1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	John R. Parker, Jr California Bar No. 257761 ALMEIDA LAW GROUP LLC 3550 Watt Avenue, Suite 140 Sacramento, California 95821 Telephone: (916) 616-2936 jrparker@almeidalawgroup.com Matthew J. Langley California Bar No. 342846 ALMEIDA LAW GROUP LLC 849 W. Webster Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60614 Telephone: (312) 576-3024 matt@almeidalawgroup.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs & the Proposed Class [Additional counsel listed on signature page	Amy P. Lally (SBN 198555) SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 1999 Avenue of the Stars, 17th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067 Telephone: (310) 595-9500 Fax: (310) 595-9501 alally@sidley.com Ian M. Ross (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 1001 Brickell Bay Drive, Suite 900 Miami, FL 33131 Telephone: (305) 391-5100 Fax: (305) 391-5101 iross@sidley.com Attorneys for Defendant Walgreen Co. ge]
12	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
13	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
14	R.C. and T.S., individually and on	Case No. 5:23-cv-01933-JGB-SPx
15	behalf of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff,	Assigned to: Hon. Jesus G. Bernal
16	v.	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
17	WALGREEN CO. d/b/a	
18	WALGREENS, an Illinois Corporation,	
19	Defendant.	
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	[PROPOSED] STIPULA	TED PROTECTIVE ORDER
		Dockets.Justia.con

This Stipulated Protective Order ("Order") is meant to govern the use of, and protect from public disclosure, any non-public and confidential or proprietary or private information used or disclosed in this litigation.

A.

PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

1. Discovery in this Action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the Parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The Parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

B. <u>GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT</u>

This Action is likely to involve trade secrets, customer and pricing lists and other valuable research, development, commercial, financial, technical and/or proprietary information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecution of this Action is warranted. Such confidential and proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, or other confidential research, development, or commercial information (including information implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case

decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to 1 facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, 2 to adequately protect information the Parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure 3 that the Parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation 4 for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and 5 serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this 6 matter. It is the intent of the Parties that information will not be designated as 7 8 confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is 9 good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case. 10

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DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply for purposes of this Order:

2.1 <u>Action</u>: the above-captioned pending federal lawsuit.

14 2.2 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation
15 of information or items under this Order.

16 2.3 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of
17 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection
18 under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), or other federal or state laws, rules or
19 regulations.

2.4 <u>Counsel</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and In-House Counsel (as well as their employees and support staff).

2.5 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates documents, information, or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."

25 2.6 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of
26 the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
27 among other things, testimony, transcripts, answers to interrogatories, documents,
28 responses to request for admissions, informal exchanges of information, and tangible

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things), that are produced or generated in connection with any disclosure in this Action, whether formally or informally.

2.7 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness, technical advisor, or consultant in this Action (as well as his or her employees and support staff).

2.8 <u>In-House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a Party to this Action. In-House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

2.9 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity not named as a Party to this Action, and their counsel.

2.10 <u>Outside Counsel of Record</u>: attorneys who are not employees of a Party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a Party to this Action and have appeared in this Action on behalf of that Party or are affiliated with a law firm or governmental agency which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

2.11 <u>Party</u>: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

2.12 <u>Privileged Material:</u> Disclosure or Discovery Material protected from disclosure under the attorney-client privilege, work product doctrine, or any other privilege or protection afforded or recognized by Rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Rule 501 of the Federal Rules of Evidence or private or protected information pursuant to state or federal laws, rules, or regulations.

5 2.13 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
6 Discovery Material in this Action.

27 2.14 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support
 28 services (e.g., court-reporting, photocopying, videotaping, providing graphic support

services, coding, translating, hosting or reviewing documents, preparing exhibits or
 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and
 their employees and subcontractors.

2.15 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL."

2.16 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. <u>SCOPE</u>

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, translations, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any oral, written, or electronic communications, testimony or presentations, including for purposes of settlement, by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

4. <u>DURATION</u>

Once a case proceeds to trial, all of the information that was designated as confidential or maintained pursuant to this protective order becomes public and will be presumptively available to all members of the public, including the press, unless compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings to proceed otherwise are made to the trial judge in advance of the trial. *See Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1180-81 (9th Cir. 2006) (distinguishing "good cause" showing for sealing documents produced in discovery from "compelling reasons" standard when merits-related documents are part of court record). Accordingly, the terms of this protective order do not extend beyond the commencement of the trial.

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise

in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

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DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. To the extent it is practical to do so, the Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (*see, e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter "CONFIDENTIAL legend"), to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL legend" to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in depositions, that the Designating Party identify the
Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition, all
protected testimony, or do so within 15 days of receipt of the transcript of the
proceeding, with the testimony and transcript treated as confidential until such time.
The Designating Party may request of a court reporter that transcript pages containing
Confidential Information be separately bound with the CONFIDENTIAL Legend
affixed to the relevant pages.

(c) for documents produced in native format, the Electronically Stored
Information Protocol, or ESI Protocol, to be entered in this Action shall govern the
form and method for marking such documents as Confidential. If only a portion or

portions of the document warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent 2 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

(d)for tangible items, the CONFIDENTIAL Legend shall be marked on the face of the tangible item or the container in which the information and item is stored. If only a portion or portions of the item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

for information produced in some form other than documentary and for (e) any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

13 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the 14 Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material and 15 such materials shall be treated as Confidential upon written notice by the Producing 16 17 Party. The Producing Party shall timely re-produce the information or items with the 18 appropriate designations (and, if applicable, using the same Bates number as the original production). Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party 19 20 must make reasonable efforts to return all copies of the information or items produced 21 without designation and assure that the material is treated in accordance with the 22 provisions of this Order.

23 5.4 Pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of a privileged or work product-protected document does not waive privilege or protection from discovery in 24 25 this case or in any other federal or state proceeding.

CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

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Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a 6.1 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.

6.2 Form of Challenges. The Challenging Party shall object to the propriety of the designation of specific material as Confidential by providing written notice to the Designating Party of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each challenge. The Designating Party or its counsel shall within 10 calendar days respond to such challenge in writing by either: (1) agreeing to remove the designation(s); or (2) stating the reasons it contends the designation or designations are proper.

6.3 Meet and Confer. If the Designating Party does not agree to remove the designation(s) and the Challenging Party continues to dispute the designation(s) at issue, the Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process under Local Rule 37.1 et seq. Any challenge submitted to the Court shall be via a joint stipulation pursuant to Local Rule 37-2.

Judicial Intervention. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge 6.4 proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all Parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation unless and until the Court orders otherwise.

7.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such 27 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the

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conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving 1 Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION). 2 3 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location 4 and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized 5 under this Order.

Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless 7.2 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well 10 (a) as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary 12 to disclose the information for this Action;

the officers, directors, and employees (including In-House Counsel) of 13 (b)14 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

15 (c)Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party or the Receiving Party's Counsel to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who 16 have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 17

(d) the Court and its personnel, and any appellate court or other court (and their personnel) before which the Parties appear in this Action;

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(e) court reporters and their staff;

professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional (f) 22 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have 23 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a 24 (g) 25 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information or who 26 was entitled to possess or know the information;

(h) potential or actual witnesses in the Action to whom disclosure if
 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
 Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(i)

special masters or discovery referees appointed by the Court;

(j) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order;

(k) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions;

(1) relevant employees of any insurer or auditor to a Party to the extent
that such disclosure is reasonably necessary for the defense of that Party in this Action
and who have signed the "Agreement To Be Bound By Protective Order" (Exhibit A);
and

(m) any other person to whom the Designating Party, in writing, authorizesdisclosure.

8. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED</u> <u>PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION</u>

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party must:

(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this Action as "CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its Protected Material, and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

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A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

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(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party, if requested.

(c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14 calendar days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's Protected Material responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this Court of its Protected Material.

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10. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

15 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this 16 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in 17 18 writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or 19 persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, 20 (d) return all authorized copies of the Protected Material to the Designating Party no 21 22 later than upon receipt such unauthorized copies, and (e) request such person or 23 persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is 24 attached hereto as Exhibit A.

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11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,

the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure 2 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior 3 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the 4 Parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or 5 6 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the Parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to 7 8 the Court.

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12. **MISCELLANEOUS**

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. Any Party, entity or person covered by this Order may at any time apply to the Court for relief from any provision of this Order.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this 14 Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to 15 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this 16 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any 17 18 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any 19 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may 20 21 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific 22 Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is 23 denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the Court. 24

25 12.4 Inspecting Certificates (Exhibit A). Except in the event of a good-faith claim of violation of this Order, the Parties agree not to request copies of the signed 26 certificates (attached hereto in their unexecuted form as Exhibit A) or to determine the 27 identities of the persons signing them. 28

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13. FINAL DISPOSITION

After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in paragraph 4, within 60 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any originals, copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product (including all emails attaching or referring to Protected Materials), and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain or reflect the content of Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate
measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary
sanctions.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

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27 Dated: September 23, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

1	<u>/s/ Amy P. Lally</u> Amy P. Lally (SBN 198555)
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	16
	[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

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2	
3	John R. Parker, Jr. (California Bar No. 257761) ALMEIDA LAW GROUP LLC
4	ALMEIDA LAW GROUP LLC 3550 Watt Avenue, Suite 140
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6	
7	Attorneys for Plaintiffs & the Putative Classes
8	* Pro Hac Vice granted
9	
10	
11	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.
12	The start
13	DATED: September 25, 2024 Hon. Sheri Pym
14	Hon. Sheri Pym United States Magistrate Judge
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	[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1	SIGNATURE ATTESTATION	
2	I am the CM/ECF filer whose identification and password are being used to file	
3	the foregoing [Proposed] Stipulated Protective Order. In compliance with Civil Local	
4	Rule 5-4.3.4(a)(2), I hereby attest that every signatory has concurred in this filing.	
5		
6	Datadi Santamban 22, 2024 /s/ Anni D. Lallin	
7	Dated: September 23, 2024/s/ Amy P. LallyMay P. Lally	
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	[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER	

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I, [print or type full name], of
4	[print or type full address], declare
5	under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated
6	Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central
7	District of California on[date] in the case of R.C. and T.S. v.
8	Walgreen Co., Case No. 5:23-cv-01933. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all
9	the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, and I understand and acknowledge that
10	failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of
11	contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information
12	or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except
13	in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
14	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court
15	for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
16	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after
17	termination of this Action.
18	Date:
19	City and State where sworn and signed:
20	
21	Printed name:
22	
23	Signature:
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	19 4878-6954-4403v.5
	^{4878-6954-4403V.5} [PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER