1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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4	DUHN OIL TOOL, INC.,	1:05-cv-01411 OWW GSA
5	Plaintiff/Counterclaim-	ORDER RE DEFENDANT CAMERON'S
6	Defendant,	MOTIONS IN LIMINE (DOCKET NOS. 528 and 531).
7	vs.	
8	CAMERON INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION,	
9	Defendant/Counterclaim-	
10	Plaintiff.	
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12	Pending before this Court are Defendant Cameron's Motions in	
13	Limine filed December 14, 2010 (Doc. 528 and 531). The Court	
14	having considered all the parties' respective moving and	
15	opposition papers and related documents and oral arguments, finds	
16	as follows:	
17	1. <u>Cameron's Motion in Limine No.</u>	1, Reference to the Macando
18	Prospect or Gulf of Mexico Oil	Spill.
19	Cameron's Motion in Limine No.	1 is GRANTED, and is
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21	reciprocal to both parties.	
22	2. <u>Cameron's Motion in Limine No.</u>	2, Duhn Oil's Reasons for
23	Terminating John Rogers.	
24	Cameron's Motion in Limine No.	2 is GRANTED in part and
25	DENIED in part. Duhn Oil may offer	evidence as to reasons for
26	John Rogers' termination, but limit	ed to the reasons in the
27	following documents: D096730, D0967	31, D09762 and D096736-37.
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1	3. <u>Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 3, Asserting an Advice of</u>
2	Counsel Defense Regarding Duhn Oil's Intent for Inequitable
3	Conduct.
4	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 3 is GRANTED. Duhn Oil does
5	not object.
6	4. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 4, Subsequent Remedial
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8	Measures
9	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 4 is GRANTED in part and
10	DENIED in part. Duhn Oil may offer evidence of the design changes
11	Cameron made to its mandrels, on the issue of willful
12	infringement but cannot argue that these design changes are
13	"subsequent remedial measures" within the meaning of Fed. R.
14	Evid. 407.
15	5. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 5, Financial State of Cameron
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17	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 5 is GRANTED, and is
18	reciprocal to both parties.
19	6. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 6, Reference to Motions in
20	Limine
21	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 6 is GRANTED.
22	7. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 7, Reference to Denied
23	Summary Judgment
24	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 7 is GRANTED.
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26	8. <u>Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 8, Requests for Stipulations</u>
27	and Documents
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Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 8 is GRANTED, and is reciprocal to both parties.

9. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 9, Reference to Objections 4 During the Reading of Deposition Testimony 5 Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 9 is GRANTED. If reference is 6 made to deposition testimony containing objections, the Court 7 will rule on the objection as the deposition is read. 8 10.Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 10, The Nature of Any Fact 9 10 Witness's Preparation for Trial or for Deposition Testimony 11 with that Witness's Counsel 12 Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 10 is GRANTED in part and 13 DENIED in part. Fact witnesses may be questioned regarding the 14 nature of their preparation for trial or for deposition 15 testimony, unless attorney-client privilege applies. 16 11. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 11, References to Courtroom 17 18 Attendees 19 Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 11 is GRANTED, and is 20 reciprocal to both parties. 21 12. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 12, Connections to 22 California 23 Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 12 is GRANTED in part and 24 DENIED in part. References to California, e.g., geographic 25 operations, scope of operations, where people do business, and a 26 27 witness's geographic background, are permitted if relevant and 28

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1	not used to exploit locality prejudice. No locality prejudice	
2	shall be permitted.	
3	13. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 13, Focus Groups	
4	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 13 is GRANTED.	
5	14. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 14, Failure to Call a	
6	Witness at Trial	
7 8	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 13 is DENIED without	
9	prejudice. If applicable, either party has the right to a	
10	"Failure to Produce Stronger Evidence" instruction if supported	
11	by the evidence or law.	
12	15.Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 15, Providing Legal Opinions	
13	or Misleading the Jury	
14	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 15 is DENIED without	
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16	prejudice. Legal opinions expressed by any patent expert may be	
17	admissible, subject to offer of proof. Cameron's Motion in Limine	
18	No. 15 is GRANTED as to misleading the jury.	
19	16. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 16, Settlement Discussions	
20	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 16 is GRANTED, and is	
21	reciprocal to both parties.	
22 23	17. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 17, Undisdiclosed Expert	
24	Opinion Testimony	
25	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 17 is GRANTED in part. The	
26	Court reserves ruling on Motion in Limine No. 17 as it relates to	
27	Duross O'Bryan.	
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1	18. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 18, Reference to Claims of		
2	Privilege		
3	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 18 is GRANTED.		
4	19.Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 19, Reference to Privileged		
5	Subject Matter		
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7	Judgment is reserved on this motion. Parties will approach		
8	the bench before presenting any evidence or arguments regarding		
9	John Rogers' communications with Cameron's counsel.		
10	20. Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 20, Presumption of Validity		
11	Cameron's Motion in Limine No. 20 is GRANTED in part and		
12	DENIED in part, and is reciprocal to both parties. The Court will		
13	instruct the jury on the law applicable to the case, including the presumption of validity. This does not bar reference in the		
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16	Patent Tutorial.		
17	21. Cameron's Motion in Limine to Exclude Portions of		
18	Plaintiff's Expert Stuart Levy's Proposed Testimony		
19	Cameron's Motion in Limine to Exclude Portions of		
20	Plaintiff's Expert Stuart Levy's Proposed Testimony is GRANTED in		
21	part and DENIED in part.		
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23	Cameron's motion to exclude Mr. Levy's background		
24	information suggesting that he was a PTO official responsible for		
25	deciding patent appeals, interpreting the patent laws, resolving		
26	claim construction issues, and supervising patent examiners is		
27	GRANTED in part and DENIED in part. Mr. Levy may briefly explain		
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his prior employment at the PTO; however, such testimony should be relevant, concise, and non-redundant. Mr. Levy cannot state that he made "final decisions" for the Department of Commerce or for the Executive Branch of the government.

Cameron's motion to exclude Mr. Levy's proposed testimony concerning the knowledge, skill, ability or competence of PTO examiners is GRANTED.

9 Cameron's motion to exclude Mr. Levy's proposed testimony 10 that Duhn Oil commissioned a prior art search by a professional 11 search firm based entirely on documents withheld by Duhn Oil 12 during discovery is DENIED, provided the disputed documents are 13 produced.

Cameron's motion to exclude Mr. Levy's proposed testimony regarding the "level of skill" or credibility of another expert witness is GRANTED.

Cameron's motion to exclude Mr. Levy's proposed testimony
 at p. 40, ¶ 110 of his report, concerning communication between
 Jennifer Duncan and Stuart Casillas, is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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 Dated: January 12, 2011
 /s/ Oliver W. Wanger

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 Oliver W. Wanger

 26
 United States District Judge

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