Doc. 9

A. SCHEDULING:

- 1. <u>In General</u>: The last day for hearing on any motion to join other parties or to amend the pleadings shall be specified in the Scheduling Order. All unserved parties shall be dismissed no later than the date set for the Final Pretrial Conference.
- 2. <u>Motions for Summary Judgment or Partial Summary Judgment</u>: Motions for Summary Judgment or Partial Summary Judgment shall be heard no later than the last day for hearing motions, as set forth in the Scheduling Order.
- 3. <u>Settlement Procedures</u>: It is the policy of the Court to encourage disposition of civil litigation by settlement when such is in the best interest of the parties. The Court favors any reasonable means to accomplish this goal. All settlement discussions shall be conducted in compliance with <u>Local Rule 16-15</u>. Consistent with <u>Local Rule 16-15.2</u>, the Scheduling Order establishes a deadline for participation in settlement proceedings. The parties must elect one of the settlement procedures outlined in <u>Local Rule 16-15.4</u>. Note, however, that the parties may not choose a settlement conference before the magistrate judge. If the parties do not timely file a Notice of Settlement Procedure Selection, the Court may order the parties to participate in any of the settlement procedures set forth in the Local Rule.
- 4. **Discovery Cut-Off**: The Scheduling Order establishes a cut-off date for discovery in this action. This is not the date by which discovery requests must be served; it is the date by which all discovery is to be completed. The Court will not approve stipulations between counsel that permit responses to be served after the cut-off date except in extraordinary circumstances.
- 5. <u>Discovery Motions</u>: Any motion respecting the inadequacy of responses to discovery must be filed and served not later than ten (10) days after the discovery cut-off date. Whenever possible, the Court expects counsel to resolve discovery problems among themselves in a courteous, reasonable, and professional manner. The Court expects that

counsel will strictly adhere to the Civility and Professional Guidelines adopted by the United States District Court for the Central District of California.

6. **Expert Discovery**: The above discovery cut-off date includes expert discovery, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

B. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE:

This case has been placed on calendar for a Final Pretrial Conference pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16. Strict compliance with the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules is mandatory. Counsel will lodge carefully prepared Memoranda of Contentions of Fact and Law (which may also serve as the trial briefs) and a Final Pretrial Conference Order in accordance with the provisions of Local Rules 16-4 and 16-7. The Memoranda of Contentions of Fact and Law will be served no later than twenty-one (21) calendar days before the Pretrial Conference. The Final Pretrial Conference Order will be lodged no later than eleven (11) calendar days before the Pretrial Conference Order will be in conformity with the form set forth in Appendix A to the Local Rules.

C. PREPARATION FOR TRIAL AND SCHEDULING EXHIBIT CONFERENCE FRIDAY BEFORE TRIAL

The Court ORDERS that all counsel comply with the following in their preparation for trial:

1. <u>Motions In Limine</u>: All motions *in limine* will be heard at the Pretrial Conference. The purpose of these motions is to alert the Court to significant evidentiary issues that can be addressed and resolved prior to trial. All motions *in limine* must be filed and served in compliance with <u>Local Rule 6-1</u>. Opposition papers must be filed and served in compliance with <u>Local Rule 7-9</u>. Reply papers must be filed and served in compliance with <u>Local Rule 7-10</u>.

- 2. **Statement of the Case (Jury Trials)**: Counsel will prepare a joint statement of the case which will be read by the Court to the prospective panel of jurors prior to the commencement of voir dire. The statement should not be more than two or three paragraphs. The statement will be filed with the Court five (5) court days before the Pretrial Conference.
- 3. <u>Voir Dire (Jury Trials)</u>: At least five (5) court days before the Pretrial Conference, each counsel shall file with the Court any special questions requested to be put to prospective jurors on voir dire.
- 4. <u>Witness Lists</u>: A witness list will be prepared in compliance with <u>Local Rule</u> <u>16-5</u>. The witness list will be filed no later than five (5) court days prior to the Pretrial Conference. Counsel will submit the names of the witnesses in the order that they are expected to testify, and provide, to the extent possible, an accurate estimate of the time needed for each witness for direct, cross, redirect and re-cross. Counsel will also provide a brief summary of each witness' testimony. If more than one witness is offered on the same subject, the summary should be sufficiently detailed to allow the Court to determine if the testimony is cumulative.
- 5. <u>Jury Instructions (Jury Trials)</u>: In a jury trial, jury instructions are to be filed no later than five (5) court days prior to the Pretrial Conference. The parties must submit joint jury instructions. The parties will meet and confer sufficiently in advance of the required submission date, in order to prepare the joint jury instructions. The instructions should be submitted in the order in which the parties wish to have the instructions read. This order should reflect a single organized sequence agreed to by all of the parties.

In the event that agreement cannot be reached, counsel will submit three (3) sets of instructions (with an extra set for the Court's law clerks) in the following format: (1) the agreed upon instructions; (2) the instructions proposed by plaintiff and opposed by defendant; and (3) the instructions proposed by defendant and opposed by plaintiff. In

addition, counsel must submit electronic versions (in Word format) to the Court at the following email address: JST_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov. Instructions upon which agreement cannot be reached should reflect the basic disagreements among the parties as to the law. For disputed instructions, a party should note its objections to a proposed instruction and its reasons for putting forth its alternative on pages placed after its own alternative instruction.

6. **Special Verdict in Jury Trials:** At least five (5) court days prior to the Pretrial Conference, each counsel shall file with the Court any requested special verdict forms.

7. Exhibits and Exhibit Conference:

a. **Exhibit List**: A joint exhibit list will be prepared in compliance with the example below and <u>Local Rule 16-6</u>.

JOINT EXHIBIT LIST							
Case Name:							
Case Number:							
No. of Exhibit	Description	Stip. to Authen.	Stip. to Admiss.	Date Identified	Date Admitted		

The joint exhibit list will contain the information required by F.R.Civ.P. 26(a)(3)(A). The joint exhibit list will be filed no later than five (5) court days prior to the Pretrial Conference. In order to produce the joint exhibit list, the parties will meet and confer sufficiently in advance of the required submission date. As part of the meet and confer process, counsel will stipulate so far as is possible as to foundation, waiver of the best evidence rule, and to those exhibits which may be received into evidence at the start of trial. The exhibits to be so received will be noted on the extra copies of the exhibit lists.

- c. **Exhibit Conference**: AN EXHIBIT CONFERENCE REQUIRING THE ATTENDANCE OF TRIAL COUNSEL WILL BE HELD AT 3:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE THE SCHEDULED TRIAL DATE IN COURTROOM 10A, UNLESS THE COURT ORDERS OTHERWISE. Exhibits are to be submitted to the Courtroom Deputy Clerk at the time of the exhibit conference.
- 8. <u>Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law (Court Trials</u>): For any matter requiring findings of fact and conclusions of law, counsel for each party shall lodge and serve proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law as promptly as possible in compliance with <u>Local Rule 52</u>. In addition, counsel must submit electronic versions (in Word format) to the Court at the following email address:

 JST_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov.

D. ATTORNEY AND PARTY CONDUCT AT TRIAL:

1. **Trial Schedule**: Unless otherwise ordered, trials will be held on Tuesdays through Thursdays from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. with a 15-minute break during each session, and on Fridays from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. with two 15-minute breaks and no lunch recess.

2. **Trial Conduct**:

a. Opening Statements, Examining Witnesses, and Summation

- 1. At the end of each day, counsel presenting his or her case shall advise opposing counsel of the witnesses anticipated the following day with an estimate of the length of direct examination. Opposing counsel shall provide an estimate of the length of cross-examination. Cooperation of counsel will ensure a smooth flow of witnesses. It is the responsibility of all counsel to arrange the appearance of witnesses in order to avoid delay.
- 2. Opening statements, examination of witnesses, and summation will be from the lectern only. Counsel must not consume time by writing out words or drawing charts or diagrams. Counsel may do so in advance and explain that the item was prepared earlier as ordered by the Court to save time.
- 3. The Court will honor reasonable time estimates for opening and closing addresses to the jury.
- 4. In jury trials, where a party has more than one lawyer, only one may conduct the direct or cross-examination of a given witness.
- 5. If a witness is on the stand when a recess is taken, it is counsel's duty to have the witness back on the stand, ready to proceed, when the court session resumes.
- 6. If a witness was on the stand at adjournment, it is counsel's duty to have the witness adjacent to, but not on, the stand, ready to proceed when the court session resumes.
- 7. It is counsel's duty to notify the Courtroom Deputy Clerk in advance if any witness should be accommodated by use of the witness stand's automated platform to accommodate witnesses who otherwise are unable to take the witness stand.

8. The Court attempts to accommodate physicians, scientists, and all other professional witnesses and will, except in extraordinary circumstances, permit them to testify out of sequence. Counsel must anticipate any such possibility and discuss it with opposing counsel. If there is objection, counsel shall confer with the Court in advance.

b. **Objections and General Decorum**

- 1. When objecting, counsel must rise to state the objection and state only that counsel objects and the legal ground of objection. If counsel wishes to argue an objection further, counsel must ask for permission to do so; the Court may or may not grant a request for conference at sidebar. The Court strongly discourages sidebars because they represent an inefficient use of jury time when matters can be anticipated.
- 2. Counsel must not approach the Clerk or the witness stand without specific permission. When permission is given, please return to the lectern when the purpose of the permission is finished. Counsel must not engage in questioning a witness at the witness stand.
- 3. Counsel must address all remarks to the Court. Counsel are not to address the Clerk, the Reporter, persons in the audience, or opposing counsel. If counsel wishes to speak with opposing counsel, counsel must ask permission to talk off the record. Any request for the re-reading of questions or answers shall be addressed to the Court.
- 4. Counsel must not make an offer of stipulation unless counsel has conferred with opposing counsel and has reason to believe the stipulation will be acceptable.
- 5. It is counsel's duty of the first day of trial to advise the Court of any commitments that may result in counsel's absence or late arrival.

c. Exhibits

- 1. Each counsel should keep counsel's own list of exhibits and should keep track when each has been admitted in evidence.
- 2. Each counsel is responsible for any exhibits that counsel secures from the Clerk and, during all recesses and noontime and afternoon adjournments, counsel must return all exhibits in counsel's possession to the Clerk.
- 3. An exhibit not previously marked should, at the time of its first mention, be accompanied by a request that the Clerk mark it for identification. To save time, counsel must show a new exhibit to opposing counsel before it is mentioned in Court.
- 4. Counsel should move exhibits into evidence as soon as admissibility is established, while they are freshly in the minds of all participants. If there is an objection, the motion to admit will be dealt with at the next available recess. In jury trials, no exhibit shall be read or displayed to the jury until admitted.
- 5. Absent unusual circumstances, counsel must not ask witnesses to draw charts or diagrams nor ask the Court's permission for a witness to do so. If counsel wishes to question a witness in connection with graphic aids, the material must be fully prepared before the court session starts.

d. **Depositions**:

- 1. All depositions that will be used in the trial, either as evidence or for impeachment, must be signed and lodged with the Clerk on the first day of trial or such earlier date as the Court may order. For any deposition in which counsel is interested, counsel should check with the Clerk to confirm that the Clerk has the transcript and that the transcript is properly signed.
- 2. In using depositions of an adverse party for impeachment, counsel shall first announce both the beginning and ending page and line references of the

passage desired to be read, and allow opposing counsel an opportunity to state any objection. Counsel shall use either of the following procedures:

- 3. If counsel wishes to read the questions and answers as alleged impeachment and ask the witness no further questions on that subject, counsel may merely read the relevant portions of the deposition into the record.
- 4. If counsel wishes to ask the witness further questions on the subject matter, the deposition is placed in front of the witness and the witness is told to read silently the pages and lines involved. Then counsel may either ask the witness further questions on the matter and thereafter read the quotations or read the quotations and thereafter ask further questions. Counsel should have an extra copy of the deposition for this purpose.
- 5. Where a witness is absent and the witness' testimony is offered by deposition, please observe the following procedure. A reader should occupy the witness chair and read the testimony of the witness while the examining lawyer asks the questions.

e. Advance Notice of Evidentiary or Difficult Questions

If counsel has reason to anticipate that a difficult question of law or evidence will raise legal argument, requiring research and/or briefing, counsel must give the Court advance notice. Counsel are directed to notify the Clerk at the day's adjournment if an unexpected legal issue arises that could not have been foreseen and addressed by a motion *in limine* (*see* Fed. R. Evid. 103). To the maximum extent possible such matters shall be taken outside normal trial hours (*e.g.*, recess, before or after the trial day).

1	The Clerk is ordered to serve a copy of this Order on counsel/parties in this						
2	action.						
3	IT IS SO OF	RDERED.					
4			JOSEPHINE STATON TUCKER				
5	DATED:	January 24, 2011	JOSEPHINE STATON TUCKER				
6			United States District Judge				
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