court to enter this pretrial protective order. *Cf.*26 *Oliner v. Kontrabecki*, 745 F.3d 1024, 1026 (9th Cir. 2014).

27 This civil action alleges violations of Plaintiff's civil rights pursuant to 42
28 U.S.C. § 1983 arising out of Plaintiff's conviction for a murder that he contends he

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did not commit, and that was reversed by the California Supreme Court. This action
 is likely to involve documents which contain private and confidential information
 pertaining to Plaintiff, Defendants, and non-parties.

4 These documents include, but are not limited to the following records:
5 Department ("SBSD") Murder Book for the Richards matter (DR #079303629);
6 SBSD policies, logs, reports, and criminal investigation files; and the prosecutor's
7 case files for *People v. Richards*, Case No. FVI00826.

8 Such documents contain personal information regarding Plaintiff, Defendants,
9 and non-parties such as dates of birth, social security numbers, and criminal
10 histories, which should not be in the public domain.

Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt 11 resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately 12 13 protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the 14 parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for 15 and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this 16 17 matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good 18 faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and 19 20 there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

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### **DEFINITIONS**

22 2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the
23 designation of information or items under this Order.

24 2.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER"</u>
25 <u>Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or
26 maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil
27 Procedure 26(c). For information and items designated by Defendants as
28 "CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER," such materials

include or may include information that, if publicly disclosed, would be detrimental
 to the privacy rights and safety and security of parties, law enforcement officials, or
 third parties and therefore qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil
 Procedure 26(c), as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.

5 2.3 <u>Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are retained to represent or advise a
6 party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that party or are
7 affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes
8 support staff.

9 2.4 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
10 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as

11 "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER."

12 2.5 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless
13 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
14 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or
15 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

16 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
17 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
18 an expert witness or as a consultant in this action.

19 2.7 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
20 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

21 2.8 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
22 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Counsel of Record (and their support
23 staffs).

24 2.9 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
25 Discovery Material in this action.

26 2.10 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation
27 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
28 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)

1 and their employees and subcontractors.

2 2.11 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
3 designated as "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER."

4 2.12 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery
5 Material from a Producing Party.

6 2.13 <u>Sensitive Personal Information</u>: Social security numbers; taxpayer
7 identification numbers; and financial account numbers.

8 3. <u>SCOPE</u>

9 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only
10 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or
11 extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or
12 compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or
13 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover 14 15 the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the 16 time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation 17 of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or 18 otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the 19 20 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who 21 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the 22 Designating Party.

23 Any use of Protected Material at trial may be governed by a separate
24 agreement or order. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at
25 trial.

### 26 4. <u>DURATION</u>

27 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations28 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees

1 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
2 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with
3 or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and
4 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
5 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
6 pursuant to applicable law.

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# 5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

8 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under 9 10 this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for 11 12 protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written 13 communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept 14 15 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations
that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper
purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or
to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the
Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in
this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material
that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before
the material is disclosed or produced.

**28** Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings): that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).
(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the

deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and
for any other tangible items: that the Producing Party affix in a prominent
place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information
or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO
PROTECTIVE ORDER." If only a portion or portions of the information or
item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall
identify the protected portion(s).

Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent 5.3 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. A Designating Party may timely correct an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items by providing notice of the erroneous non-designation to the Receiving Parties and producing duplicate copies of the Disclosure or Discovery Material with the legend "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER." Upon timely correction of a designation, Receiving Parties must make reasonable efforts to assure that the properly designated material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order. 

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### **CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a
Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable,
substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or
delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality
designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original
designation is disclosed.

9 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
10 resolution process under Local Rule 37.1 *et seq*.

6.3 11 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without 12 court intervention, they shall prepare and file a joint stipulation pursuant to Local 13 Rule 37.1 *et seq.* The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall 14 be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper 15 purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating 16 17 Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall 18 continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the 19 challenge. 20

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7.

### ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
action only for purposes prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle the abovecaptioned litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories
of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the action has
been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13
below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
 authorized under this Order.

4 7.2 <u>Disclosure of Protected Material</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court
5 or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose
6 any information or item designated as "CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO
7 PROTECTIVE ORDER" only to:

8 (a) The Receiving Party's Counsel of Record and employees of
9 Counsel of Record, including attorneys, support staff, legal assistants,
10 paralegals, investigators and clerical staff who are engaged in assisting in this action;

(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
disclosure is reasonably necessary for prosecution or defense or settlement of
this action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and ProfessionalVendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this action and whohave signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court or shorthand reporters, deposition videographers, and their staff;

(f) during their depositions in this action, witnesses and their attorneys,
provided: (1) the deposing party requests that the witness and his/her attorney
sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); and (2)
the witness and his/her attorney will not be permitted to keep any documents
containing Protected Material unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and
Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the
Designating Party or ordered by the court. At the request of a Designating

Party, pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

(h) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

# 9 8. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED</u>

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### PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
"CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER," that Party must:

(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notificationshall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or
order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by
the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification
shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

20 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be 21 pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected. 22 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with 23 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" before a 24 determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the 25 Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall 26 bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its Protected 27 28 Material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or

1 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from
2 another court.

3 4 9.

# <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE</u> <u>PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION</u>

5 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non6 Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO
7 PROTECTIVE ORDER." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection
8 with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.
9 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from
10 seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's
confidential information, then the Party shall:

15 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
16 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
17 agreement with a Non-Party;

18 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
19 Protective Order in this action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a
20 reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

21 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
22 Non-Party.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14
days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party
may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery
request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall
not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the
confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court.

Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and
 expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

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## UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

4 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed 5 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in 6 writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts 7 8 to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or 9 persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and 10 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A. 11

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# 11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain 14 15 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil 16 17 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure 18 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar 19 20 as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or 21 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the 22 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted 23 to the Court.

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# 12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

25 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
26 person to move for modification of this Order in the future.

27 12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this
28 Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to

disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any
 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

4 12.3 <u>Filing Protected Material</u>. A Receiving Party wishing to file Protected 5 Material with the Court must either obtain written permission from the Designating Party or comply with Local Rule 79-5 and the Court's Guide to Electronically Filing 6 7 Under-Seal Documents in Civil Cases. Protected Material may only be filed under 8 seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected 9 Material at issue. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal 10 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court. 11

12 12.4 <u>Redaction of Personal Information</u>. The Designating Party is permitted
13 to redact Sensitive Personal Information from the Protected Material produced under
14 this protective order. If a Receiving Party disagrees with any redaction, it shall
15 challenge the redaction using the procedure identified in paragraph 6 of this order
16 (CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS).

17 12.5 <u>Compliance and Penalties</u>. The undersigned agree to comply with and
18 to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and understand and
19 acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose the undersigned to sanctions
20 and punishment in the nature of contempt.

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### 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Upon final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
Receiving Party shall recover all copies of Protected Material produced by the
Designating Party that were provided to persons identified in Paragraph 7.2,
subsections (a) through (c). Upon request by a Designating Party made after the
final disposition of the action, a Receiving Party shall return all Protected Material
to the Designating Party or destroy such material and shall, within 60 days of the
request, submit to the Designating Party a written certification that (1) identifies (by

1	category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or	
2	destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,	
3	abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any	
4	of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Counsel of Record of	
5	Receiving Parties are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion	
6	papers, discovery pleadings and productions, trial, deposition, and hearing	
7	transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert	
8	reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such	
9	materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or	
10	constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in	
11	Section 4 (DURATION).	
12		
13	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.	
14	Respectfully submitted,	
15	KAYE, McLANE, BEDNARSKI & LITT,	
16	LLP	
17	DATED: Sept. 15, 2017 By: /s/Caitlin S. Weisberg	
18	Barrett S. Litt	
19	Marilyn E. Bednarski David McLane	
20	Caitlin S. Weisberg	
21	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
22		
23	LAW OFFICES OF WENDY KOEN	
24	DATED: Sept. 15, 2017 By: /s/Wendy Koen	
25	Wendy Koen	
26	Attorney for Plaintiff	
27		
28		
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3	BURKE, WILLIAMS & SORENSEN, LLP
4	DATED: Sept. 15, 2017 By: / s / Kristina D. Gruenberg
5	Susan E. Coleman
6	Kristina Doan Gruenberg Attorneys for Defendants
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8	
9	
10	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.
11	ALZ
12	DATED: November 1, 2017
13	Honorable Sheri Pym
14	United States Magistrate Judge
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1	<u>EXHIBIT A</u>		
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
3	I, [print or type full name], of		
4	[print or type		
5	full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and		
6	understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States		
7	District Court for the Central District of California on[date] in the		
8	case of Richards v. County of San Bernardino et al., Case No. 17-CV-00497-SJO-		
9	SP (C.D. Cal.). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this		
10	Stipulated Protective Order, and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so		
11	comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I		
12	solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that		
13	is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict		
14	compliance with the provisions of this Order.		
15	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court		
16	for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this		
17	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after		
18	termination of this action.		
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20	Date:		
21			
22	City and State where sworn and signed:		
23			
24	Printed name:		
25			
26	Signature:		
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	15		