(PC) Dodds v. Lascano et al		
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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
	JAYMAR DODDS,	CASE NO. 1:09-cv-00656-AWI DLB PC
10	Plaintiff,	ORDER REQUIRING PLAINTIFF TO SHOW CAUSE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS WHY DEFENDANT E. LASCANO SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO EFFECT SERVICE
11	V.	
12	E. LASCANO, et al.,	
13	Defendants.	(Doc. 16)
14		(2 30: = 3)
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16	Plaintiff Jaymar Dodds ("Plaintiff") is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma	
17	pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This action is proceeding on	
18	Plaintiff's complaint, filed April 13, 2009. (Doc. 1.) On November 13, 2009, the Court issued an	
19	order directing the United States Marshal to initiate service of process on three defendants. (Doc.	
20	14.) The Marshal was unable to locate and serve Defendant E. Lascano and on February 1, 2010 the	
21	Marshal returned the USM-285 form to the Court. (Doc. 16.)	
22	Pursuant to Rule 4(m),	
23	If a defendant is not served within 120 days after the complaint is filed, the court on motion or on its own after notice to the plaintiff - must dismiss the action without prejudice against that defendant or order that service be made within a specified time. But if the plaintiff shows good cause for the failure, the court must extend the time for service for an appropriate period.	
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26	Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m).	
27	In cases involving a plaintiff proceeding in forma pauperis, the Marshal, upon order of the	
28	Court, shall serve the summons and the complaint. Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(c)(2). "[A]n incarcerated pro	
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		Docket

Doc. 17

se plaintiff proceeding in forma pauperis is entitled to rely on the U.S. Marshal for service of the 2 summons and complaint and ... should not be penalized by having his action dismissed for failure to effect service where the U.S. Marshal or the court clerk has failed to perform his duties." Walker 3 v. Sumner, 14 F.3d 1415, 1422 (9th Cir. 1994) (quoting Puett v. Blandford, 912 F.2d 270, 275 (9th Cir. 1990)), abrogated on other grounds by Sandin v. Connor, 515 U.S. 472 (1995). "So long as the 5 prisoner has furnished the information necessary to identify the defendant, the marshal's failure to 6 effect service is 'automatically good cause " Walker, 14 F.3d at 1422 (quoting Sellers v. United 7 States, 902 F.2d 598, 603 (7th Cir.1990)). However, where a pro se plaintiff fails to provide the Marshal with accurate and sufficient information to effect service of the summons and complaint, the Court's sua sponte dismissal of the unserved defendants is appropriate. Walker, 14 F.3d at 1421-10 11 22.

In this instance, the address provided by Plaintiff for Defendant E. Lascano is no longer accurate, as Defendant E. Lascano is no longer employed at the facility, Kern Valley State Prison. (Doc. 24.) If Plaintiff is unable to provide the Marshal with a current address at which Defendant E. Lascano can be located, the defendant shall be dismissed from the action, without prejudice. Pursuant to Rule 4(m), the Court will provide Plaintiff with the opportunity to show cause why Defendant E. Lascano should not be dismissed from the action at this time.

Accordingly, based on the foregoing, it is HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Within **thirty (30) days** from the date of service of this order, Plaintiff shall show cause why Defendants E. Lascano should not be dismissed from this action; and
- 2. The failure to respond to this order or the failure to show cause will result in a recommendation that Defendant E. Lascano be dismissed from this action.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 29, 2010 /s/ Dennis L. Beck
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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