John Ray Dynes ("Plaintiff") is a prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis with this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff filed the complaint commencing this action on January 28, 2008. (Doc. 1.) The case proceeded to jury trial on April 14, 2010, and judgment for defendants was entered on April 15, 2010. (Doc. 127.) Plaintiff filed a notice of appeal to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals on April 19, 2010. (Doc. 131.) Plaintiff's motion for the court to provide him trial transcripts at government expense, filed April 21, 2010, is now before the court. (Doc. 133.)

A litigant who has been granted in forma pauperis status may move to have transcripts produced at government expense. See 28 U.S.C. § 753(f); McKinney v. Anderson, 924 F.2d 1500, 1511-12 (9th Cir.1991) (subsequent history omitted). Two statutes must be considered whenever the district court receives a request to prepare transcripts at the government's expense.

Doc. 136

First, 28 U.S.C. § 1915(c) defines the limited circumstances under which the court can direct 1 2 payment the government to pay for transcripts for a litigant proceeding in forma pauperis. 3 (c) Upon the filing of an affidavit in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) and the prepayment of any partial filing fee as may be required under subsection (b), 4 the court may direct payment by the United States of the expenses of (1) printing 5 the record on appeal in any civil or criminal case, if such printing is required by the appellate court; (2) preparing a transcript of proceedings before a United States magistrate judge in any civil or criminal case, if such transcript is required 6 by the district court, in the case of proceedings conducted under section 636(b) of 7 this title or under section 3401(b) of title 18, United States Code; and (3) printing the record on appeal if such printing is required by the appellate court, in the case of proceedings conducted pursuant to section 636(c) of this title. Such expenses 8 shall be paid when authorized by the Director of the Administrative Office of the 9 United States Courts. 10 28 U.S.C. § 1915(c). Second, 28 U.S.C. § 753(f) allows the court to order the government to pay for transcripts 11 12 only if "the trial judge or a circuit judge certifies that the suit or appeal is not frivolous and that 13 the transcript is needed to decide the issue presented by the suit or appeal." 28 U.S.C. § 753(f). A request for a transcript at government expense should not be granted unless the appeal presents 14 a substantial question. Henderson v. United States, 734 F.2d 483, 484 (9th Cir. 1984). Based on 15 16 Plaintiff's notice of appeal, the Court finds that the appeal does not present a substantial question 17 and the request for a transcript at government expense is therefore denied. Plaintiff may renew his request for a transcript at government expense with the appellate court by filing a motion in 18 19 that court if he wishes. 20 In addition, Plaintiff is notified that the appellate court has access to the court's file in this 21 case, and will request any necessary documents that are in the record directly from this court. 22 Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff's motion for trial transcripts at government expense is 23 HEREBY DENIED. 24 25 IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: **April 28, 2010** /s/ Gary S. Austin 26 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE 27

28