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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SOUTHERN DIVISION

ASTER GRAPHICS, INC.,

Plaintiff,

v.

STATIC CONTROL COMPONENTS,
INC.,

Defendant.

Lead Case No. 8:17-cv-01167-DOC-JDE
(consolidated with 8:17-cv-01221-DOC-JDE)

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

Judge: Honorable John D. Early

1. A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be

1 followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the
2 court to file material under seal.

3 **B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT**

4 This action is likely to involve trade secrets, customer and pricing information and
5 other valuable research, development, commercial, financial, technical and/or proprietary
6 information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any
7 purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and
8 proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business
9 or financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, or other
10 confidential research, development, or commercial information (including information
11 implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to
12 the public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state
13 or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite
14 the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality
15 of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep
16 confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such
17 material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end
18 of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is
19 justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated
20 as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith
21 belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good
22 cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

23 **2. DEFINITIONS**

24 **2.1 Action:** This lawsuit, Case No. 8:17-cv-01167-DOC-JDE, as well as the
25 consolidated case, *Static Control Components, Inc. v. Aster Graphics, Inc.*, 8:17-cv-01221-
26 DOC-JDE.

27 **2.2 Challenging Party:** a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
28 information or items under this Order.

1 2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
2 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal
3 Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement. To the
4 extent a producing Party believes that certain materials qualifying to be designated
5 CONFIDENTIAL is so sensitive that its dissemination deserves even further limitation, the
6 producing Party may designate such material “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE
7 COUNSEL ONLY.” For avoidance of doubt, HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE
8 COUNSEL ONLY information shall mean CONFIDENTIAL Information that constitutes
9 (a) commercially or competitively sensitive marketing, financial, sales, research and
10 development, or technical data or information; (b) commercially sensitive competitive
11 information, including, without limitation, information obtained from a non-party pursuant
12 to a current Nondisclosure Agreement (“NDA”); or (c) commercial agreements, license
13 agreements, settlement agreements, or settlement communications; and for which the
14 disclosure of any such document is likely to cause harm to the competitive position of the
15 producing party.

16 2.4 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their
17 support staff).

18 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items
19 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

20 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
21 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other
22 things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in
23 disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

24 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
25 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an
26 expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

27 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action. House
28 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

1 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other
2 legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

3 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this
4 Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have appeared in
5 this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on
6 behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

7 2.11 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
8 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support
9 staffs).

10 2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
11 Material in this Action.

12 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
13 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations,
14 and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and
15 subcontractors.

16 2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
17 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY.”

18 2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from
19 a Producing Party.

20 3. SCOPE

21 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected
22 Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from
23 Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected
24 Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel
25 that might reveal Protected Material.

26 Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial
27 judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

1 4. DURATION

2 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed
3 by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or
4 a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1)
5 dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final
6 judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands,
7 trials, or reviews of this Action, including the time limits for filing any motions or
8 applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

9 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

10 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each
11 Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order
12 must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the
13 appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts
14 of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other
15 portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not
16 warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

17 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
18 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
19 unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses
20 and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

21 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
22 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
23 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

24 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
25 Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
26 ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order
27 must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

1 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

2 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
3 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the
4 Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
5 CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY” (hereinafter “CONFIDENTIAL
6 legend”), to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the
7 material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify
8 the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

9 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection need
10 not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
11 documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
12 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “HIGHLY
13 CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has
14 identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must
15 determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order.
16 Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the
17 “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a
18 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party
19 also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in
20 the margins).

21 (b) for testimony given in depositions, said deposition or portions thereof shall be
22 designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL
23 ONLY” subject to the provisions of this Order; such designation shall be made on the
24 record whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions
25 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY”
26 after transcription of the proceedings; a party shall have until twenty (20) days after receipt
27 of the deposition transcript to inform the other party or parties to this Action of the portions
28 of the transcript designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –

1 OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY,” and each deposition transcript shall be presumptively
2 deemed to be “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY” until the
3 twenty-day period as expired. During the deposition, the Designating Party shall have the
4 right to exclude from attendance at said deposition, during such time as the Protected
5 Material is to be disclosed, any person not authorized to receive such Protected Material
6 pursuant to this Order.

7 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any
8 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of
9 the container or containers in which the information is stored the CONFIDENTIAL legend
10 If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the Producing Party, to
11 the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

12 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
13 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating
14 Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely
15 correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that
16 the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

17 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

18 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
19 confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court’s Scheduling Order.

20 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
21 process under Local Rule 37-1 et seq.

22 6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
23 Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
24 harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the
25 Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn the
26 confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the
27 level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party’s designation until the
28 Court rules on the challenge.

1 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

2 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
3 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action
4 only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such Protected
5 Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions
6 described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving Party must
7 comply with the provisions of section 15 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

8 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location
9 and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under
10 this Order.

11 7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise
12 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party
13 may disclose any information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

14 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well as
15 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to
16 disclose the information for this Action;

17 (b) officers, directors, or employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
18 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

19 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure
20 is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
21 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

22 (d) the court and its personnel;

23 (e) court reporters and their staff;

24 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional Vendors
25 to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
26 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

27 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
28 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

1 (h) during their depositions or trial testimony, any current officer, director,
2 employee, agent, or Rule 30(b)(6) designee of the party that produced the Protected
3 Material, and any former officer, former director, former employee, former or present
4 consultant, or former agent of the party that produced the Protected Material if the
5 Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this Action reasonably and in good faith
6 believes the witness to have received the Protected Material, or to have become familiar
7 with its contents, in the ordinary course of business, provided that no copies of Protected
8 Material shall be provided to a deponent or trial witness other than for purposes of the
9 examination without the written consent of the Designating Party; and

10 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually
11 agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

12 7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL
13 ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in
14 writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item
15 designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY" only to
16 individuals listed in paragraphs 7.2(a), (c) – (h).

17 8. DISCLOSURE TO EXPERTS

18 Unless agreed to in writing by the Designating Party:

19 (a) A party seeking to disclose to an expert retained by Outside Counsel of
20 Record any information or item that has been designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or
21 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY" must first make a written
22 request to the designator that (1) identifies the general categories of designated materials
23 that the receiving party seeks permission to disclose to the expert, (2) sets forth the full
24 name of the expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence, (3) attaches a
25 copy of the expert's current resume, (4) identifies the expert's current employer(s), (5)
26 identifies each person or entity from whom the expert has received compensation or
27 funding for work in his or her areas of expertise (including in connection with litigation) in
28 the past five years, and (6) identifies (by name and number of the case, filing date, and

1 location of court) any litigation where the expert has offered expert testimony, including by
2 declaration, report, or testimony at deposition or trial, in the past five years. If the expert
3 believes any of this information in (4) - (6) is subject to a confidentiality obligation to a
4 third party, then the expert should provide whatever information the expert believes can be
5 disclosed without violating any confidentiality agreements, and the party seeking to
6 disclose the information to the expert shall be available to meet and confer with the
7 designator regarding any such confidentiality obligations.

8 (b) A party that makes a request and provides the information specified in
9 paragraph 8(a) may disclose the Protected Material to the identified expert (and his or her
10 support staff) unless, within ten (10) days of delivering the request, the party receives a
11 written objection from the Designating Party providing detailed grounds for the objection.
12 The party seeking to disclose the information to the expert may not do so until such an
13 objection is resolved by written consent of the Parties or by Court order.

14 (c) All challenges to objections from the designator shall proceed under L.R. 37-1
15 through L.R. 37-4.

16 9. PROSECUTION BAR

17 Absent written consent from the Producing Party, any individual who receives or
18 accesses technical information marked as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE
19 COUNSEL ONLY” shall not be involved in the prosecution of patents or patent
20 applications relating to the printer cartridge design, including without limitation the patents
21 asserted in this action and any patent or application claiming priority to or otherwise
22 related to the patents asserted in this action, before any foreign or domestic agency,
23 including the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“the Patent Office”). For
24 purposes of this paragraph, “prosecution” includes directly or indirectly drafting,
25 amending, or advising on the drafting or amending of patent claims, including in original
26 prosecution, reissue and reexamination, and inter partes review proceedings. This
27 Prosecution Bar shall begin when “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL
28 ONLY” information is first received by the affected individual or that individual first

1 accessed such information and shall end one (1) years after final termination of this action.
2 To avoid any ambiguity, representation in reissue and reexamination, and inter partes
3 review proceedings is not barred provided counsel is walled off from actual or potential
4 claim amendments.

5 10. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED
6 IN OTHER LITIGATION

7 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that
8 compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as
9 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY,”
10 that Party must:

- 11 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
12 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;
- 13 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue
14 in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
15 subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated
16 Protective Order; and
- 17 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
18 the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

19 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
20 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
21 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY
22 before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the
23 Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear
24 the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and
25 nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving
26 Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

1 11. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE
2 PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

3 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
4 Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
5 CONFIDENTIAL – OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY.” Such information produced by Non-
6 Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by
7 this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party
8 from seeking additional protections.

9 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a
10 Non-Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an
11 agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential
12 information, then the Party shall:

13 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some
14 or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-
15 Party;

16 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
17 Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
18 description of the information requested; and

19 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party, if
20 requested.

21 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14 days
22 of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce
23 the Non-Party’s confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-
24 Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any
25 information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with
26 the Non-Party before a determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the
27 Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its
28 Protected Material.

1 12. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

2 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
3 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
4 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
5 Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all
6 unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom
7 unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such
8 person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is
9 attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10 13. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE
11 PROTECTED MATERIAL

12 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently
13 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of
14 the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).
15 This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-
16 discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to
17 Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the
18 effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client
19 privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the
20 stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

21 14. MISCELLANEOUS

22 14.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person
23 to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

24 14.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
25 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or
26 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated
27 Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in
28 evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

1 14.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected
2 Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed
3 under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected
4 Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the
5 court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless
6 otherwise instructed by the court.

7 15. FINAL DISPOSITION

8 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in paragraph 4, within 60 days
9 of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all
10 Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this
11 subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
12 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
13 Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a
14 written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the
15 Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where
16 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that
17 the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any
18 other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this
19 provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers,
20 trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and
21 trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work
22 product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that
23 contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth
24 in Section 4 (DURATION).

1 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this
2 action.

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4 Date: _____

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6 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

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8 Printed name: _____

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10 Signature: _____

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