1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	RONALD RUS, #67369 rrus@rusmiliband.com LEO J. PRESIADO, #166721 lpresiado@rusmiliband.com RUS, MILIBAND & SMITH A Professional Corporation Seventh Floor 2211 Michelson Drive Irvine, California 92612 Telephone: (949) 752-7100 Facsimile: (949) 252-1514  Attorneys for Plaintiff ENOUGH FOR EVERYONE, INC.	Michael A. Taitelman (SBN 156254) mtaitelman@ftllp.com David M. Marmorstein (SBN 192993) dmarmorstein@ftllp.com FREEDMAN & TAITELMAN, LLP 1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 500 Los Angeles, CA 90067 Telephone: (310) 201-0005 Facsimile: (310) 201-0045  J. Michael Huget (Michigan State Bar No. #P39150 Admitted Pro Hac Vice) mhuget@honigman.com Roger P. Meyers (Michigan State Bar No. #P73255 Admitted Pro Hac Vice) rmeyers@honigman.com HONIGMAN MILLER SCHWARZ AND COHN LLP 130 S. First Street, 4th Floor Ann Arbor, MI 48104 Telephone: (734) 418-4254 Facsimile: (734) 418-4255  Attorneys for Defendant PROVO CRAFT & NOVELTY. INC.
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16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
17	CENTRAL DISTE	RICT OF CALIFORNIA
18 19	ENOUGH FOR EVERYONE, INC., a California corporation,	CASE NO. SACV11-01161-DOC (MLGx)
20	Plaintiff,	
21	VS.	[ <del>PROPOSED</del> ] PROTECTIVE ORDER
22	PROVO CRAFT & NOVELTY,	
23	INC., a Utah corporation,	
24	Defendant.	
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27	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED on	rsuant to the stipulation of the parties,
28	Plaintiff Enough For Everyone, Inc. ("Plaintiff") and Defendant Provo Craft &	
_0	Tamon Enough for Everyone, me. ( 1)	1

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

1	Novelty, Inc. ("Defendant") through their respective counsel, which is on file with
2	this Court, that a Protective Order be issued in this action regarding certain
3	documents and information produced during discovery. The parties hereto intend to
4	produce documents, respond to written discovery and provide certain testimony
5	which may contain or constitute highly confidential, non-public financial
6	information. The parties desire that the Confidential Material be protected by virtue
7	of designating such material as confidential and restricting its dissemination.
8	GOOD CAUSE

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The parties stipulate that for the purposes of the pending litigation between Plaintiff and Defendant, Case Number SACV11-01161-DOC (MLGX) (the "Action"), and to facilitate discovery in this case, and specifically to facilitate the discovery of any trade secrets, confidential information, or sensitive business or technical information, the parties, through their attorneys, request that this Court enter an order containing the terms set forth below (the "Protective Order") regarding the treatment of information disclosed during discovery.

The parties stipulate that good cause exists for the entry of a protective order, as disclosure of the parties' Confidential Information (as that term is defined below) would cause substantial financial and business harm to the parties. The parties maintain confidential documents concerning manufacturing, sales, costs' of goods, customer lists, profits, marketing plans, and ideas for new products. Discovery may involve some or all of such information.

The parties further stipulate that public disclosure of the parties' Confidential Material (as defined below) may provide third-party competitors with a significant unfair advantage vis-à-vis the parties to this Action. Thus, absent a protective order that facilitates confidential discovery, the parties would likely suffer significant financial and business losses.

The parties stipulate and this Court hereby orders that the following provisions shall govern in this matter:

information, trade secrets, confidential commercial information, proprietary

Non-public insider information, personnel files, financial

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a.

information, or other confidential or sensitive information which the Producing Party determines in good faith should be kept confidential; and

- b. Information that the Party is under a duty to preserve as confidential under an agreement with or other obligation to another Person.
- 3. A Producing Party shall designate as "CONFIDENTIAL" Materials which the Producing Party in good faith believes are entitled to protection pursuant to the standards set forth in Paragraph 2 of this Order. A Producing Party may designate Confidential Material for protection under this order by one of the following methods:
- a. By marking it with the following inscription prior to Providing it to a Party: "CONFIDENTIAL".
- b. In the case of electronic systems or information Provided or made accessible in native format, by informing the Discovering Party in writing that the Confidential Material has been Provided or made accessible subject a designation as "CONFIDENTIAL" under this order.
- Party any previously Provided Material which was not designated as Confidential Material prior to its having been Provided. For purposes of this method of designation, it will be a sufficiently specific identification to refer to the bates numbers or deposition page numbers of previously Provided Material. Where a Producing Party designates previously Provided Material as Confidential Material pursuant to this subparagraph, the Producing Party will follow the procedures set forth in the previous subparagraph for designating Confidential Material, and Provide to the Discovering Party additional copies of the previously Provided Material marked with the inscription described in the previous subparagraph. Upon receipt of the additional copies which comply with the procedures set forth in the previous subparagraph, the Discovering Party will immediately return to the Producing Party the previously Provided Material, or alternatively, will destroy all the previously

Provided Material, at the option of the Producing Party. For previously Provided Material which was not designated as Confidential Material at the time of its being provided, this Protective Order shall apply to such materials beginning on the date that the Producing Party makes such designation.

All costs associated with the designations of materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" involving, for example, the cost of binding confidential portions of deposition transcripts, shall be initially borne by the Party making the designation with no prejudice regarding the Designating Party's ability to recover its costs upon completion of the litigation.

For good cause and with reasonable notice, any Designating Party may redesignate (or withdraw a designation regarding) any material ("Redesignated Material") that it, he or they have produced; provided, however, that such redesignation shall be effective only as of the date of such redesignation. Such redesignation (or withdrawal) shall be accomplished by notifying counsel for each party in writing of such redesignation (or withdrawal). Upon receipt of any such written redesignation, counsel of record shall not make any further disclosure or communication of such Redesignated Material except as provided for in this Protective Order.

#### RESTRICTION ON USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

- 4. Confidential Material shall not be disclosed, nor shall its contents be disclosed, to any person other than those described in Paragraph 7 of this Protective Order and other than in accordance with the terms, conditions and restrictions of this Protective Order.
- 5. Confidential Material Provided by a Producing Party to a Discovering Party shall not be used by the Discovering Party or anyone other than the Producing Party, specifically including the persons identified in Paragraph 7 as appropriate, for any purpose, including, without limitation any personal, business, governmental, commercial, publicity, public-relations, or litigation (administrative or judicial)

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of any Person(s) other than (a) the deposition witness, (b) his or her counsel, and (c) Persons authorized under Paragraph 7 of this Protective Order to view such Confidential Material.

- 10. Counsel for any deponent may designate testimony or exhibits as Confidential Material by indicating on the record at the deposition that the testimony of the deponent or any exhibits to his or her testimony are to be treated as Confidential Material. Counsel for any Party may designate exhibits in which that Party has a cognizable interest as Confidential Material by indicating on the record at the deposition that such exhibit(s) are to be treated as Confidential Material. Failure of counsel to designate testimony or exhibits as confidential at deposition, however, shall not constitute a waiver of the protected status of the testimony or exhibits. Within thirty calendar days of receipt of the transcript of the deposition, or thirty days of the date on which this Protective Order becomes effective, whichever occurs last, counsel shall be entitled to designate specific testimony or exhibits as Confidential Material. If counsel for the deponent or Party fails to designate the transcript or exhibits as Confidential within the above-described thirty day period, any other Party shall be entitled to treat the transcript or exhibits as non-confidential material. For purposes of this Paragraph 10, this Protective Order shall be deemed "effective" on the date on which it has been executed by all counsel for the Parties.
- 11. When Material disclosed during a deposition is designated Confidential Material at the time testimony is given, the reporter shall separately transcribe those portions of the testimony so designated, shall mark the face of the transcript in accordance with Paragraph 3 above, and shall maintain that portion of the transcript or exhibits in separate files marked to designate the confidentiality of their contents. The reporter shall not file or lodge with the Court any Confidential Material without obtaining written consent from the Party who designated the Material as Confidential Material. For convenience, if a deposition transcript or exhibit contains repeated references to Confidential Material which cannot conveniently be segregated from

# non-confidential material, any Party may request that the entire transcript or exhibit be maintained by the reporter as Confidential Material.

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## USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL IN PLEADINGS AND OTHER **COURT PAPERS**

12. Any document (including the motion papers themselves) to be submitted to the Court that reveals any Confidential Material shall first be presented to the Court pursuant to a request for filing under seal, in accordance with Local Rule 79-5.1. Any documents the Court orders filed under seal shall be handled in accordance with Local Rules 79-5.2 and 79-5.3, to the extent those rules differ from the provisions of this Protective Order, and shall otherwise continue to be governed by this Protective Order. In the event a request to file under seal is denied by the Court, the documents requested to be filed under seal may be filed with the Court not under seal and otherwise in the normal course. This Paragraph 12 shall not apply to documents submitted to the Special Master / Discovery Referee provided that no public record of any such documents is created or maintained.

#### **OBJECTIONS TO DESIGNATION**

13. Neither stipulation by a party to the terms of this Order nor failure of a party, at the time it receives materials designated pursuant to this Order, to challenge or object to the designation shall be deemed a waiver of its right to challenge or object to the designations at any later time. Any party may at any time challenge the designation of any Confidential Material under this Order and may request permission to use or disclose such Confidential Material other than as permitted, pursuant to this Paragraph by serving (which may be by email) a written request upon counsel for the Designating Party at least five (5) court days before the date of the proposed disclosure and by providing telephonic notice of such request on the same date as the email request. Such request shall specifically identify the Confidential Material, including Bates label if applicable, sought to be disclosed and the name, title and function of the person to whom the disclosure is desired to be

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made. The Designating Party shall thereafter respond to the request in writing within five (5) court days after receipt of same. A failure to respond within such time shall constitute consent to the request. If, where consent has been withheld, the parties are subsequently unable to agree on the terms and conditions of disclosure, the matter may be submitted to the Court for resolution by the party seeking disclosure. Disclosure shall be postponed until a ruling has been obtained from the Court.

14. Any discovery disputes concerning the designation of materials or disclosure of documents or information under this Protective Order shall be brought in compliance with Local Rule 37 before the Discovery Referee.

#### **RETURN OF MATERIAL**

15. Within ninety (90) calendar days after the final settlement or termination of this action, Discovering Counsel shall return or destroy (at the option and expense of Discovering Counsel) all Materials provided by a Producing Party and all copies thereof except to the extent that any of the foregoing includes or reflects Discovering Counsel's work product, and except to the extent that such Material has been filed with a court in which proceedings related to this action are being conducted. In addition, with respect to any such retained work product and unless otherwise agreed to, at the conclusion of this action, counsel for each Party shall store in a secure area all work product which embodies Confidential Material together with all of the signed undertakings they are required to preserve pursuant to Paragraph 8 above, and shall not make use of such Material except in connection with any action arising directly out of these actions, or pursuant to a court order for good cause shown. The obligation of this Protective Order shall survive the termination of this action. To the extent that Confidential Materials are or become known to the public through no fault of the Discovering Party, such Confidential Materials shall no longer be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. Upon request, counsel for each Party shall verify in writing that they have complied with the provisions of this paragraph.

#### SCOPE OF THIS ORDER

- 16. Except for the provisions regarding post-trial or post-settlement return and destruction of Material, or segregation of work product which embodies Confidential Material, this order is strictly a pretrial order; it does not govern the trial in this action.
- 17. Not later than seven days before trial in the action, Counsel agree to meet and confer concerning the use at trial of Confidential Material.
- 18. Nothing in this Protective Order shall be deemed to limit, prejudice, or waive any right of any Party or Person (a) to resist or compel discovery with respect to, or to seek to obtain additional or different protection for, Material claimed to be protected work product or privileged under California or federal law, Material as to which the Producing Party claims a legal obligation not to disclose, or Material not required to be provided pursuant to California law; (b) to seek to modify or obtain relief from any aspect of this Protective Order; (c) to object to the use, relevance, or admissibility at trial or otherwise of any Material, whether or not designated in whole or in part as Confidential Material governed by this Protective Order; or (d) otherwise to require that discovery be conducted according to governing laws and rules.
- 19. Designation of Material as Confidential Material on the face of such Material shall have no effect on the authenticity or admissibility of such Material at trial.
- 20. This Protective Order shall not preclude any Person from waiving the applicability of this Protective Order with respect to any Confidential Material Provided by that Person or using any Confidential Material Provided by that Person or using any Confidential Material owned by that Person in any manner that Person deems appropriate.

1	25. Inadvertent production or disclosure of documents or information
2	subject to the attorney-client privilege, work product immunity or any other
3	applicable privilege shall not constitute a waiver of, nor a prejudice to, any claim that
4	such or related material is privileged or protected by the work product immunity or
5	any other applicable privilege. A Designating Party may notify the Discovering
6	party in writing that produced documents or information are subject to attorney-clien
7	privilege, work product immunity or any other applicable privilege. All such
8	documents or information, including all copies thereof, shall be returned to the
9	Designating Party within five (5) business days. No use shall be made of such
10	documents or information during deposition or at trial, nor shall such documents or
11	information be shown to anyone who has not already been given access to them
12	subsequent to the request that they be returned. The Designating Party shall provide
13	a privilege log identifying such documents or information. The Discovering Party
14	may move the Court for an Order compelling production of any such documents or
15	information. The motion shall be filed under seal and shall not assert as a ground for
16	production the fact of the inadvertent production, nor shall the motion disclose or
17	otherwise use the content of the inadvertently produced document or information
18	(beyond any information appearing on the above-referenced privilege log) in any
19	way in connection with any such motion.
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22	IT IS SO GRANTED.
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24	Dated: 1/9/2012 MARC L. GOLDMAN
25	HONORABLE MARC L. GOLDMAN
26	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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### Exhibit A NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT I [name], [position of employment], hereby acknowledge that any information provided to me is subject to the terms and conditions of the Protective Order in Case Number SACV11-01161-DOC (MLGX), pending in the United States District Court for the Central District of California. Having been given a copy of the Protective Order, and having read and understood its contents, I hereby expressly agree to be bound by the terms and provisions thereof. Further, I hereby consent to the jurisdiction of said Court for purposes of enforcing this Order. DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ BY: