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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
7 8	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
° 9	JESSE E. BEJARAN, JR.,	1:09-cv-01837-AWI-DLB (HC)	
10	Petitioner,	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION	
11	V.	REGARDING PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS	
12		[Doc. 1]	
13	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION,		
14	Respondent.		
15	/		
16	Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding	pro se with a petition for writ of habeas corpus	
17	pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254.		
18	Petitioner filed the instant petition for writ of habeas corpus on October 20, 2009. (Doc.		
19 20	1.) Petitioner raises the following claims for relief: (1) the Department of Corrections fails to honor his debriefing process from his prior gang validation status and he should be housed as a		
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21	drop-out with safety protection; (2) he is being detained in the Security Housing Unit on a new		
23	commitment for an unfixed term based on a discharged prison commitment; (3) his due process		
24	rights were violated during the re-validation process; and (4) there was insufficient evidence to		
25	validate him as active prison gang member.		
26	DISCUSSION		
27	Rule 4 of the Rules Governing § 2254 Cases requires the Court to make a preliminary review of each petition for writ of habeas corpus. The Court must dismiss a petition "[i]f it plain"		
28	review of each petition for writ of hadeas corpu	as. The Court must dismiss a petition [1]1 it plainly	

appears from the face of the petition . . . that the petitioner is not entitled to relief." Rule 4 of the 1 2 Rules Governing 2254 Cases; see also Hendricks v. Vasquez, 908 F.2d 490 (9th Cir.1990). A federal court may only grant a petition for writ of habeas corpus if the petitioner can show that "he 3 is in custody in violation of the Constitution " 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a). A habeas corpus petition 4 5 is the correct method for a prisoner to challenge the "legality or duration" of his confinement. Badea v. Cox, 931 F.2d 573, 574 (9th Cir. 1991), quoting, Preiser v. Rodriguez, 411 U.S. 475, 6 7 485 (1973); Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 1 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. In 8 contrast, a civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 is the proper method for a prisoner to 9 challenge the conditions of that confinement. McCarthy v. Bronson, 500 U.S. 136, 141-42 10 (1991); Preiser, 411 U.S. at 499; Badea, 931 F.2d at 574; Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 1 of 11 the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases.

In this case, Petitioner is challenging his placement and prison-gang validation process and requests relief in the expungement of the gang affiliation and placement in the Security Housing Unit. Petitioner is challenging the conditions of his confinement, not the fact or duration of that confinement. Thus, Petitioner is not entitled to habeas corpus relief, and this petition must be dismissed. Should Petitioner wish to pursue his claims, Petitioner must do so by way of a civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

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RECOMMENDATION

Accordingly, the Court RECOMMENDS that the petition for writ of habeas corpus be DISMISSED because the petition does not allege grounds that would entitle Petitioner to habeas corpus relief.

This Findings and Recommendation is submitted to the assigned United States District Court Judge, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. section 636 (b)(1)(B) and Rule 72-304 of the Local Rules of Practice for the United States District Court, Eastern District of California. Within thirty (30) days after being served with a copy, any party may file written objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendation." Replies to the objections shall be served and filed within ten (10) <u>court</u> days (plus three days if served by mail) after service of the objections. The Court

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1	will then review the Magistrate Judge's ruling pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 (b)(1)(C). The parties		
2	are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the		
3	District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).		
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6	IT IS SO	ORDERED.	
7	Dated:	October 27, 2009	/s/ Dennis L. Beck UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
8			UNITED STATES MADISTRATE JUDGE
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