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Defendants.

SHAPIRO, BERNSTEIN & CO.,

MAGNETIC PUBLISHING; CHERRY

RIVER MUSIC CO.; SQUARE RIVOLI PUBLISHING; RISTER EDITIONS; and

Plaintiff, Bryan Pringle, by his undersigned attorneys, as his Complaint against
Defendants William Adams, Jr., Stacy Ferguson, Allan Pineda, and Jaime Gomez,
individually and collectively as the music group the Black Eyed Peas, David Guetta,
Frederick Riesterer, UMG Recordings, Inc., Interscope Records, EMI April Music,
Inc., Headphone Junkie Publishing, LLC, Will.I.Am Music, LLC, Jeepney Music,
Inc., Tab Magnetic Publishing, Cherry River Music Co., Square Rivoli Publishing,
Rister Editions, and Shapiro, Bernstein & Co., hereby alleges as follows:

### **INTRODUCTION**

14 1. This is a case of willful copyright infringement against a number of Defendants, among who are the members of the internationally famous music group 15 16 known as the Black Eyed Peas, their record label and publishers. The Defendant 17 members of the Black Eyed Peas, David Guetta, Frederick Riesterer, and, upon 18 information and belief, UMG Recordings, Inc. and Interscope Records, are direct 19 copyright infringers, as certain or all of them willfully copied, or encouraged and/or instructed the copying of, Plaintiff's song "Take a Dive," when they wrote their 20 world-wide hit, Grammy-winning song, "I Gotta Feeling." The other Defendants are 21 22 either contributory or vicarious infringers.

23 2. The suit seeks actual damages incurred by the Plaintiff, plus 24 disgorgement of each of the Defendants' profits that were and will be received from 25 their hit song "I Gotta Feeling," as a result of the infringement. Plaintiff also requests 26 that both a preliminary and permanent injunction be entered to enjoin the public 27 performance and distribution of "I Gotta Feeling," along with the imposition of a 28 constructive trust over the wrongfully made profits earned worldwide from the

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infringement and an accounting as to those profits. The Black Eyed Peas are
 currently on their world tour, unlawfully and unfairly reaping profits from the
 singing of the song "I Gotta Feeling," and each day there are substantial sales of this
 song worldwide.

"Take a Dive" and numerous derivative versions of "Take a Dive," as 5 3. more fully described herein, were submitted by Plaintiff multiple times to 6 7 Defendants Interscope, EMI and UMG Recordings over a ten-year period. The submissions were made in trust and confidence whereby Plaintiff had a good faith 8 9 expectation that the song would only be listened to for legitimate business purposes 10 and that his ownership and financial rights in the song would be protected. Since no advice was given by Interscope, EMI or UMG Recordings, or by any of the other 11 Defendants to the contrary, there was the implicit assurance given to Plaintiff that his 12 song would not be given to third parties to use in connection with the creation of 13 music, would not be wrongfully copied after it was received, and that it would not be 14 15 plagiarized and then released to the public as a song by another artist like the Black Eyed Peas, or another artist signed to Interscope or UMG Recordings. 16

The song "I Gotta Feeling" is substantially similar to Plaintiff's song 17 4. "Take a Dive." Actually it is strikingly similar, and the main instrumental "hook 18 19 line" sequences in both songs -- the distinct, memorable parts of both songs to the ear 20 -- are identical. In fact, on information and belief, the main instrumental "hook" line was directly sampled from Plaintiff's sound recording by the Defendants and inserted 21 into "I Gotta Feeling." Simply put, the principal melody portions of "Take a Dive" 22 were reused or incorporated into "I Gotta Feeling," secretly and with knowledge and 23 willfulness by certain of the Defendants, without Plaintiff's authorization, with the 24 result being the iconic, hit song that "I Gotta Feeling" became. There can be no 25 reasonable, alternative explanation for these similarities other than the fact that the 26 27 Black Eyed Peas, David Guetta and/or Frederick Riesterer directly copied Plaintiff's 28 song.

#### GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

## 2 A. Parties

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9. Plaintiff Bryan Pringle, a/k/a DJ Spanky, a/k/a Altared State, a/k/a Dead
 Beat Club ("Pringle"), is an individual residing in San Antonio, Texas. Pringle is a
 songwriter that has been submitting music to Interscope Records, EMI, UMG
 Recordings and other major record labels on a regular basis, under various aliases
 since around the mid-1990s.

8 10. Defendant William Adams Jr., a/k/a Will.I.Am ("Will.I.Am"), is an 9 individual and well-known songwriter, music producer and recording artist who, 10 upon information and belief, resides in Los Angeles, California. Will.I.Am is one of 11 the four members of the Black Eyed Peas.

12 11. Defendant Stacy Ferguson, a/k/a Fergie ("Fergie"), is an individual and
13 internationally famous recording artist and songwriter who, upon information and
14 belief, resides in Los Angeles, California. Fergie is one of the four members of the
15 Black Eyed Peas.

16 12. Defendant Allan Pineda, a/k/a apl.de.ap ("apl.de.ap"), is an individual
17 recording artist and songwriter who, upon information and belief, resides in Los
18 Angeles, California. apl.de.ap is one of the four members of the Black Eyed Peas.

19 13. Defendant Jaime Gomez, a/k/a Taboo ("Taboo"), is an individual
20 recording artist and songwriter who, upon information and belief, resides in Los
21 Angeles, California. Taboo is one of the four members of the Black Eyed Peas.

14. Defendant David Guetta ("Guetta") is an individual songwriter and
music producer who, upon information and belief, resides in Los Angeles, California.
Guetta has co-written and co-produced several of the Black Eyed Peas' songs.

15. Defendant Frederick Riesterer ("Riesterer") is an individual songwriter
and music producer who, upon information and belief, resides in Los Angeles,
California. Riesterer has co-written and co-produced several of the Black Eyed Peas'
songs.

for the CD, *Dead Beat Club:1998*, which included the original version of "Take a
 Dive," is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

In or around 1999, Pringle made a slightly different derivative work of 3 29. the original copyrighted version of "Take a Dive." The derivative version consisted 4 of Pringle having removed the vocals that were contained in the original version, and 5 adding what can best be described as a repeating eight-bar melody, using a "guitar 6 twang" instrument, utilizing a total of four notes (D4, C4, B3 and G3), in the 7 following progression: D4-C4-B3-C4-B3-C4 (in the key of G3) (hereinafter referred 8 9 to as the "guitar twang sequence"). This guitar twang sequence of notes was modeled after "Take a Dive's" progression of notes in the chorus vocals, sung by 10 Pringle in the original version of the song. A copy of the derivative version of "Take 11 a Dive," as set forth above, is contained as Track 2 on the CD attached hereto as 12 Exhibit A. Pringle has registered the derivative version of "Take a Dive" above with 13 the U.S. Copyright Office, on an expedited basis, and is awaiting the certificate of 14 15 registration. The U.S. Copyright Office has received Pringle's complete application 16 for registration of the derivative version of "Take a Dive." Pringle has thus satisfied the registration requirement of 17 U.S.C. § 411(a). See Cosmetic Ideas, Inc. v. 17 IAC/InteractiveCorp, 606 F.3d 612, 621 (9th Cir. 2010). 18

30. Since 1999, Pringle has been, and still is, the proprietor of the statutory copyright in the original musical composition and sound recording for "Take a Dive," and all derivative works based upon "Take a Dive," and duly possessed all rights, title and interests therein. At all relevant times, Pringle has complied with all of the laws pertinent to his music composition and sound recording as a copyrighted work. (Any and all further references to the song "Take a Dive" shall hereafter refer to the derivative version, as set forth in paragraph 29 above.)

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# 1 C. Defendants' Access to and Copying of Plaintiff's Copyrighted Song "Take 2 a Dive"

3 31. Over the time period from around 1999 to 2008, Pringle had regularly submitted demo CDs, all of which contained "Take a Dive" and various other songs. 4 to Defendants UMG, Interscope and EMI. He also submitted them to other major 5 record labels, internet music websites, TAXI (and independent A&R company), 6 7 talent scouts, artist managers, production studios (including film, television and music), famous songwriters, radio stations, booking agents, national and international 8 music contests, nightclubs and publishing companies. These submissions were done 9 in the hopes of promoting his music, becoming signed as an artist to a major label, or 10 11 selling his songs to publishing companies and/or other already established artists.

32. In addition to the submission of his demo CDs, Pringle continually
advertised his music, including "Take a Dive," on the internet via multiple music
websites, and had his music played internationally via radio and internet.

15 33. Over the period from around 1999 to 2008, Pringle received numerous 16 letters in response to his music submissions, as alleged above. These included responses from multiple A&R representatives at Interscope, UMG and EMI, saying 17 that while his music was of good quality, the labels were not currently interested in 18 signing him as an artist or purchasing any of his music. These letters demonstrate 19 that Interscope, UMG and EMI received Pringle's music, and implicitly 20 21 acknowledges that his demo CDs, all of which contained "Take a Dive," were 22 listened to by these individuals.

34. Further, upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Will.I.Am
was an Artist and Repertoire ("A&R") at Interscope, and in this capacity acted as a
form of talent scout for the Interscope label. If Will.I.Am was not a formal A&R,
then he acted in this capacity, with the full knowledge of Interscope and the other
members of the Black Eyed Peas.

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and the Black Eyed Peas' album, *The E.N.D.*, which contains the song "I Gotta
 Feeling," and all obtained direct financial benefit from doing so.

3 **D**.

## Substantial Similarity Between "Take a Dive" and "I Gotta Feeling"

4 40. As a result of the Black Eyed Peas, Guetta and/or Riesterer having
5 copied "Take a Dive," "I Gotta Feeling," as a whole, is substantially similar to "Take
6 a Dive" and the guitar twang sequence is identical. A copy of "I Gotta Feeling" is
7 contained as Track 3 on the CD attached hereto as Exhibit A.

41. On information and belief, the sound recording of the guitar twang
sequence contained in the derivative version of "Take a Dive" was directly sampled
(sampling is the taking of an audio segment from an original sound recording and
inserting it directly into a new sound recording) by one or more of Black Eyed Peas,
Guetta and/or Riesterer and placed into "I Gotta Feeling." The guitar twang sequence
in both songs is identical in instrumentation, melody, harmony and rhythm.

4 42. The fact that the guitar twang sequence of "I Gotta Feeling" is identical
to the one in "Take a Dive" establishes that the Black Eyed Peas, Guetta and/or
Riesterer had access to "Take a Dive," that they copied "Take a Dive," and that their
copying of "Take a Dive" was intentional, willful and wanton.

43. In addition to the guitar twang sequence, and among other similarities,the following is a list of similarities between the two songs:

(a) Both songs are substantially similar in total concept and feel;

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- (a) Doin songs are substantiany similar in total concept and ice
- (b) Both songs incorporate a contemporary dance style of music;
- (c) Both songs have an almost identical tempo "Take a Dive" is
  130 beats per minute ("bpm"), while "I Gotta Feeling" is 128
  bpm;
  - (d) Both songs use a half step (or goose step) bass line. This type of bass line is achieved by alternating the same bass note from a high and low corresponding octave with the low octave bass note on the 4 down beats, while the high octave corresponding eighth

(g) All such other relief as the Court shall determine is fair and equitable. Dated: November 1/3, 2010 Dean A. Dickie (*Pro Hac Vice application pending*) MILLER, CANFIELD, PADDOCK AND STONE, P.L.C. Ira Gould (*Pro Hac Vice to be filed*) Ryan L. Greely (*Pro Hac Vice to be filed*) GOULD LAW GROUP George L. Hampton IV (State Bar No. 144433) Colin C. Holley (State Bar No. 191999) HAMPTONHOLLEY I/IP By: Georgel./Ha 2101 East Coast Highway, Suite 260 Corona del Mar, California 92825 Attorneys for Plaintiff BRYAN PRINGLE 4826-4649-6264 - v. 1

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