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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee	CASE NUMBER:	
10	for Merrill Lynch First Franklin, et. al.,		
11	Plaintiff	EDCV 17-1237-TJH (ASx)	
12	v.		
13	Syed Rizvi, et. al.,	ORDER REMANDING CASE TO	
14			
14		STATE COURT	
14 15	Defendant(s).	state court JS-6	
	Defendant(s).		
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15 16	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act	JS-6	
15 16 17	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act County of <u>Riverside</u> for lack of sub	JS-6	
15 16 17 18	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act County of <u>Riverside</u> for lack of sub	JS-6 tion to the California Superior Court for the oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below. e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state	
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1	Dow Chemical Co., 443 F.3d 676, 682 (9th Cir. 2006); Gaus, 980 F.2d at 566-67. "Under the plain	
2	terms of § 1441(a), in order properly to remove [an] action pursuant to that provision, [the	
3	removing defendant] must demonstrate that original subject-matter jurisdiction lies in the federal	
4	courts." Syngenta Crop Protection, 537 U.S. at 33. Failure to do so requires that the case be	
5	remanded, as "[s]ubject matter jurisdiction may not be waived, and the district court must	
6	remand if it lacks jurisdiction." Kelton Arms Condo. Owners Ass'n v. Homestead Ins. Co., 346	
7	F.3d 1190, 1192 (9th Cir. 2003). "If at any time before final judgment it appears that the district	
8	court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, the case shall be remanded." 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c). It is	
9	"elementary that the subject matter jurisdiction of the district court is not a waivable matter and	
10	may be raised at anytime by one of the parties, by motion or in the responsive pleadings, or <i>sua</i>	
11	sponte by the trial or reviewing court." Emrich v. Touche Ross & Co., 846 F.2d 1190, 1194 n.2	
12	(9th Cir. 1988).	
13	From a review of the Notice of Removal and the state court records provided, it is evident	
14	that the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the instant case, for the following reasons.	
15	✓ No basis for federal question jurisdiction has been identified:	
16 17	✓ The Complaint does not include any claim "arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 1331.	
18	Removing defendant(s) asserts that the affirmative defenses at issue give rise to	
19	federal question jurisdiction, but "the existence of federal jurisdiction depends	
20	solely on the plaintiff's claims for relief and not on anticipated defenses to those claims." <u>ARCO Envtl. Remediation, L.L.C. v. Dept. of Health and Envtl. Quality</u> ,	
21	213 F.3d 1108, 1113 (9th Cir. 2000). An "affirmative defense based on federal law" does not "render[] an action brought in state court removable." <u>Berg v. Leason</u> , 32	
22	F.3d 422, 426 (9th Cir. 1994). A "case may not be removed to federal court on the	
23	basis of a federal defense even if the defense is anticipated in the plaintiff's complaint, and even if both parties admit that the defense is the only question truly	
24	at issue in the case." <u>Franchise Tax Bd. v. Construction Laborers Vacation Trust</u> , 463 U.S. 1, 14 (1983).	
25		
26	The underlying action is an unlawful detainer proceeding, arising under and governed by the laws of the State of California.	
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1	Diversity jurisdiction is lacking:	
2	Every defendant is not alleged to be diverse from every plaintiff. 28 U.S.C. §	
3	1332(a).	
4	The Complaint does not allege damages in excess of \$75,000, and removing defendant(s) has not plausibly alleged that the amount in controversy requirement	
5	has been met. Id.; see Dart Cherokee Basin Operating Co., LLC v. Owens, No.	
6	13-719, 2014 WL 7010692, at *6 (U.S. Dec. 15, 2014).	
7 8	The underlying unlawful detainer action is a limited civil action that does not exceed \$25,000.	
9	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this matter be, and hereby is, REMANDED to the Superior	
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11	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
12	Teny Y. Valler, fre	
13	Date: June 28, 2017	
14	United States District Judge	
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