ny-885785

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## Plaintiffs Don Henley, Mike Campbell and Danny Kortchmar bring this First Amended Complaint against Defendants Charles S. DeVore and Justin Hart, and allege as follows:

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## INTRODUCTION

- This action arises out of the wholesale appropriation and exploitation by 1. Defendants DeVore and Hart of the well-known and valuable songs "The Boys of Summer," written by Plaintiffs Don Henley and Mike Campbell, and "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," written by Plaintiff Danny Kortchmar. Defendants' infringing conduct is unauthorized, brazenly willful, and pursued solely in order to promote DeVore and Hart's personal and professional agenda.
- Openly flouting Henley and Campbell's intellectual property rights, DeVore 2. and Hart copied almost all of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical composition, "The Boys of Summer," note for note and, altering the lyrics to suit their own purpose and, using a recorded performance of the work to mimic the original Henley recording, produced and distributed a video featuring Henley and Campbell's song (the "Boys of Summer Video"). DeVore and Hart's avowed aim in doing this was to use the Boys of Summer Video to promote DeVore's campaign for the Republican nomination for the U.S. Senate in 2010.
- 3. To this end, DeVore and Hart posted the infringing Boys of Summer Video on the popular online video site YouTube and elsewhere, publicized their efforts through multiple media outlets, and encouraged others to make infringing videos of Henley and Campbell's work as well.
- Henley caused a notice to be sent to YouTube requesting YouTube to remove 4. the infringing Boys of Summer Video pursuant to the Digital Millennium Copyright Act ("DMCA"), 17 U.S.C. § 512, and the Boys of Summer Video was

- 5. Further, just days after being informed that Henley objected to their infringing use of "The Boys of Summer," DeVore and Hart appropriated and exploited yet another famous song, "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," which was written by Kortchmar and is widely associated with Henley, who recorded it. As they did with "The Boys of Summer," DeVore and Hart fashioned "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" into a campaign advertisement video (the "Dance Video") (together with the Boys of Summer Video, the "Infringing Videos"). Again, DeVore and Hart reproduced a lengthy note for note rendition of the musical composition, altering the lyrics to suit their own purpose and, using a recorded performance of the work to mimic the original Henley recording, produced and distributed this second video.
- 6. In making and distributing the Infringing Videos, DeVore and Hart willfully and intentionally appropriated Henley's, Campbell's and Kortchmar's exclusive rights, as well as Henley's goodwill, identity and persona by using well-known songs associated with him, one almost immediately after another, in what are essentially campaign fundraising videos. Such close identification of Henley with DeVore's fundraising efforts is an egregious, intentional, false association that must be stopped.
- 7. Henley, who carefully selects the particular causes he wishes to endorse and selectively licenses his exclusive copyrights, did not authorize DeVore or Hart to use his copyrighted musical work, does not endorse DeVore's campaign and does not wish his name or work to be associated with DeVore or the DeVore campaign.

Nor did Campbell or Kortchmar authorize their copyrighted work to be used by or associated with DeVore or DeVore's campaign.

8. In bringing this action, Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar seek (i) a declaration that DeVore and Hart have infringed Henley's, Campbell's and Kortchmar's rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*, and Henley's rights under the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 *et seq.* and California Business & Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*, (ii) preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to halt DeVore and Hart's continuing violation of Plaintiffs' intellectual property rights, (iii) damages, and (iv) attorneys' fees and costs.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 9. This action arises under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*, the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 *et seq.*, and California Business & Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*
- 10. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a) and (b).
- 11. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 12. This Court has personal jurisdiction over DeVore and Hart. On information and belief, DeVore resides in and maintains his campaign office in Irvine, California, within this District. On information and belief both DeVore and Hart conduct continuous and systematic business in the state of California and this District.
- 13. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(a) because DeVore and Hart or their agents may be found in this District and because they are subject to personal jurisdiction in this District.

## **PARTIES**

14. Plaintiff Don Henley is a songwriter and recording artist. He is a resident of Dallas, Texas.

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15. At all times relevant to the allegations in the complaint, Henley has been and remains the co-owner of the copyright to "The Boys of Summer." In addition to using his own name, Henley has used the fictitious business names (or "d/b/as") Cass County Music and/or Woody Creek Music in relation to his copyright interests in "The Boys of Summer" and other musical compositions he has written and co-

16. Plaintiff Mike Campbell is a songwriter, recording artist, and producer. He is a resident of Los Angeles, California.

17. At all times relevant to the allegations in the complaint, Campbell has been and remains the co-owner of the copyright to "The Boys of Summer." In addition to using his own name, Campbell has used the fictitious business name (or "d/b/a") Wild Gator Music in relation to his copyright interests in "The Boys of Summer" and other musical compositions he has written and co-written.

18. Plaintiff Danny Kortchmar is a songwriter, recording artist, and producer. He is a resident of Connecticut.

19. At all times relevant to the allegations in the complaint, Kortchmar has been the copyright owner or beneficial copyright owner of "All She Wants to Do Is Dance." In addition to using his own name, Kortchmar has used the fictitious business name (or "d/b/a") Kortchmar Music in relation to his copyright interests in "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" and other musical compositions he has written and co-written.

- 20. On information and belief, Defendant DeVore is a California State
  Assemblyman residing in Irvine, California. DeVore is now conducting a
  campaign for the Republican nomination for the U.S. Senate seat currently held by
  U.S. Senator Barbara Boxer. DeVore maintains an office at 3 Park Plaza, Suite
  275, Irvine, California 92614 and a mailing address for his campaign at 4790 Irvine
  Boulevard, Suite 105-191, Irvine, California 92620.
  - 21. On information and belief, Defendant Hart, a resident of Virginia, is employed by DeVore as the Director of Internet Strategies and New Media for DeVore's California-based campaign. In this capacity, Hart travels to California and engages in business in California.

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 22. Henley and Campbell are the authors and copyright owners of "The Boys of Summer," which has been registered with the United States Copyright Office, registration number PA 231-596. On the copyright registration certificate, Henley is shown to be the co-author of "The Boys of Summer" as well as a copyright co-claimant for the song under his fictitious business name, "Cass County Music." Similarly, Campbell is shown to be the co-author of the song as well as a co-claimant under his fictitious business name, "Wild Gator Music."
- 23. Kortchmar is the author and original copyright owner of "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," which has been registered with the United States Copyright Office, registration number PA 237-015. On the copyright registration certificate, Kortchmar is shown to be the author of "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" as well as the copyright claimant for the song under his fictitious business name, "Kortchmar Music."

- 24. In or about April 1992, Kortchmar assigned legal title to the copyright in "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" to WB Music Corporation c/o Warner/Chappell Music, Inc. ("Warner/Chappell"). Under his agreement with Warner/Chappell, Kortchmar is entitled to receive royalties for the exploitation of "All She Wants to Do Is Dance." Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 501(b), Kortchmar, as the beneficial owner of exclusive rights in the copyright to "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," is entitled to institute an action for infringement of that song.

  25. Henley, a preeminent songwriter and recording artist, is a founding member
  - 25. Henley, a preeminent songwriter and recording artist, is a founding member and lead singer of the Eagles, the band credited with recording the largest-selling album ever in the United States. Henley co-wrote all ten of the Eagles' top ten hits and was the lead singer for many of them.
  - 26. In addition to his extraordinary success as a member of the Eagles, Henley has also had a remarkable solo career. His multi-platinum solo album *Building the Perfect Beast*, released in 1984, included the hit song, "The Boys of Summer," in which the singer reminisces on his love for a woman during summer days. That song earned Henley a Grammy Award in 1985. The same album also included the hit song, "All She Wants to Do Is Dance."
  - 27. Campbell, a prominent songwriter, recording artist, and producer, is a founding member of the rock band Tom Petty and the Heartbreakers. In addition to his work with Henley and Tom Petty, he has co-written songs that have been recorded by other popular artists, including the Dixie Chicks, Stevie Nicks and John Prine. He has co-produced a series of top-selling albums for Tom Petty and has also acted as a producer for Stevie Nicks, Roy Orbison and Del Shannon.
- 28. Kortchmar is a highly successful songwriter, recording artist, and producer. In addition to his work with Henley, he has written and co-written songs that have been recorded by other well-known artists, including James Taylor, Jackson

Browne, and Crosby, Stills & Nash. He has also performed and recorded songs with these artists, as well as Ringo Star and Bon Jovi. As a producer, Kortchmar has worked with Neil Young, Hall & Oates, James Taylor, Bon Jovi, Stevie Nicks, Billy Joel, and others.

29. At no time has DeVore or Hart obtained a license, authorization, or other permission to exploit "The Boys of Summer" or "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" in the manner described herein or to capitalize on Henley's celebrity or reputation as a songwriter and recording artist for the purpose of promoting DeVore's political aspirations. Indeed, Henley has a longstanding practice of denying requests to license his works for political or religious causes.

30. DeVore maintains an online presence for his Senate campaign through a variety of Internet applications, including his Facebook.com page, a Twitter.com page, and several other websites, such as http://www.ChuckDeVore.com, http://tweetforchuck.com/tweet2 and http://www.Chuck76.com. DeVore also contributes a web-log through the website http://bighollywood.breitbart.com/cdevore.

31. As described in a January 30, 2009 article in *The Wall Street Journal*, DeVore frequently uses the Internet as a fundraising source. According to the article, such online fundraising efforts are led by Hart.

32. On or about April 1, 2009, DeVore posted an article on the website "Andrew Breitbart Presents Big Hollywood" ("Big Hollywood"). In this article, DeVore published a set of lyrics to accompany the music of Henley and Campbell's song, "The Boys of Summer." DeVore's lyrics do not comment on the style, technique, genre, or subject matter of Henley and Campbell's song; instead, they address the actions of President Barack Obama.

1 33. In the same April 1 "Big Hollywood" article, DeVore included a link to the Boys of Summer Video posted by Hart that reproduces Henley and Campbell's 2 song, as sung by Hart, and encouraged others to make their own infringing videos 3 as well. The Boys of Summer Video, titled "A Special Message from Chuck 4 DeVore," consists of a spoken introduction by Hart, followed by a full-length, 5 verse-by-verse rendition of Henley and Campbell's song that reproduces, note for 6 note, almost all of the music Henley and Campbell wrote for the song, mimics 7 Henley's recorded performance of "The Boys of Summer" music, and substitutes 8 DeVore's lyrics for Henley and Campbell's. This unauthorized use of Henley and 9 Campbell's copyrighted work is synchronized with a series of photographic images 10 of DeVore, Hart and President Barack Obama, among others. 11 12 Hart's introduction, spoken over the well-known opening bars of Henley and 34. 13

- 34. Hart's introduction, spoken over the well-known opening bars of Henley and Campbell's work, explains the purpose of the Boys of Summer Video as follows: "Hi, this is Justin Hart. I'm Director of Internet Strategies and New Media for the Chuck DeVore Campaign. And we want to thank you, the thousands of supporters of Chuck DeVore, in his bid for the U.S. Senate. And to show you our appreciation, Chuck has prepared a very serious exposition on the financial crisis and political realities of our day under President Barack Obama."
- 35. At the conclusion of the Boys of Summer Video, with the instrumental recording of Henley and Campbell's song still playing, a DeVore campaign ad slogan appears: "Time for Chuck DeVore." Beneath the slogan, there is a standard campaign ad notice that the video has been "paid for by DeVore for California," even though no payment has been made to, nor permission sought from, Henley and Campbell for the music in the video, to which they own the rights.
- 36. On information and belief, DeVore and/or Hart arranged to post the Boys of Summer Video on YouTube, from which it was linked to other websites such as

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- DeVore's page on the popular Facebook site. Additionally, on information and belief, by posting the Boys of Summer Video to another online host service, Hipcast.com, DeVore and/or Hart arranged to make the Boys of Summer Video available as a link through still more online sources used by DeVore to publicize and generate support for his campaign.
- 37. Henley and Campbell's song and the associated instrumental track are used throughout the entire Boys of Summer Video, including during the promotional messages for DeVore's campaign. Viewers accessing the Boys of Summer Video through YouTube or by other means who are familiar with Henley and Campbell's well-known song could easily conclude that "The Boys of Summer" was used by DeVore and Hart with permission, even though Henley and Campbell did not, and would not, authorize the use of their song for this purpose. Viewers might also conclude that Henley and Campbell are political supporters or sponsors of DeVore, which they are not.
- Concerned about this unauthorized and damaging use of his song, Henley 38. directed that a takedown notice be sent to YouTube on or about April 3, 2009. pursuant to the DMCA, 17 U.S.C. § 512, asking that the Boys of Summer Video be removed. On information and belief, YouTube responded to the notice by removing the Boys of Summer Video from its service.
- 39. On information and belief, on or about April 7, 2008, DeVore and/or Hart sent a DMCA counter-notice to YouTube requesting that the Boys of Summer Video be reposted.
- 40. On or about April 8, 2009, YouTube sent notice to Henley's counsel, explaining that as a result of the DMCA counter-notice, YouTube would wait ten days for confirmation that Henley had filed an action seeking a court order to restrain the infringing activities of DeVore and Hart. In the notice, YouTube

further explained that if it did not receive notice of such a suit within ten days, YouTube would reinstate the material to YouTube.

41. Additionally, on or about April 7, 2009, DeVore posted another article on the "Big Hollywood" site. In this article, DeVore observed that the Boys of Summer Video had been taken down from YouTube due to a notice of infringement. In an apparent dismissal of and reaction to Henley's efforts to protect his intellectual property rights — and apparently ignoring the fact that a "parody" involves criticism of a particular work, not of the person who created it or of a third party — DeVore stated: "And, it goes without saying that I'll now be looking for every opportunity to turn any Don Henley work I can into a parody of any left tilting politician who deserves it . . . ."

42. Notwithstanding his knowledge of Henley's claim of infringement concerning the Boys of Summer Video, DeVore included in the April 7 article a link to a different website where the Boys of Summer Video could continue to be accessed, http://www.chuck76.com/nov. On information and belief, this posting of the Boys of Summer Video was hosted by an online service provider used by DeVore and/or Hart, Hipcast.com.

43. In addition to being able to view the Boys of Summer Video, a user who clicked on the link supplied by DeVore in the April 7 post and then attempted to navigate from the video to www.chuck76.com was automatically redirected to a DeVore fundraising page captioned "SUPPORT Chuck DeVore for US Senate," at http://tweetforchuck.com/tweet2.

44. On or about April 14, 2009, Henley's counsel sent a takedown notice to Hipcast.com. On or about April 15, 2009, Hipcast.com notified counsel for Henley that it would arrange for the Boys of Summer Video to be taken down or disabled, and the video was removed from the Hipcast site.

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- 1 45. Also on or about April 14, 2009, DeVore made good on his threat to commit additional acts of infringement based upon Henley's creative work. To this end, 2 DeVore and Hart produced a new video, the Dance Video, incorporating almost the 3 entirety of the song "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," written by Kortchmar and 4 recorded by Henley, to further DeVore's political ambitions. 5
  - The Dance Video is devoted to a critique of the alleged tax policies of 46. Senator Barbara Boxer – a centerpiece of DeVore's campaign – and concludes with an invitation to visit DeVore's website. Far from being a parody of Kortchmar's work, it does not address or comment on the style or substance of Kortchmar's song at all, but rather simply employs his well-known music as a vehicle to present a campaign message for DeVore. Indeed, Defendants have characterized the Dance Video as a "parody of Barbara Boxer's penchant to raise taxes again and again" that was "[c]reated for the tax day tea parties by Assemblyman Chuck DeVore, candidate for U.S. Senate in 2010."
  - Like the Boys of Summer Video, the Dance Video consists of a lengthy note 47. for note rendition of the music Kortchmar wrote and Henley famously performed, but substituting DeVore's lyrics for Kortchmar's. This unauthorized use of Kortchmar's copyrighted work is synchronized with a series of photographic images of DeVore, Senator Boxer and Al Gore, among others. At the conclusion of the Dance Video, as the instrumental recording of Kortchmar's song comes to a close, the message "Visit ChuckDeVore.com" appears. On information and belief, chuckdevore.com is a website operated by Devore's campaign, which, among other things, solicits campaign contributions.
  - 48. On information and belief, DeVore and/or Hart arranged to post the Dance Video on YouTube and Hipcast.com, from which it was linked to other websites, such as DeVore's Facebook page and www.chuck76.com/tax.

- 49. On or about April 16, 2008, the day before this action was filed,
- 2 Warner/Chappell, as the assignee of Kortchmar's copyright, sent a notice to
- 3 YouTube pursuant to the DMCA, 17 U.S.C. § 512, requesting that the Dance Video
- 4 be removed.
- 50. On information and belief, YouTube responded to the notice by removing the Dance Video from its service.
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8 51. On information or belief, on or about July 17, 2009, barely over a week after

On or about July 23, 2009, Plaintiffs' counsel contacted YouTube, copying

counsel for DeVore and Hart. Plaintiffs' counsel explained that the Dance Video

was the subject of Lanham Act false association and state law unfair competition

counsel asked that YouTube refrain from reposting the Dance Video until there has

Despite this communication, on or about August 5, 2009, the Dance Video

was again made available on YouTube. This time, however, the following message

claims in an action currently pending in federal court. Accordingly, Plaintiffs'

- 9 this Court's denial of Defendants' motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' Lanham Act and
- 10 unfair competition claims (now counts seven and eight of this First Amended
- 11 Complaint), DeVore and/or Hart sent a DMCA counter-notice to YouTube
- 12 requesting that the Dance Video be reposted.

been a judicial determination of these claims.

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- 22 was added to the opening of the video: "Don Henley did not approve this message.
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- 54. On August 5, 2009, DeVore wrote on http://twitter.com/chuckdevore, "The video Eagles Don Henley sued us [on] to prevent you from seeing is back up on

Don Henley not only didn't approve this message, he doesn't approve of Chuck

DeVore or any of Chuck DeVore's message. The feeling is mutual."

YouTube!" That same day, on the same site, DeVore wrote "The video about

Obama is still in court, Henley had no legit copyright claim on the 2d – only threats. We stared him down."

- 55. In addition to taking valuable copyrighted works and repurposing them for their own interests, it is apparent that DeVore and Hart are attempting to capitalize on Henley's fame and popularity as a hit songwriter and recording artist to advance their personal and professional agenda.
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56. Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar do not wish to have their creative works used as part of DeVore's political campaign, or in videos to promote his campaign. They do not want the public to believe that they might be associated with or endorse the social or political views of DeVore.

57. The further exploitation of "The Boys of Summer" and "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" by DeVore and Hart in the above-described manner, and the wide public dissemination of the Infringing Videos by YouTube and other online sources, will cause the creative work of Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar to become associated with DeVore and Hart in the public mind.

58. Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar derive substantial income and economic value from licensed uses of their copyrighted musical compositions "The Boys of Summer" and "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," and Henley from his recorded performances of these songs.

59. The association of Henley's, Campbell's and Kortchmar's works with DeVore's campaign and views will make them less attractive to be licensed for other legitimate, income-producing purposes, such as for film, television and commercials.

60. Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar have been irreparably harmed by the actions of DeVore and Hart, and will continue to be so harmed if DeVore and Hart

are not enjoined from further using and exploiting "The Boys of Summer" and "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," from the infringement of copyright in any additional songs owned by Henley, Campbell and/or Kortchmar that DeVore and Hart may choose to appropriate, and from engaging in further conduct that falsely suggests an association between Henley and his creative works, on the one hand, and DeVore, Hart and the DeVore campaign, on the other.

## FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (DIRECT COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT)

## (By Henley and Campbell)

- 61. Henley and Campbell repeat and reallege each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 to 60 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 62. DeVore and Hart's unauthorized reproduction of, preparation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work "The Boys of Summer" in the Boys of Summer Video infringe Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights in violation of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq*.
- 63. Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public and public performance of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work constitutes an individual act of infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq*.
- 64. DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, and with full knowledge of Henley and Campbell's copyright interests and the infringement thereof.

- 65. The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, direct infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights in "The Boys of Summer."
- 66. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore and Hart's infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights, Henley and Campbell are entitled to recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively, at Henley and Campbell's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), they shall be entitled to their actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from infringement, as will be proven at trial.
- 67. DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue to cause, Henley and Campbell irreparable harm for which they have no adequate remedy at law.
- 68. Henley and Campbell are further entitled to their attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law.

#### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (CONTRIBUTORY COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT)

## (By Henley and Campbell)

- 69. Henley and Campbell repeat and reallege each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 to 68 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 70. Through their conduct alleged herein, DeVore and Hart knowingly and systematically induced, caused, materially contributed to and participated in the infringement of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work "The Boys of Summer."
- 71. Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public and public performance of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work

constitutes an individual act of infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.

- 72. DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, and with full knowledge of Henley and Campbell's copyright interests and the infringement thereof.
- 73. The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, contributory infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights in "The Boys of Summer."
- 74. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore and Hart's infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights, Henley and Campbell are entitled to recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively, at Henley and Campbell's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), Henley and Campbell shall be entitled to their actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from infringement, as will be proven at trial.
- 75. DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue to cause, Henley and Campbell irreparable harm for which they have no adequate remedy at law.
- 76. Henley and Campbell are further entitled to their attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law.

#### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (VICARIOUS COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT)

(By Henley and Campbell)

77. Henley and Campbell repeat and reallege each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 to 76 above as if fully set forth herein.

- 78. On information and belief, DeVore and Hart have and had the right and ability to control the unauthorized reproduction and/or adaptation of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work "The Boys of Summer" and the unauthorized distribution to the public and public performance of the Boys of Summer Video incorporating such work, to the extent that these activities relate to DeVore's Senate campaign.
- 79. On information and belief, DeVore and Hart received a direct financial and economic benefit from the Boys of Summer Video by, among other things, receiving media exposure and additional campaign contributions.
- 80. Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public and public performance of Henley and Campbell's copyrighted musical work constitutes an individual act of infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq*.
- 81. DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, and with full knowledge of Henley and Campbell's copyright interests and the infringement thereof.
- 82. The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, vicarious infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights in "The Boys of Summer."
- 83. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore and Hart's infringement of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights, Henley and Campbell are entitled to recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively, at Henley and Campbell's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), Henley and Campbell shall be entitled to their actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from infringement, as will be proven at trial.

- DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue 84. to cause, Henley and Campbell irreparable harm for which they have no adequate remedy at law.
  - 85. Henley and Campbell are further entitled to their attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law.

## FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (DIRECT COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT)

## (By Kortchmar)

- Kortchmar repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in 86. paragraphs 1 to 85 above as if fully set forth herein.
- DeVore and Hart's unauthorized reproduction of, preparation of a derivative 87. work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of Kortchmar's copyrighted musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" in the Dance Video infringes Kortchmar's exclusive rights in violation of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.
- Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public 88. and public performance of Kortchmar's copyrighted musical work constitutes an individual act of infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.
- DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, 89. and with full knowledge of Kortchmar's copyright interests and the infringement thereof.
- 90. The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, direct infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights in "All She Wants to Do Is Dance."

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91. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore	
and Hart's infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights, Kortchmar is entitled to	
recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively	
at Kortchmar's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), he shall be entitled to his	
actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from infringement, as will be	
proven at trial.	

- DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue e, Kortchmar irreparable harm for which he has no adequate remedy at law.
- Kortchmar is further entitled to his attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to .C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law.

#### FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (CONTRIBUTORY COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT)

## (By Kortchmar)

- Kortchmar repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in aphs 1 to 93 above as if fully set forth herein.
- Through their conduct alleged herein, DeVore and Hart knowingly and 95. systematically induced, caused, materially contributed to and participated in the infringement of Kortchmar's copyrighted musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance."
- Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public 96. and public performance of Kortchmar's copyrighted musical work constitutes an individual act of infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.

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DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, 1 97. and with full knowledge of Kortchmar's copyright interests and the infringement 2 thereof. 3 4 The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, contributory 98. 5 infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights in "All She Wants to Do Is Dance." 6 7 99. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore and Hart's infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights, Kortchmar is entitled to 8 recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively, 9 at Kortchmar's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), Kortchmar shall be 10 entitled to his actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from 11 infringement, as will be proven at trial. 12 13 100. DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue 14 to cause, Kortchmar irreparable harm for which he has no adequate remedy at law. 15 101. Kortchmar is further entitled to his attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 16 17 U.S.C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law. 17 18 SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 19 (VICARIOUS COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT) 20 (By Kortchmar) 21 22 102. Kortchmar repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in 23 paragraphs 1 to 101 above as if fully set forth herein. 24 103. On information and belief, DeVore and Hart have and had the right and 25 ability to control the unauthorized reproduction and/or adaptation of Kortchmar's 26 copyrighted musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" and the unauthorized 27

- distribution to the public and public performance of the Dance Video incorporating such work, to the extent that these activities relate to DeVore's Senate campaign.
- 104. On information and belief, DeVore and Hart received a direct financial and economic benefit from the Dance Video by, among other things, receiving media exposure and additional campaign contributions.
- 105. Each unauthorized reproduction, derivative work, distribution to the public and public performance of Kortchmar's copyrighted musical work constitutes an individual act of infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq*.
- 106. DeVore and Hart's conduct has been and continues to be intentional, willful, and with full knowledge of Kortchmar's copyright interests and the infringement thereof.
- 107. The foregoing acts by DeVore and Hart constitute willful, vicarious infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights in "All She Wants to Do Is Dance."
- 108. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), as a direct and proximate result of DeVore and Hart's infringement of Kortchmar's exclusive rights, Kortchmar is entitled to recover statutory damages of up to \$150,000 for the work infringed. Alternatively, at Kortchmar's election, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), Kortchmar shall be entitled to his actual damages, including DeVore and Hart's profits from infringement, as will be proven at trial.
- 109. DeVore and Hart are causing and, unless enjoined by the Court, will continue to cause, Kortchmar irreparable harm for which he has no adequate remedy at law.
- 110. Kortchmar is further entitled to his attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, and prejudgment interest according to law.

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#### SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# (FALSE ASSOCIATION OR ENDORSEMENT – 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)) (By Henley)

- 111. Henley repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 to 110 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 112. Henley is one of the world's most famous songwriters and recording artists. The well-known hit song, "The Boys of Summer," for which Henley earned a Grammy Award, is famously associated with Henley and immediately suggests Henley's identity and persona in the mind of the public.
- 113. Similarly, the well-known hit song recorded by Henley, "All She Wants to Do Is Dance," is famously associated with Henley and immediately suggests Henley's identity and persona in the mind of the public.
- 114. DeVore and Hart's use of these two songs in connection with their videos was in commerce, specifically for campaign, publicity and fundraising purposes, and to further DeVore and Hart's interests.
- 115. DeVore and Hart knew or should have known that their unauthorized use of Henley's identity and persona by incorporating well-known songs associated with him in their videos, one almost immediately after another, was likely to cause confusion or mistake by the public regarding whether Henley has endorsed, is affiliated, connected to, or associated with, or has approved of the message and content of, such videos, DeVore and/or DeVore's Senate campaign, in violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).

DeVore and Hart is intended to produce and likely has produced substantial benefits for DeVore and Hart at the expense of Henley.

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122. DeVore and Hart's conduct is likely to deceive the general public and constitutes willful and intentional unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices in violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.

123. Henley has suffered substantial injury as a result of DeVore and Hart's wrongful acts. DeVore and Hart's misconduct also has caused, and is continuing to cause, irreparable injury to Henley, his reputation and goodwill, and unless enjoined will cause further irreparable injury for which Henley has no adequate remedy at law.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Henley, Campbell and Kortchmar pray for relief as follows:

## FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- For a declaration that: 1.
- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and directly infringed the copyright in the musical work "The Boys of Summer" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such work, in violation of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.;
- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and contributorily infringed the copyright in the musical work "The Boys of Summer" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such work, in violation of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.; and

- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and vicariously infringed the copyright in the musical work "The Boys of Summer" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such copyrighted work, in violation of Henley and Campbell's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.;
- For a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining DeVore and 2. Hart and their agents, servants, employees, officers, attorneys, successors, licensees, partners, and assigns, and all persons acting in concert with them:
  - from all further infringing conduct in connection with the Boys of Summer Video;
  - from all further infringement of any copyrighted musical work owned or controlled by Henley and/or Campbell; and
  - requiring removal of the Boys of Summer Video from all places where (c) it has been stored and/or made available and destruction of any and all copies of the Boys of Summer Video;
- For an award of statutory damages to Henley and Campbell pursuant 3. to the Copyright Act in the amount of \$150,000 for the willful infringement of Henley and Campbell's work "The Boys of Summer" or, at Henley and Campbell's election, actual damages and profits as permitted under the Copyright Act, in an amount to be determined at trial;
  - For prejudgment interest according to law; 4.
- For an order awarding Henley and Campbell their attorneys' fees, 5. together with the costs and disbursements of this action; and

For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper. 6.

## FOURTH, FIFTH, AND SIXTH CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- 1. For a declaration that:
- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and directly (a) infringed the copyright in the musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such work, in violation of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.;
- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and (b) contributorily infringed the copyright in the musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such work, in violation of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.; and
- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart have willfully and (c) vicariously infringed the copyright in the musical work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" by their unauthorized reproduction of, creation of a derivative work based upon, distribution to the public of, and public performance of such copyrighted work, in violation of Kortchmar's exclusive rights under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.;
- 2. For a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining DeVore and Hart and their agents, servants, employees, officers, attorneys, successors, licensees, partners, and assigns, and all persons acting in concert with them:

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- (a) from all further infringing conduct in connection with the Dance Video;
- (b) from all further infringement of any copyrighted musical work owned or controlled by Kortchmar; and
- (c) requiring removal of the Dance Video from all places where it has been stored and/or made available and destruction of any and all copies of the Dance Video;
- 3. For an award of statutory damages to Kortchmar pursuant to the Copyright Act in the amount of \$150,000 for the willful infringement of Kortchmar's work "All She Wants to Do Is Dance" or, at Kortchmar's election, actual damages and profits as permitted under the Copyright Act, in an amount to be determined at trial;
  - 4. For prejudgment interest according to law;
- 5. For an order awarding Kortchmar his attorneys' fees, together with the costs and disbursements of this action; and
  - 6. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

## SEVENTH AND EIGHTH CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- 1. For a declaration that:
- (a) through their conduct, DeVore and Hart improperly used Henley's identity and persona by creating the false impression that Henley has endorsed, is affiliated, connected to or associated with, or has approved of the message and views of, the Infringing Videos, DeVore and/or his Senate campaign, in violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a); and

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- through their conduct, DeVore and Hart improperly used Henley's identity and persona by creating the false impression that Henley has endorsed, is affiliated, connected to or associated with, or has approved of the message and views of, the Infringing Videos, DeVore and/or his Senate campaign, in violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;
- For a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining DeVore and 2. Hart and their agents, servants, employees, officers, attorneys, successors, licensees, partners, and assigns, and all persons acting in concert with them:
  - from all further unlawful conduct in connection with the Infringing (a) Videos;
  - from improperly suggesting an association with Henley or his (b) creative works in violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a);
  - from improperly suggesting an association with Henley or his (c) creative works in violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.; and
  - requiring removal of the Infringing Videos from all places where it (d) has been stored and/or made available and destruction of any and all copies of the Infringing Videos;
- For an award of DeVore and Hart's profits and damages according to 3. proof, for their violations of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a), in an amount to be determined at trial;

- - 4. For an award of DeVore and Hart's profits and damages according to proof, for their violations of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq., in an amount to be determined at trial;
    - 5. For prejudgment interest according to law;
  - 6. For an order awarding Henley his attorneys' fees, together with the costs and disbursements of this action; and
    - 7. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

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Filed 09/30/2009

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## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

(Fed. R. Civ. Proc. rule 5(b))

I declare that I am employed with the law firm of Morrison & Foerster LLP, whose address is 555 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024; I am not a party to the within cause; I am over the age of eighteen years and I am readily familiar with Morrison & Foerster's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service and know that in the ordinary course of Morrison & Foerster's business practice the document described below will be deposited with the United States Postal Service on the same date that it is placed at Morrison & Foerster with postage thereon fully prepaid for collection and mailing.

I further declare that on the date hereof I served a copy of:

## FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

on the following by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows for collection and mailing at Morrison & Foerster LLP, 555 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, California 90013-1024, in accordance with Morrison & Foerster's ordinary business practices:

Christopher Arledge John Tehranian One LLP 535 Anton Boulevard, Suite 850 Costa Mesa, California 92626

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct.

Executed at Los Angeles, California, this 30th day of September, 2009.

Rosa L. Beltran (typed)

Joseph Sell (signature)

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