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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

RODNEY S. KOCH,

1:07-cv-001698- LJO- WMW (PC)

Plaintiff,

FIRST INFORMATIONAL ORDER

vs.

JAMES TILTON et al,

Defendants.

_____ /

Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. In litigating this action, the parties must comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (Fed. R. Civ. P.) and the Local Rules of the United States District Court, Eastern District of California (Local Rules). This order highlights specific rules of which the parties should take particular note. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE FEDERAL RULES, LOCAL RULES, OR A COURT ORDER, INCLUDING THIS ORDER, WILL BE GROUNDS FOR APPROPRIATE SANCTIONS, UP TO AND INCLUDING DISMISSAL OF THIS ACTION.

Local Rule 11-110; Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b).

1. Documents intended to be filed with the court by pro se litigants must be mailed to the Clerk of the Court. Local Rule 5-133(d)(1). All documents mailed improperly to a judge's chambers

1 will be stricken.¹ A document requesting a court order must be styled as a motion, not a letter. Fed.
2 R. Civ. P. 7.

3 2. Each document submitted for filing must include the original signature of the filing party
4 or parties. Local Rule 7-131; Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(a). All documents submitted without the required
5 signature(s) will be stricken. Each separate document must be bound separately at the top left
6 corner. Local Rule 7-130(b). If a document is bound behind another document, it will not be filed
7 and will not enter the court docket.

8 3. You are not required to send this court copies of your documents submitted for filing.
9 Local Rule 5-133(d)(2). If the filing party wishes the court to return a file-stamped copy, he or she
10 must include one copy for that purpose AND a pre-addressed postage paid envelope. The court
11 cannot provide copy or mailing service for a party, even for an indigent plaintiff proceeding in forma
12 pauperis. Copies of documents from the court file may be obtained at the cost of fifty cents per page.

13 4. After defendants have appeared in an action by filing a response to the complaint (i.e., an
14 answer, a motion to dismiss, or a motion for summary judgment), all documents filed with the court
15 must include a certificate of service stating that a copy of the document was served on the opposing
16 party. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5; Local Rule 5-135. A document submitted without the required proof of
17 service will be stricken. Where a party is represented, service on the party's attorney of record
18 constitutes effective service.

19 5. All filings must bear the file number assigned to the action, followed by the initials of the
20 District Court Judge and the Magistrate Judge to whom the case is assigned and the letters "PC."
21 Where plaintiff simultaneously pursues more than one action, he or she must file separate original
22 documents and the appropriate number of copies in each action to which the document pertains.
23 Documents submitted listing more than one case number in the caption will be stricken.

24 6. The court cannot serve as a repository for the parties' evidence (i.e., prison or medical
25 records, witness affidavits, etc.). The parties may not file evidence with the court until the course of
26 litigation brings the evidence into question (for example, on a motion for summary judgment, at trial,

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28 ¹ When a document is stricken, it becomes a nullity and is not considered by the court for any purpose.

1 or when requested by the court). Evidence improperly submitted to the court will be stricken.

2 7. The Eastern District of California converted to an electronic filing, service, and storage
3 system, effective January 3, 2005. Pro se litigants are exempt from the electronic filing requirement
4 and must submit all documents to the court in paper. Local Rule 5-133(b)(2). Paper documents
5 submitted by pro se litigants for filing will be scanned into the electronic court file by the Clerk's
6 Office. After being scanned into the electronic court file, the paper documents will be retained in the
7 Clerk's Office for a limited period of time and then discarded. Local Rule 39-138(d). For this
8 reason, pro se litigants are cautioned not to send original exhibits to the court. When it is appropriate
9 for pro se litigants to submit exhibits to the court (see paragraph 6), the litigants shall retain their
10 original exhibits and send photocopies to the court.

11 8. After an answer is filed, the court will issue an order opening discovery, and setting the
12 deadlines for completing discovery, amending the pleadings, and filing pre-trial dispositive motions.
13 No discovery may be conducted without court permission until an answer is filed and the court
14 issues the discovery order. Discovery propounded on a party is self-executing, and must be served
15 directly on the party from whom discovery is sought; parties should not file copies of their discovery
16 with the court. Local Rules 33-250, 34-250, 36-250. Discovery documents inappropriately
17 submitted to the court will be stricken. Where the response to discovery is unsatisfactory, the party
18 seeking discovery may file a motion to compel discovery, including a copy of the discovery
19 propounded and the response thereto. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37. A motion to compel must be accompanied
20 by "a certification that the movant has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with the party
21 not making the disclosure in an effort to secure the disclosure without court action." Fed. R. Civ. P.
22 37(a)(2)(A). A discovery motion that does not comply with all applicable rules will be stricken and
23 may result in imposition of sanctions.

24 9. Because plaintiff is incarcerated and proceeds pro se, all pre-trial motions will be
25 submitted without a hearing. Local Rule 78-230(m). The parties are referred to Local Rule 78-
26 230(m) for the briefing schedule on motions.

27 10. All court deadlines will be strictly enforced. Requests for time extensions must state the
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1 reason the extension is needed and must be filed with the court before the deadline in question.

2 Local Rule 6-144.

3 11. A pro se plaintiff has an affirmative duty to keep the court and opposing parties apprised
4 of his or her address. Local Rule 83-182(f). If a plaintiff moves and fails to file a notice of change
5 of address, service of court orders at plaintiff's prior address shall constitute effective notice. Id. If
6 mail directed to plaintiff is returned by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable, the court will not
7 attempt to re-mail it. If the address is not updated within sixty days of the mail being returned, the
8 action will be dismissed for failure to prosecute. Local Rule 83-183(b).

9 12. The court is required to screen complaints brought by prisoners seeking relief against a
10 governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity. 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). The
11 court must dismiss a complaint or portion thereof if the prisoner has raised claims that are legally
12 "frivolous or malicious," that fail to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or that seek
13 monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1),(2).
14 The court will direct the United States Marshal to serve plaintiff's complaint only after the court has
15 screened the complaint and determined that it contains cognizable claims for relief against the named
16 defendants. The court has a large number of prisoner civil rights cases pending before it and will
17 screen plaintiff's complaint in due course.

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19 IT IS SO ORDERED.

20 **Dated: December 4, 2007**

/s/ William M. Wunderlich
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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