1 Mark F. Anderson (SBN 44787) Kemnitzer, Anderson, Barron, Ogilvie & Barron LLP 445 Bush Street, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor 2 San Francisco, CA 94108 3 Phone: 415.623.3784, ext 101 Fax: 415.861.3151 4 Email: mark@kabolaw.com 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 7 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 8 KENNETH L. WITT, Case No. 1:08-CV-00553 LJO DLB 9 Plaintiff, STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER 10 v. 11 EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, 12 INC., et al, 13 Defendants. 14 1. **PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS** 15 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of 16 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public 17 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. 18 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated 19 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on 20 all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the 21 limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as 22 confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this 23 Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; 24 Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards 25 that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal. 26 2. **DEFINITIONS** 27 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, 28 LAI-2964304v1

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witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party's and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party's. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

2.13 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

### 3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

# 4. **DURATION**

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

### 5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to

unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions as may be requested per section 6, *infra*.

If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) <u>for information in documentary form</u> (apart from transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on each page of a document [the top, bottom or where there is available space] that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL or "HIGHLY

information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions.

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as "Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. If any Party decides that a challenge to a

  Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary, it must make that challenge within fourteen days after the original designation is disclosed.
- 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer.</u> A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.
- 6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable).

# 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles.</u> A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is

Expert has provided any professional services during the preceding five years.

- (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the preceding paragraph may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert unless, within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based.
- (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the Designating Party (including a reasonable attempt at direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert may file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so..

# 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax ore-mail if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or

encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

## 9. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

### 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

#### 11. FINAL DISPOSITION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney

1	work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that		
2	contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in		
3	Section 4 (DURATION), above.		
4	12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>		
5	12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u> . Nothing in this Order abridges the right	of any	
6	person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.		
7	12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u> . By stipulating to the entry of the	nis	
8	Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosi	ng or	
9	producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective		
10	Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of		
11	the material covered by this Protective Order.		
12	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.		
13	Dated: February 13, 2009. KEMNITZER, ANDERSON, BARRO OGILVIE and BREWER LLP	ON,	
14	OOIL VIE and BREWER ELI		
15	By: /s/ Mark F. Anderson		
16	Mark Anderson Attorney for Plaintiff Kenneth L. Wit	t	
17	Dated: February 13, 2009.  JONES DAY	•	
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19	By:_/s/ Angela M. Taylor		
20	Angela M. Taylor Attorney for Defendant EXPERIAN		
21	INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC.		
22	Dated: February 13, 2009. SPENCER FANE BRITT & BROWN	NE LLP	
23 24			
25	By: /s/ <u>Leslie A. Greathouse</u>		
26	Leslie A. Greathouse Attorney for Defendant REAL TIME		
27	RESOLUTIONS, INC.		
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1	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED and IT IS FURTHER		
2	ORDERED that, since this matter is pending in the U.S. District Court for the E.D. CA, parties		
3	seeking to file documents under seal must comply with CA E.D. Local Rule 39-141, rather than		
4	CA N.D. Local Rule 79.5.		
5			
6	Data I. Falama ma 17, 2000		
7	Dated: February 17, 2009		
8	United States Magistrate Judge		
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	12 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER IN WITT V EXPERIAN		

# 1 **EXHIBIT A** 2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND 3 I, \_\_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of 4 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read 5 in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States 6 District Court for the Eastern District of California on [date] in the case of Witt v Experian, et al.. 7 I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I 8 9 understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and 10 punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner 11 any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity 12 except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. 13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for 14 the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated 15 16 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. 17 I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of 18 [print or type full address and telephone 19 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any 20 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order. 21 22 City and State where sworn and signed: 23 24 Printed name: [printed name] 25 Signature: 26 [signature] 27 28 13