amended complaint. (Doc. 21.)

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On January 30, 2009, findings and recommendations were entered, recommending that this action proceed on plaintiff's Eighth Amendment claims in the second amended complaint, against defendants Yates and Igbanosa based on plaintiff's Valley Fever claims, and that all remaining claims be dismissed. (Doc. 22.) Plaintiff was provided an opportunity to file objections to the findings and recommendations within thirty days. To date, plaintiff has not filed objections or otherwise responded to the findings and recommendations.

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636 (b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 73-305, this court has conducted a de novo review of this case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, the court finds the findings and recommendations to be supported by the record and proper analysis. In addition to the reasons cited by the Magistrate Judge, the request for injunctive relief must be dismissed because there are no allegations that the named defendants have the power to shut down PVSP. See Zepeda v. United States I.N.S., 753 F.2d 719, 727 (9th Cir.1983) ("A federal court may issue an injunction if it has personal jurisdiction over the parties and subject matter jurisdiction over the claim; it may not attempt to determine the rights of persons not before the court."); Zenith Radio Corp. v. Hazeltine Research, Inc., 395 U.S. 100 (1969) (holding that court cannot issue any order against individuals who are not parties to a suit pending before it). There are also no allegations how Plaintiff's request for single celled housing will remedy the injury claimed in the complaint – that Defendants have exposed Plaintiff to an environment where the risk of contracting valley fever is high. See Kaimowitz v. Orlando, Fla., 122 F.3d 41, 43 (11th Cir. 1997) (finding that a "district court should not issue an injunction when the injunction in question is not of the same character, and deals with a matter lying wholly outside the issues in the suit"); Omega World Travel. Inc. v. Trans World Airlines, 111 F.3d 14, 16 (4th Cir.1997) (holding that a "moving party must establish a relationship between the injury claimed in the motion and the conduct giving rise to the complaint"); Wilson v. Baker, 2008 WL 2825275, *1 (E.D.Cal. 2008).

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1	Accordingly, THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS that:		
2		1.	The Findings and Recommendations issued by the Magistrate Judge on
3			January 30, 2009, are adopted in full;
4		2.	This action now proceeds as one for money damages on plaintiff's second
5			amended complaint, filed January 5, 2009, against defendants James Yates
6			(Warden) and F. Igbanosa (Chief Medical Dr.) for violation of plaintiff's rights
7			under the Eighth Amendment of the United States Constitution arising from
8			plaintiff's valley fever claims;
9		3.	All remaining claims are dismissed;
10		4.	Plaintiff's Eighth Amendment aspartame claim is dismissed, with prejudice,
11			for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted under section
12			1983;
13		5.	Plaintiff's claims for injunctive relief are dismissed;
14		6.	Plaintiff's request for appointment of counsel is denied, without prejudice; and
15		7.	This action is referred to the Magistrate Judge for further proceedings.
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17	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
18	Dated:	April 16.	, 2009 /s/ Anthony W. Ishii CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
19			CHIEF ONHED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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