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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
6	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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8	LON CARTER,	CASE NO. 1:07-CV-1325 AWI BAM
9	Plaintiff	
10	v.	ORDER ON DENYING MOTION
11	WARDEN NICK DAWSON, et al.,	(Doc. No. 188)
12	Defendants	(Doc. No. 188)
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15	On March 6, 2015, the Court adopted a Findings and Recommendation that inter alia	
16	recommending granting Defendants' motion for summary judgment and closing the case. See	
17	Doc. No. 182. The same day, judgment was entered and the case was closed. See Doc. No. 183.	
18	On March 16, 2015, Plaintiff filed a notice of appeal. See Doc. No. 184. The appeal was	
19	processed to the Ninth Circuit on March 25, 2015. See Doc. No. 185. The Case Number in the	
20	Ninth Circuit for Plaintiff's appeal is 15-15575. See Doc. No. 186.	
21	On April 6, 2015, Plaintiff filed a document entitled "Motion for new trial, rehearing, and	
22	reconsideration." Doc. No. 188. This motion addresses the Court's order adopting the Findings	
23	and Recommendation, as well as the analysis within the Findings and Recommendation that was	
24	adopted. See id. However, the motion also states that Plaintiff "now appeals," and "Pursuant to	
25	[Plaintiff's] issues contained in his notice of appeal, Plaintiff raises the following issue" Id.	
26	at p.2.	
27	It is not clear what Plaintiff's motion is. The language regarding "appeal," combined with	

the fact that a notice of appeal was filed prior to the filing of this motion, indicate that Plaintiff

may have mistakenly filed what he intended to be an appellate brief in this Court. Accepting the
"motion" as a misfiled appellate brief, the motion is of no effect as this Court is not the appellate
court. Moreover, a review of the Ninth Circuit docket shows that Plaintiff has submitted his
opening brief. See Ninth Circuit Docket Doc. No. 14 in Case No. 15-15575.

5 Alternatively, if Plaintiff intends his motion to be a Rule 59(e) motion, his not entitled to relief.¹ Relief under Rule 59(e) is appropriate if the district court (1) is presented with newly 6 7 discovered evidence, (2) committed clear error or the initial decision was manifestly unjust, or (3) 8 if there is an intervening change in controlling law." Dixon v. Wallowa County, 336 F.3d 1013, 9 1022 (9th Cir. 2003). This standard is a "high hurdle." Weeks v. Bayer, 246 F.3d 1231, 1236 (9th 10 Cir. 2001). Plaintiff has not shown a change in controlling law, submitted newly discovered 11 evidence, or shown that the Court committed clear error or that its decision was manifestly unjust. 12 See Dixon, 336 F.3d at 1022. Instead, Plaintiff reiterates previously rejected arguments and 13 expresses his disagreement with the Court's decisions, which is insufficient. See City of Fresno v. 14 United States, 709 F.Supp.2d 888, 916 (E.D. Cal. 2010). Thus, Plaintiff has not met his "high 15 hurdle." Weeks, 246 F.3d at 1236.

ORDER

Accordingly, pursuant to the above analysis, Plaintiff's motion entitled "Motion for new trial, rehearing, and reconsideration" (Doc. No. 188) is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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Dated: March 3, 2016

SENIOR DISTRICT JUDGE

 ¹ Assuming that Plaintiff intended to file a Rule 59 motion, his motion is timely, <u>see</u> Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e), and the fact that Plaintiff first filed a notice of appeal does not prevent this Court from ruling on the motion. <u>See Warren v.</u>
 <u>American Bankers Ins.</u>, 507 F.3d 1239, 1244-45 (10th Cir. 2007); <u>In re Rains</u>, 428 F.3d 893, 904 n.9 (9th Cir. 2005); Ross v. Marshall, 426 F.3d 745, 752 n.13 (5th Cir. 2005).