1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COUDT
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
11	A CE DUD A EL O SYSTEMS LL C $ata$ Corr No. 9.17 au (75 DOC (ICC-))
12	ACE DURAFLO SYSTEMS, LLC., etc., et al.,
13	Plaintiffs, PROTECTIVE ORDER
14	VS.
15	AQUAM USA, INC., etc., et al.,
16	Defendants.
17	
18	In light of the Stipulation of the parties filed herewith, and good cause
19	appearing therefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:
20	I. DEFINITIONS
21	A. <u>Party</u>
22	Any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
23	consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).
24	B. <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>
25	All items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated,
26	stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or
27	tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
28	

1 discovery in this matter.

2

# C. <u>"Confidential" Information or Items</u>

3 Information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible
4 things that qualify for protection under standards developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

5

D. <u>"Highly Confidential -- Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items</u>

Confidential Information or Items whose disclosure to another Party or 6 7 nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided 8 by less restrictive means. For purposes of this case, "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" will include: (i) the Parties' non-public financial 9 information, as it relates to costs, revenues and profits generally or for specific 10 products; (ii) information of a competitively or commercially sensitive or 11 12 proprietary nature or trade secrets regarding any products made by or for a Party; (iii) non-public customer or distributor information, including non-public 13 arrangements and agreements with customers and distributors and the prices at 14 which products are sold to customer and distributors, but not including the names of 15 the customers or identification of the products sold to them; (iv) research and 16 17 development materials concerning unreleased products or services; (v) the confidential terms of any licenses; and (vi) any other information whose disclosure 18 19 to another Party or non-party would create a substantial risk of harm to the 20competitive position of the Producing Party if disclosed.

- 21
- E. <u>Receiving Party</u>

A Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a ProducingParty.

24 F. <u>Producing Party</u>

A Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in thisaction.

27 G. <u>Designating Party</u>

A Party or non-party that designates information or items that it produces in

disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential
 Attorneys' Eyes Only."

- 3
- H. <u>Protected Material</u>

Any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "Confidential" or
as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

- 6
- Outside Counsel

7 Attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent8 or advise a Party in this action.

9 J. Expert

I.

A person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert
witness or as a consultant in this action. This definition includes a professional jury
or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

14

K. <u>Professional Vendors</u>

15 Persons or entities who provide litigation support services (e.g.,

16 photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations;

17 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their

- 18 employees and subcontractors.
- 19 **II. SCOPE**

The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as
defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as
all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony,

23 conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in other settings that

24 might reveal Protected Material. This Order does not apply to court hearings or

25 proceedings. The use of Confidential and Highly Confidential – Attorneys Eyes

26 Only information or items in court hearings or proceedings will be addressed with

27 the judicial officer conducting the proceeding at the appropriate time.

28

#### 1 **III. DURATION**

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
otherwise in writing or a Court Order otherwise directs.

This Order shall be binding upon the Parties and their attorneys, successors,
executors, personal representatives, administrators, heirs, legal representatives,
assigns, subsidiaries, divisions, employees, agents, independent contractors, experts,
consultants, and all other persons or organizations over which the Parties have
control.

## 10 **IV. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

A. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.
 Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection
 under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material
 that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to
 designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or
 written communications that qualify for such protection.

17 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items
18 that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify
19 for the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly
20 notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the prior designation.

- 21
- B. <u>Manner and Timing of Designations.</u>

22 Except as otherwise provided in this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or

23 ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so

24 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

25 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(i) <u>For information in documentary form</u> (apart from transcripts of
depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the
legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL —ATTORNEYS"

EYES ONLY" at the top or bottom of each page that contains protected material. If
 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of
 protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
 CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

7 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has 8 9 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be 10 deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the 11 12 inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for 13 protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the 14 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or 15 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") at the top or 16 17 bottom of each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly 18 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the 19 margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted 20(either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL —ATTORNEYS' 21 EYES ONLY"). 22

(ii) For testimony given in deposition, that the Party or non-party offering
or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the
deposition, all protected testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony
that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."
When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is
entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony

-5-

may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the
 testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition is concluded) a right to
 have up to 15 days after receipt of the transcript to identify the specific portions of
 the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection
 being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL —

ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"). Once this right to designate portions of the 6 7 transcript as Protected Material has been invoked, the entire transcript, and all testimony given in the deposition, shall be treated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – 8 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" until the 15 day period has lapsed; thereafter, only 9 those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection 10 within the 15 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective 11 12 Order, unless a Designating party specifies that the entire transcript shall be treated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES 13 ONLY. 14

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by
the court reporter, who must affix to the top or bottom of each such page the legend
"CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES
ONLY," as instructed by the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the witness
or presenting the testimony.

For information produced in some form other than documentary, and 20 (iii) for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on 21 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored 22 the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' 23 EYES ONLY." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the 24 25 Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential — 26 27 Attorneys' Eyes Only."

- 28
- C. <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate.</u>

1 An inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as 2 "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential — Attorneys' Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for 3 such material. Upon discovery of an inadvertent failure to designate, a Producing 4 Party may notify the Receiving Party in writing that the material is to be designated. 5 Upon receipt of such notice, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to 6 7 assure that the material is thereafter treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order. The Designating Party shall provide substitute copies of documents bearing 8 the confidentiality designation. Upon receiving substitute copies, the Receiving 9 Parties shall return or securely destroy, at the Designating Party's option, all 10 material that was not designated properly. 11

12

## V. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

13

#### A. <u>Timing of Challenges.</u>

Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any
time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party
does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to
mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

20

B. <u>Meet and Confer.</u>

21 A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by 22 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue) with counsel for the Designating 23 Party. Once the counsel for the challenging party makes counsel for the Designating 24 Party aware of his desire to meet and confer, the counsel for the parties must begin 25 the process by conferring within 10 days. In conferring, the challenging Party must 26 explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and 27 must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to 28

reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain
 the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next
 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process
 first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet
 and confer process in a timely manner.

6

C.

Judicial Intervention.

A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after
considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a
motion that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the
challenge. Each such motion shall set forth with specificity the justification for the
confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and
confer dialogue required under Paragraph V(B), *supra.*, or explain that no
justification was given, if that is the case.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
Designating Party. Until the Court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue
to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under
the Producing Party's designation.

Any motion brought pursuant to this Section shall be governed by Local
Rules 37-1 and 37-1 (including the Joint Stipulation Requirement).

20 VI. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

21

A. <u>Basic Principles.</u>

A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced
by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this
Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with
the provisions of section X below.

28

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a

location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
 authorized under this Order.

3

## B. <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items.</u>

4 Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the
5 Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item
6 designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

7 (i) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well
8 as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
9 information for this litigation;

10 (ii) the officers, directors, and employees of the Receiving Party to whom
11 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

(iii) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

15

(iv) the Court and its personnel;

16 (v) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom
17 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

(vi) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the
Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition
testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be
separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as
permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order;

- 25 (vii) the author of the document or the original source of the information.
- C. <u>Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES</u>
   ONLY" Information or Items.
- 28 Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the

Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item
 designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

 (i) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well
 as employees of said Outside Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose
 the information for this litigation;

6 (ii) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably
7 necessary for this litigation, and (2) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound
8 by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

9 (iii) the Court and its personnel;

10 (iv) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom
11 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation; and

12 (v) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

# 13 VII. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED

14 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.** 

15 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other
16 litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in
17 this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL —

18 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating
19 Party, in writing (by email or fax, if possible) immediately and in no event more
20 than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must
21 include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the
existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an

opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the Court from which the
 subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the
 expenses of seeking protection in that Court of its confidential material — and
 nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a
 Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful subpoena issued in another action.

6

# VIII. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

7 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this 8 9 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts 10 to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to 11 12 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to 13 Be Bound" that is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. 14

#### 15 **IX. FILING OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

In Accordance with Local Rule 79-5.1, if any papers to be filed with the 16 17 Court contain information and/or documents that have been designated as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only," the proposed filing 18 19 shall be accompanied by an application to file the papers or the portion thereof containing the designated information or documents (if such portion is segregable) 2021 under seal; and the application shall be directed to the judge to whom the papers are 22 directed. For motions, the parties shall publicly file a redacted version of the motion 23 and supporting papers.

24 X. FINAL DISPOSITION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within
sixty days after the final termination of this action including appeals, each Receiving
Party must: (a) return all Protected Material to the Producing Party; or (b) destroy
the Protected Material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material"

includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of 1 2 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written 3 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the 4 Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where 5 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that 6 7 affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. 8 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain archival copies of all 9 pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney 10 work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival 11 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective 12 Order as set forth in Section III (DURATION) above. 13

- 14 XI. MISCELLANEOUS
- 15 A. <u>Right to Further Relief.</u>

16 Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification17 by the Court in the future.

18

#### B. <u>Right to Assert Other Objections.</u>

By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

24 25

26 Dated: September 7, 2017

**IT IS SO ORDERED.** 

- 27
- 28

Int

Jay C. Gandhi United States Magistrate Judge

1	EXHIBIT A
2	I,, declare as follows:
3	1. My present address is:
4	2. My present occupation or job description is:
5	3. My present employer is:
6	4. I have received a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order ("Order")
7	entered in ACE DuraFlo Systems, LLC, etc., et al. v. Aquam USA, Inc., etc., et. al.,
8	Case No. 8:17-cv-675-DOC (JCGx) pending in the United States District Court for
9	the Central District of California. I have carefully read and understand the
10	provisions of the Order.
11	5. I will comply with all of the provisions of the Order. I will hold in
12	confidence, will not disclose to anyone other than those persons specifically
13	authorized by the Order, and will not copy or use except for the purposes of this
14	action, any Protected Material that I receive in this action.
15	6. I submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for the purposes of
16	enforcement of this Order.
17	Executed this day of 20, in the County of
18	, State of
19	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the
20	foregoing is true and correct.
21	
22	SIGNATURE OF DECLARANT
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	2118/022688-0073