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The court denies plaintiff's motion to the extent that plaintiff argues that the court erred in granting summary judgment for defendants with respect to plaintiff's Eighth Amendment claim that defendants provided inadequate medical care.

## Case 1:00-cv-06193-LJO-SMS Document 151 Filed 01/30/2006 Page 2 of 3

However, the court grants plaintiff's motion to the extent that plaintiff seeks relief from judgment on the ground that defendants did not move for summary adjudication of plaintiff's claim of excessive force in violation of the Eighth Amendment. The First Amended Complaint alleges such a claim in Paragraph 54. The court's Order filed on December 20, 2002 (doc. 84) also states that plaintiff "states a cognizable eighth amendment claim for cruel and unusual punishment and deliberate indifference to a serious medical need against defendants." Therefore, the court erred in footnote 11 of the Order Granting Motion for Summary Judgment (doc. 143) when it stated that plaintiff's contention that prolonged exposure to pepper spray constitute excessive force was not properly before the court.

Because defendants' motion for summary judgment did not address this claim, the court vacates the judgment entered on September 28, 2005. The court grants summary adjudication for defendants with respect to plaintiff's claim of deliberate indifference to a serious medical need in violation of the Eighth Amendment for the reasons stated in doc. 143. The court remands this action to the Magistrate Judge for further proceedings, including the filing by defendants of a motion for summary adjudication of plaintiff's claim of excessive force in violation of the Eighth Amendment.

## ACCORDINGLY:

 Plaintiff's Motion for Amendment and Relief from Judgment is granted in part and denied in part.

## Case 1:00-cv-06193-LJO-SMS Document 151 Filed 01/30/2006 Page 3 of 3

- 2. The judgment entered on September 28, 2005 is vacated.
- 3. Defendants are granted partial summary judgment in connection with plaintiff's claim of deliberate indifference to a serious medical need in violation of the Eighth Amendment.
- 4. This action is remanded to the Magistrate Judge for further proceedings in connection with plaintiff's claim of excessive force in violation of the Eighth Amendment.

  IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 27, 2006 /s/ Robert E. Coyle
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE