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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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11	KNOWLEDGE HARDY,	CASE NO. CV F 09-935 LJO SMS	
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER ON DEFENDANTS' MOTIONS TO DISMISS (Docs. 42, 46)	
13	VS.		
14	INDYMAC Federal Bank, et al.,		
15	Defendants.		
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17	7 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>		
18	Defendant Mortgage Electronic Registration System, Inc. ("MERS") moved for an entry of		
19	dismissal of plaintiff Knowledge Hardy's ("Mr. Hardy's ") claims against it for failure to obey this		
20	Court's order to file an amended complaint, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b). Defendants Americas		
21	Best Home Loans ("AMHL") and Joe Gardella ("Mr. Gardella") (collectively "Americas Best") also		
22	moved to dismiss Mr. Hardy's claims for failure to file an amended complaint. Mr. Hardy filed no		
23	opposition to these motions. For failure to obey this Court's order to file a second amended complaint		
24	no later than October 5, 2009, this Court GRANTS defendants' motions to dismiss and DISMISSES		
25	defendants MERS, Americas Best, and Mr. Gardella from this action with prejudice. In addition, this		
26	Court ORDERS Mr. Hardy to SHOW CAUSE, no later than November 17, 2009, why this Court should		
27	not dismiss this action in its entirety for failure to obey this Court's September 15, 2009 order.		
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1	BACKGROUND ¹		
2	Mr. Hardy's claims arise from his refinance of a loan secured by real property commonly known		
3	as 3304 Cardinal Flower Way in Modesto, California. On July 24, 2009, Mr. Hardy filed an FAC to		
4	allege ten causes of action against defendants MERS, ABHL, and Mr. Gardella, and defendants		
5	INDYMAC Federal Bank, Sterns Lending, Inc., and Quality Loan Service Corp. Mr. Hardy alleged the		
6	following causes of action against MERS and Americas Best:		
7 8 9	 Negligence (against all defendants) Violation of Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. §2605 ("RESPA") (against Americas Best); Fraud (against all defendants) Violation of California Business and Professions Code §17200 (against all defendants); Breach of Contract (against Mr. Gardella) 		
10 11	9. Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing (against all defendants)		
11	In July 2009, MERS moved to dismiss Mr. Hardy's third, sixth, seventh, and ninth causes of		
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13 14	causes of action and to strike language in the complaint that refers to Mr. Hardy's prayer for recovery		
14	of attorneys' fees and punitive damages. Mr. Hardy opposed the motions to dismiss. MERS and		
15 16	America's Best replied. In a September 15, 2009 order, this Court denied in part Americas Best's		
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10 19	Americas Best's motion to strike; granted MERS' motion to dismiss and dismissed Mr. Hardy's third, sixth, seventh, and ninth causes of action as to MERS. In addition, this Court granted Mr. Hardy leave		
	to amend and ordered Mr. Hardy, no later than October 5, 2009, to file a second amended complaint.		
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21	Order on Defendants' Motions to Dismiss and Strike ("September 15 Order"), p. 13 (Doc. 41). Mr.		
22	Hardy failed to file an amended complaint.		
23	Thereafter, on October 23, 2009, MERS moved to dismiss Mr. Hardy's action pursuant to Fed.		
24	R. Civ. P. 41(b). America's Best moved to dismiss on November 4, 2009. Mr. Hardy filed no		
25	opposition. This Court finds these motions suitable for a decisions without a hearing, VACATES the		
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27 28	¹ The facts from the complaint are taken as true. <i>Balisteri v. Pacifica Police Dept.</i> , 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1990).		
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DISCUSSION

Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b) Standards

MERS and Americas Best moved to dismiss this action with prejudice pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b), which provides: "If the plaintiff fails to prosecute...or comply with a court order, a defendant may move to dismiss the action or any claim against it. Unless the dismissal order states otherwise, a dismissal under this subdivision (b)...operates as an adjudication on the merits." When a plaintiff fails to amend his complaint after the Court dismisses the complaint with leave to amend, this Court may dismiss the action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b) for failure to obey a court order. *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260 (9th Cir. 1992); *Yourish v. California Amplifier*, 191 F.3d 989 (9th Cir. 1999).

When dismissing an action as a sanction, this Court must consider five factors: "(1) the public's
interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket' (3) the risk of
prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5)
the availability of less drastic alternatives." *Hernandez v. City of El Monte*, 138 F.3d 393, 399 (9th Cir.
1998). This Court may dismiss an action as a sanction "where at least four factors support dismissal,...or
where at least three factors 'strongly' support dismissal." *Id*. This Court considers each of these five
factors below.

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Public's Interest in Expeditious Resolution of Litigation

18 The first factor strongly favors dismissal of this action. The "public's interest in expeditious 19 resolution of litigation always favors dismissal." Yourish, 191 F.3d at 190. All parties in this action have 20 acted in the public's interest to expedite the resolution of this litigation, with the exception of Mr. Hardy. 21 In this Court's September 15 Order, this Court allowed Mr. Hardy 20 days in which to prepare and file 22 his second amended complaint. Not only did Mr. Hardy miss the October 5, 2009 deadline, he continues 23 to fail to file an amended complaint and failed to oppose the motions to dismiss his claims against 24 Defendants. The failure to amend his complaint has caused undue delay in this action. Moreover, Mr. 25 Hardy has provided no excuse to his inaction and has shown no intention to take steps to resolve this 26 action in the future. See Moneymaker v. CoBen, 31 F.3d 1447, 1452 (9th Cir. 1994). Thus, Mr. Hardy's 27 actions not only disobey this Court's order, they contradict the public's interest in an expeditious 28 resolution of litigation. Accordingly, this factor strongly favors dismissal of this action.

Court's Need to Manage its Docket

2 The Court's need to manage its docket strongly favors dismissal. The Eastern District of 3 California has the highest weighted filings per judgeship in the United States of America. *Responding* to the Growing Need for Federal Judgeships: The Federal Judgeship Act of 2009: Hearing Before the 4 5 United States Senate Committee on the Judiciary, 111th Congr. (September 22, 2009) (statement of The Hon. Lawrence J. O'Neill, United States District Court Judge). As a result, this Court must manage its 6 7 docket efficiently, expeditiously, and judiciously. Mr. Hardy was notified through service of this Court's 8 September 15 Order that he had 20 days in which to file a second amended complaint. Mr. Hardy's 9 failure to amend his complaint, and failure to oppose these motions, caused this litigation to "come to a complete halt" allowing Mr. Hardy "to control the pace of the docket rather than the court." Yourish, 10 191 F.3d at 990. Mr. Hardy's actions have interfered with this Court's need to manage its docket, and 11 12 strongly favor dismissal of this action.

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Risk of Prejudice to Defendants

This third factor strongly favors dismissal. When considering the risk of prejudice to 14 15 Defendants, this Court considers Mr. Hardy's reason for failing to comply with this Court's order to file 16 an amended complaint. Yourish, 191. F.3d at 991. Here, Mr. Hardy fails to show good cause, or any 17 cause, for his failure to file an amended complaint. If Mr. Hardy intended to abandon his claims, Mr. 18 Hardy should have so indicated to the Court. Instead, Mr. Hardy's inexcusable actions forced 19 Defendants to raise these motions, causing Defendants, and this Court, to waste precious resources. 20 Although this Court dismissed some of Mr. Hardy's claims through Defendants' Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6) motions, this Court granted Mr. Hardy leave to amend and further denied Defendants' motions to 21 22 dismiss on some of Mr. Hardy's claims. Thus, Defendants continue to defend themselves against Mr. 23 Hardy's claims while Mr. Hardy takes no action to prosecute his claims or to comply with Court orders. 24 Allowing Mr. Hardy to continue this action without a demonstration of good cause why he has failed 25 to obey this Court's order is prejudicial to Defendants.

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Policy Favoring Disposition of Cases on the Merits

The policy favoring disposition of a case on its merits favors resolution of this matter. Mr.
Hardy, however, has failed to advance an argument that he would take steps to resolve this action

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1 through disposition. Accordingly, this factor is neutral.

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2	Availability of Less Drastic Sanctions		
3	Dismissal of an action is a drastic sanction, however, Mr. Hardy's actions-failure to obey this		
4	Court's order, failure to file an amended complaint, and failure to oppose these motions to		
5	dismiss-demonstrate that no less drastic sanctions are available. This Court could allow Mr. Hardy to		
6	replead his action as a less drastic sanction, but Mr. Hardy has not requested a lesser sanction and has		
7	not indicated that he would replead this action if given the chance. Accordingly, this factor is not fatal		
8	to Defendants' motions for entry of dismissal.		
9	Conclusion		
10	Because three factors strongly favor dismissal of this action, this Court finds dismissal of		
11	Defendants from this action is an appropriate sanction for Mr. Hardy's failure to obey this Court's		
12	September 15 Order to file an amended complaint.		
13	CONCLUSION AND ORDER		
14	For the foregoing reasons, this Court:		
15	1. VACATES the November 23, 2009 motion hearings;		
16	2. DISMISSES with prejudice defendants Mortgage Electronic Registration System, Inc.,		
17	Americas Best Home Loans, and Joe Gardella;		
18	3. DIRECTS the clerk of court to terminate defendants Mortgage Electronic Registration		
19	System, Inc., Americas Best Home Loans, and Joe Gardella from this action; and		
20	4. ORDERS Mr. Hardy TO SHOW CAUSE, <u>no later than November 17, 2009</u> , why		
21	this Court should not dismiss the remaining defendants INDYMAC Federal Bank,		
22	Sterns Lending, Inc., and Quality Loan Service Corporation from this action.		
23	Failure to comply with this Court's order shall result in dismissal of this action in		
24	its entirety with prejudice.		
25	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
26	Dated: November 10, 2009 /s/ Lawrence J. O'Neill UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		
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