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9 10 11 12	Attorneys for Defendants BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SUPPLEMENTAL INCOME TRUSTEICHARD BARBOUR; ROME A. A KEITH FLEMING; CARLOS BORE and CLARK RITCHEY	T FUND; ALOISE; BA;		
13 14 15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
16 17 18	FELIPE YBARRA and CESARIO SERRATO, Individually and as representatives of a class consisting of the participants and beneficiaries of the Supplemental Income 401(K) Plan,	of STIP	CONFIDEN	ROTECTIVE
19 20	Plaintiffs,	Comr	Naint filed:	Nov. 30, 2017
21 22	VS. BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SUPPLEMENTAL INCOME TRUST FUND, et al.,	Magis		Charles F. Eick
23 24	Defendants.			
25 26				
27 28				
MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW LOS ANGELES			CO	ATED PROTECTIVE AND NFIDENTIALITY ORDER CASE NO. 8:17-CV-02091

CASE NO. 8:17-CV-02091

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GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

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This action involves claims arising under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"). This action is likely to involve commercial, financial, individually identifiable, protected, confidential, and/or proprietary information for which special protection from public disclosure, and from use for any purpose other than prosecution of this action, is warranted. In particular, discovery in this action is likely to involve the identification of a significant amount of personal financial information. Furthermore, certain documents and information exchanged in discovery may be of a particularly sensitive and confidential nature, such that public disclosure of such documents or information could cause competitive injury to the parties to this litigation or to certain third parties.

Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over the confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and to serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

STIPULATION

Plaintiffs Felipe Ybarra and Cesario Cerrato ("Plaintiffs") and Defendants the Board of Trustees of the Supplemental Income Trust Fund, Richard Barbour, Rome A. Aloise, Keith Fleming, Carlos Borba, and Clark Ritchey ("Defendants") (collectively, the "Parties"), by and through their respective counsel, and pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, hereby stipulate and agree to

the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order as follows, subject to the Definitions and other provisions contained herein.

1. **DEFINITIONS**

- a. <u>Action</u>: Ybarra, et al. v. Board of Trustees of Supplemental Income Trust Fund, et al., Civil Action No. 8:17-cv-02091 (C.D. Cal.).
- b. "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.
- c. <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."
- d. <u>Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.
- e. Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an Expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.
- f. Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, covered entity (as defined by 45 C.F.R. § 160.103), or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.
- g. <u>Party</u>: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained Experts, and counsel of record (and their support staffs).

- h. <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this Action.
- i. <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.
- 2. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created in the Action by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 3. As used in this Protective Order, the term "document" shall mean all documents, electronically stored information, and tangible things within the scope of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)(A)(ii) and 34(a)(1). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
- 4. Discrete Discovery Materials that the Producing Party reasonably believes in good faith to include personal information, trade secrets, or sensitive strategic, technical, marketing, or financial information and that the Producing Party reasonably fears would, if publicly-disclosed, cause competitive injury (to the Producing Party or third parties), may be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" by the Producing Party. The Party who so designates Discovery Materials as CONFIDENTIAL may at any time revoke that designation. No Party or third party producing documents subject to this Order will designate Discovery Materials as Confidential unless a particularized, specific assessment was made as to each document. Information that is available to the public shall not be designated CONFIDENTIAL.
- 5. A Party intending to file any Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall follow the procedures set forth in Local Rule 79-5.2.2. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Producing Party (with the consent of any relevant third-party) from filing materials, including any Expert reports,

deposition testimony, or any other Discovery Material designated by the Producing Party as CONFIDENTIAL because of its reference to CONFIDENTIAL documents or information, with the Court and without seal; such filing shall constitute a revocation by the Producing Party of the CONFIDENTIAL designation associated with such Discovery Materials.

- 6. If any Party determines during the course of this action that this Order does not sufficiently protect the confidentiality of information produced or disclosed, or that this Order should otherwise be modified, it may seek to modify this Order with the agreement of the other Parties. If such agreement cannot be obtained, any Party may seek modification of this Order by motion to the Court.
- 7. Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall not, without the consent of the Designating Party or further Order of the Court, be disclosed or made available in any way to any person other than:
 - a. attorneys actively working on this case;
 - b. persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on the case, whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
 - c. the Parties in this case;
 - d. witnesses in the course of deposition or trial testimony where counsel has a reasonable and good faith belief that examination with respect to the document is appropriate in conducting discovery or for trial purposes in this case, and any person who is being prepared to testify where counsel has a reasonable and good faith belief that such person will be a witness in this case and that his examination with respect to the document is necessary in connection with such testimony;

- e. Expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this case (and persons regularly employed or associated with the expert or consultant who are actively working on the matter), to the extent such disclosure is necessary for depositions, preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
- f. data recovery vendors, graphic consultants or outside copy services:
- g. qualified persons taking stenographic or video testimony involving such material and their necessary clerical personnel;
- h. the Court and its employees ("Court Personnel") in this case;
- i. to any state or federal governmental entity or agency; and
- j. other persons by written agreement of all the Parties or as authorized by the Court.
- 8. Prior to disclosing Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL to any person listed above (other than the individuals listed in Paragraph 7(a)-(b), (g), and (h)), counsel shall provide such person with a copy of this Protective Order and obtain from such person an on-the-record acknowledgment stating that he or she has read this Protective Order and agrees to be bound by its provisions, or a written acknowledgment (in the form attached as Exhibit A). All such acknowledgments shall be retained by counsel and shall be subject to in camera review by the Court if good cause for review is demonstrated by opposing counsel.
- 9. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit disclosure of a Document designated CONFIDENTIAL to a person identified in such Document as its author, addressee, or person who is designated on the original document to receive a copy. In addition, nothing in this Order shall prohibit disclosure of a Document designated CONFIDENTIAL to a person identified in Discovery Material as having previously received that designated Document. If Discovery Material

designated CONFIDENTIAL makes specific reference to the conduct or statement of a specific person, counsel may discuss such conduct or statement with such person, provided that no portion of the Discovery Material other than that which specifically refers to such person's conduct or statement is revealed.

- 10. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL, the portions of the deposition involving the disclosure of Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL may themselves be designated CONFIDENTIAL. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a Party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the page and line numbers being designated as CONFIDENTIAL is given to all counsel of record within thirty (30) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript.
- 11. In the event that a Non-Party or another party produces documents that a Party wishes in good faith to designate as CONFIDENTIAL, the Party wishing to make that designation must do so within thirty (30) business days of receipt, and identify the information by bates label or, where not bates labeled, by document title and page number(s) or page and line number(s). The non-designating parties shall thereafter mark the document or information in the manner requested by the Designating Party and thereafter treat the document or information in accordance with such marking. The Parties shall not make use of any document or information until the time to make a CONFIDENTIAL designation has expired.
- 12. A Party may object to the designation of particular Discovery Materials designated as CONFIDENTIAL by giving written notice to the Designating Party. If challenged, the written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the Parties cannot resolve the objection through a meet-and-confer process within ten (10) court days after the time the notice is received, the dispute shall be resolved by motion pursuant to Local Rule 37-2's

Joint Stipulation procedure, and it shall be the obligation of the Designating Party to serve on the objecting party its portion of the Joint Stipulation within (5) court days after the conclusion of that meet-and-confer process. If the Designating Party does not timely serve its portion of the Joint Stipulation, the disputed information shall not be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order. If a Joint Stipulation is timely served, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. In connection with a motion filed under this provision, the Designating Party shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

- 13. Neither the attorney-client privilege nor the work product protection is waived by inadvertent disclosure connected with this litigation. The inadvertent disclosure by a Producing Party of privileged or protected documents, information, or materials in this litigation as part of a production shall not itself constitute a waiver for any purpose. A Producing Party which seeks the return of documents under this paragraph may claw back the documents that should have been withheld on the basis of the attorney-client and/or work product protection. Upon receipt of such a request for return, the Party to whom the documents were produced must segregate the documents (and all copies thereof) and may return, sequester, or destroy them within five (5) business days, unless the Party seeks to challenge the request for return under the procedure described in Paragraph 14, below. All images of withheld privileged information and any notes or communications reflecting the content of such documents shall either be destroyed or sequestered.
- 14. The Receiving Party may, within thirty (30) business days of receiving a request for return under Paragraph 13, seek an order from the Court directing the production of the document on the ground that the claimed privilege or protection is invalid or inapplicable. However, the inadvertent production of the document in

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the course of this action shall not constitute grounds for asserting invalidity or waiver of the privilege or protection.

- Nothing in this Protective Order overrides any ethical responsibilities of any attorney to refrain from examining or disclosing materials that the attorney knows or reasonably should know to be privileged and to inform the Producing Party that such materials have been produced.
- 16. At the conclusion of this case, and any appeal, and upon written request by the Designating Party, each document and all copies thereof which have been designated as CONFIDENTIAL shall be returned to the Party or Non-Party that designated it CONFIDENTIAL, or the Receiving Party may elect to destroy the information. Where the Parties agree to return the information designated CONFIDENTIAL, the returning Party shall provide all Parties a written certification of counsel confirming that all information designated CONFIDENTIAL has been returned. Where the Parties agree to destroy information designated as CONFIDENTIAL, the destroying Party shall provide all Parties with a written certification of counsel confirming the destruction of all information designated as CONFIDENTIAL. This provision shall not preclude the Parties from maintaining for their records a secured electronic copy of any document that is designated as CONFIDENTIAL in this case.
- This Protective Order shall not be deemed or construed as a waiver of 17. any right to object to the furnishing of information in response to any discovery request. Nor shall this Protective Order be deemed or construed as a waiver of the attorney-client, work product, or any other privilege, or of the rights of any Party, person or entity to oppose the production of any documents or information on any permissible grounds. Further, this Protective Order does not limit, restrict or otherwise affect the ability of any Party to seek the production of documents, testimony or information from any source.

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18. Neither this Protective Order nor a Party's designation of particular Discovery Materials as CONFIDENTIAL affects or establishes the admissibility or waiver of any right to object to the admissibility at trial of any Discovery Materials covered by this Protective Order.

19. If any party in possession of information designated as CONFIDENTIAL is served with a subpoena, request for production of documents, or other similar legal process in another proceeding seeking production of information designated as CONFIDENTIAL, the Receiving Party shall give written notice, by electronic mail, to the undersigned counsel for the party that produced the information designated as CONFIDENTIAL, within five (5) business days of receipt of the subpoena. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Receiving Party shall not produce any of the Producing Party 's information designated as CONFIDENTIAL for a period of at least ten (10) business days after providing the required notice to the Producing Party. If, within ten (10) business days of receiving such notice, the Producing Party provides written notice to the Receiving Party that it opposes production of its information designated as CONFIDENTIAL, the Receiving Party shall not thereafter produce such information, except pursuant to a court order (or other order which subjects the party to penalties for noncompliance) requiring compliance with the subpoena, request for production, or other legal process. The Producing Party shall be solely responsible for asserting any objection to the requested production. The Receiving Party shall provide a copy of this Order to the Third-Party requesting production of information designated as CONFIDENTIAL. This Protective Order does not require the Receiving Party or anyone else covered by this Order to challenge or appeal any such order requiring production of information designated as CONFIDENTIAL covered by this Order, or to subject itself to any penalties for noncompliance with any such order, or to seek any relief from a court.

- 20. This Order applies only to pre-trial proceedings and does not apply to use at trial of Discovery Material marked as CONFIDENTIAL. If the parties have not reached agreement as to confidentiality of a listed trial exhibit, the Party that designated the Discovery Material as CONFIDENTIAL may file a motion for protective order with regard to the confidentiality of the Discovery Material at trial within ten (10) days after service of the other Party's list of trial exhibits in their pre-trial submissions. To the extent any Discovery Material designated as CONFIDENTIAL pursuant to the terms of this Order is proposed for use at trial, but was not listed as a trial exhibit prior to trial, the parties shall attempt to resolve any issues regarding such confidentiality by agreement (which, if the agreement provides the document will be treated as Confidential at trial, shall be approved by the Court) or, if no agreement can be reached, by asking the Court to address the issue prior to the introduction of the document as evidence.
- 21. The terms of this Protective Order shall survive the termination of this action, and all protections of this Protective Order shall remain in full effect in perpetuity.
- 22. The Court retains the right to allow, sua sponte or upon motion, disclosure of any subject covered by this Order or to modify this Order at any time in the interests of justice.

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MORGAN, LEWIS &
BOCKIUS LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
LOS ANGELES

1	EXHIBIT A			
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND			
3	I, [print or type full name], of			
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I			
5	have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was			
6	issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on			
7	[date] in the case of Ybarra, et al. v. Board of Trustees of Supplemental			
8	Income Trust Fund, et al., Civil Action No. 8:17-cv-02091 (C.D. Cal.). I agree to			
9	comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order			
10	and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to			
11	sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will			
12	not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated			
13	Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the			
14	provisions of this Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United			
15	States District Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of			
16	enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement			
17	proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby appoint			
8	[print or type full name] of[print or type full address and			
9	telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with			
20	this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective			
21	Order.			
22				
23	Date:			
24	City and State where sworn and signed:			
25				
26	Printed name:			
27	Signature:			
8				