(PC) Green v. David et al		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6	IINITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
7	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
8	EASTERN DISTRIC	OF CALIFORNIA
9	VENCIL C. GREEN,	CASE NO. 1:09-cv-01747-AWI-GBC (PC)
10	Plaintiff,	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS RECOMMENDING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION
11	v.	FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION BE
12	B. S. DAVID, et al.,	DENIED
13	Defendants.	Doc. 47
14		OBJECTIONS DUE WITHIN 15 DAYS
15	O O 4 1 5 2000 PL: 4'00Y - '1 C 6	((D1 : (:CO))
16	On October 5, 2009, Plaintiff Vencil C. Green ("Plaintiff"), a state prisoner proceeding pro	
17	se and in forma pauperis, filed this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On February 27,	
18	2012, Plaintiff filed a motion for preliminary injunction against prison officials at Corcoran State	
19	Prison regarding the law library.	
20	"A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on	
21	the merits, that he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the	
22	balance of equities tips in his favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest." Winter v. Natural	
23	Resources Defense Council, Inc., 129 S. Ct. 365, 374 (2008). The purpose of preliminary injunctive	
24	relief is to preserve the status quo or to prevent irreparable injury pending the resolution of the	
25	underlying claim. Sierra On-line, Inc. v. Phoenix Software, Inc., 739 F.2d 1415, 1422 (9th Cir.	
26	1984).	
27	Federal courts are courts of limited jurisdiction, and as a preliminary matter, the court must	
28	have before it an actual case or controversy. City of L.A. v. Lyons, 461 U.S. 95, 102, (1983); Valley	
20	Page 1 of 2	
	Docket	

Doc. 49

Forge Christian Coll. v. Ams. United for Separation of Church and State, Inc., 454 U.S. 464, 47 2 (1982). If the court does not have an actual case or controversy before it, it has no power to hear the 3 matter in question. Lyons, 461 U.S. at 102. Thus, "[a] federal court may issue an injunction [only] if it has personal jurisdiction over the parties and subject matter jurisdiction over the claim; it may 5 not attempt to determine the rights of persons not before the court." Zepeda v. United States Immigration Serv., 753 F.2d 719, 727 (9th Cir. 1985). 6 7 The pendency of this action does not give the Court jurisdiction over prison officials in 8 general or the law library at Corcoran. Summers v. Earth Island Institute, 555 U.S. 488, 491-93 (2009); Mayfield v. United States, 599 F.3d 964, 969 (9th Cir. 2010). The Court's jurisdiction is 10 llimited to the parties in this action and to the viable legal claims upon which this action is proceeding. Summers, 555 U.S. at 491-93; Mayfield, 599 F.3d at 969. Therefore, the Court lacks 11 jurisdiction over prison officials at Corcoran State Prison regarding the law library. 12 13 Accordingly, it is HEREBY RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff's motion for preliminary 14 injunction, filed February 27, 2012, should be DENIED. 15 These Findings and Recommendations will be submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within fifteen (15) days after being served with these Findings and Recommendations, the parties may file written objections with the Court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and 18 19 Recommendations." The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153, 1156-57 20

22 IT IS SO ORDERED.

(9th Cir. 1991).

Dated: April 17, 2012

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

25

21

23

24

26

27

28